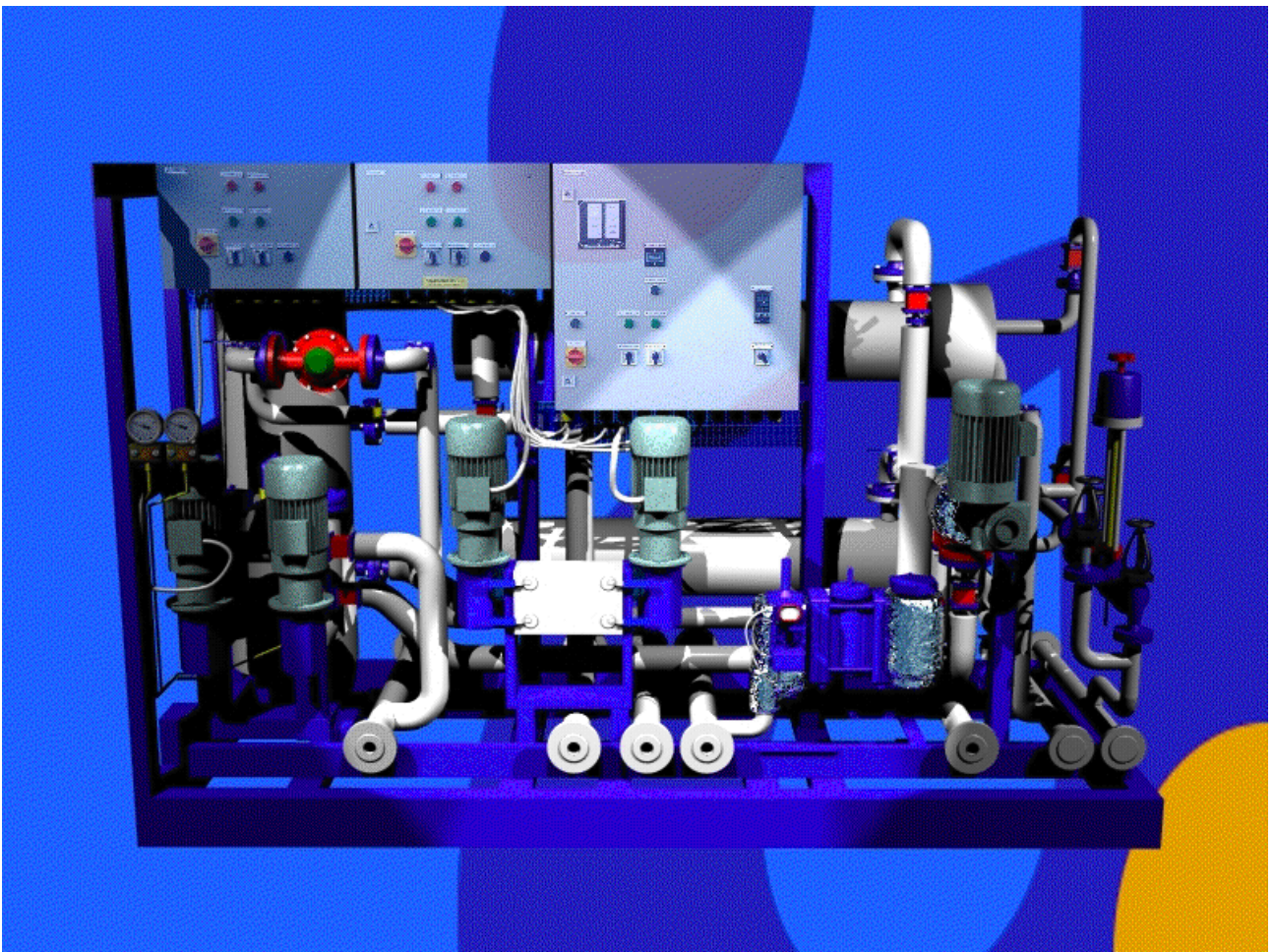


BOOSTER UNIT AMB-M-07-SS H2433



Auramarine serial number 7568

Section	Document id	Revision
1. Data sheet General arrangement	DS7564A 407547	A
2. P&I diagram Part list	306649A PL306649D SPARES 7564	A D
3. Electric drawings Part list	407590C PL407590B	C B
4. Factory certificate	FC7564	
6. Instruction manual	IM7564	

INDEX

- 1 Data sheet, general arrangement
- 2 P&I diagram, part list
- 3 Electric drawings, part list
- 4 Factory certificate
- 6 Instruction manual

SECTION 1

1 Data sheet, General arrangement

Heavy Fuel Oil Feeder Booster Unit

Technical Specification

Type:	Feeder Booster AMB-M-07-SS
Manuf. No.:	7564, 7566, 7568
Manufacturer:	Auramarine Ltd
Site:	Shanghai Jiangnan Changxing Heavy Ind. Co., Ltd. 5100 TEU Container vessel Hull No.: 2431, H2432, H2433
Customer:	Hua Hai Equip. & Eng. Co. Ltd

1. Design Basis

Engine type:	4 x Daihatsu 6DK-28
Total power max.:	4 x 1900 kW
HFO viscosity max.:	600 cSt / 50 °C
Main voltage:	440 V / 60 Hz
Control voltage:	230 VAC
Fuel consumption max.:	1.56 m ³ /h
Viscosity set point min.:	12 cSt
Injection temperature max.:	151 °C
Working / test pressure:	10 / 15 bar
HFO day tank temp.:	85 °C
Pressurized air:	5-10 bar

2. Technical data

Feeder pump capacity	2.7 m ³ /h, 4 bar, 75 cSt
Electric motor	3.6 kW, 3500 r/min
Booster pump capacity	5.7 m ³ /h, 4/10 bar, 16 cSt
Electric motor	4.5 kW, 3500 r/min
MDO pump capacity	1.3 m ³ /h, 7 bar, 7 cSt
Electric motor	1.3 kW, 3500 r/min
Preheaters	2*100 % steam heaters of tube type Max. power 75 kW, based on steam temperature / pressure 164°C/7 bar. Steam consumption 135 kg/h.
Certificate	GL

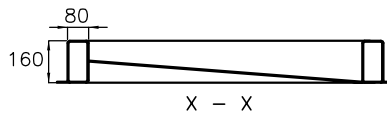
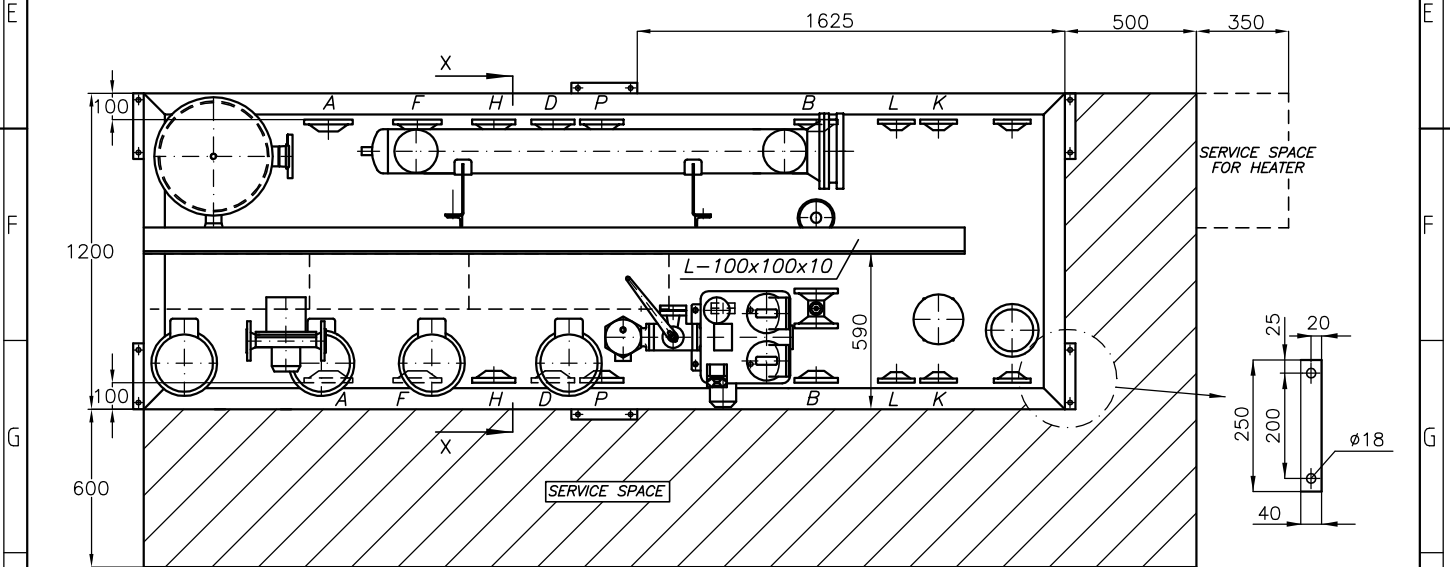
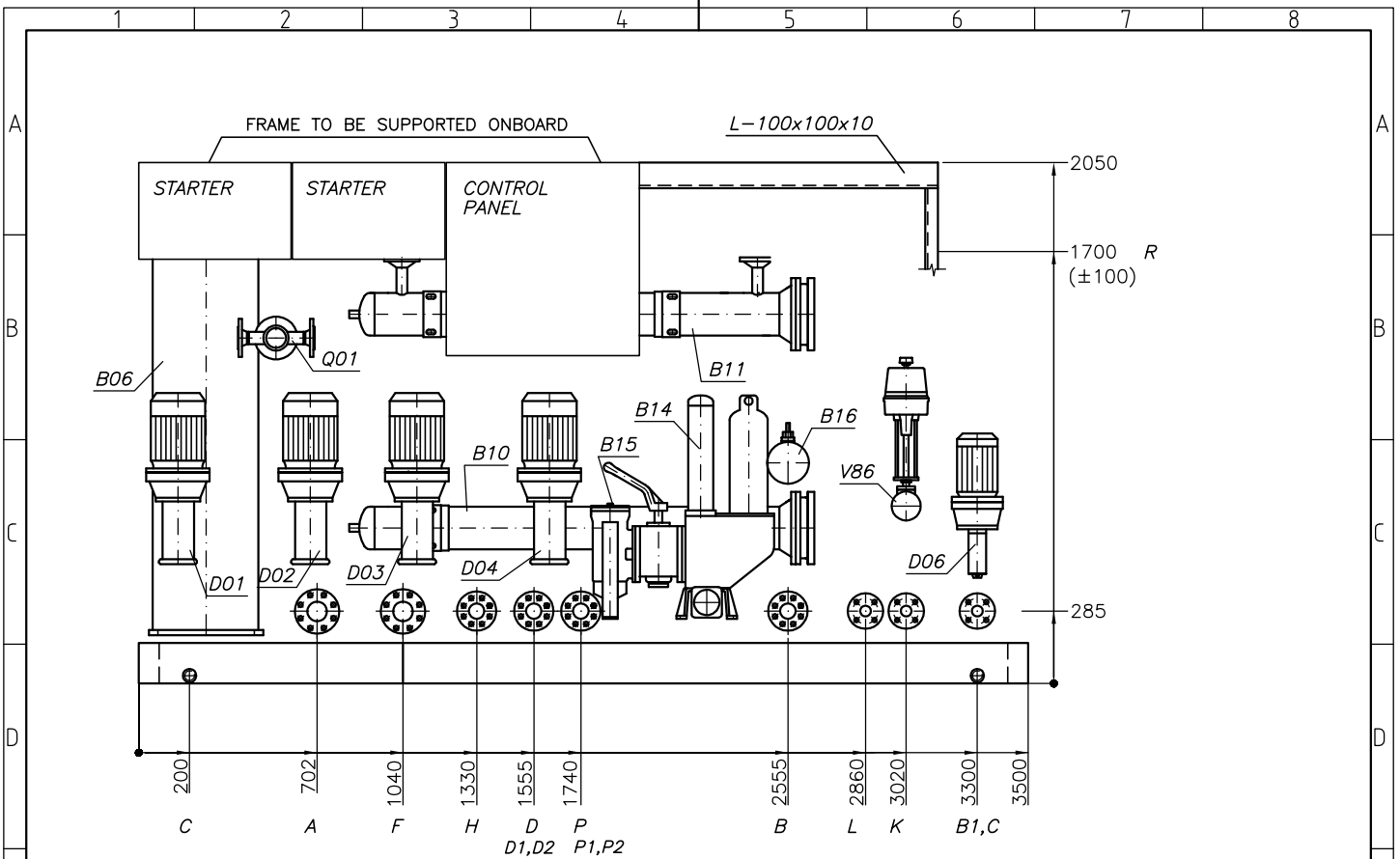
AURAMARINE LTD

Street address:
Kukkosenapaja 1
FIN-20660 LITTOINEN
FINLAND
Internet: www.auramarine.fi

Postal address:
P.O.BOX 849
FIN-20101 TURKU
FINLAND

Tel + 358 204 86 5030
Fax + 358 204 86 5031
Telex 62595 AUMA FI

Reg. office: Lieto
Trade reg. no: 402.012
ALV rek/ VAT reg: FI06846963



DIMENSION TOLERANCES FOR LOCATION OF PIPE CONNECTIONS $\pm 10\text{mm}$

PIPE CONNECTION FLANGES: JIS B 2210, 16KJ

FASTENING OF FRAME BY WELDING ONTO THE FOUNDATION.

Weight $\sim 2050\text{kg}$
 Manuf. No.: 7564,7566,7568,9344,9346

A	DN65	HFO INLET
B	DN50	FUEL OIL TO ENGINE
B1	DN32	MDO OUTLET
C	R2"	DRAIN FROM UNIT
D	DN50	DEAERATION LINE
F	DN65	MDO INLET
H	DN50	F.O. RETURN FROM ENGINE
K	DN32	STEAM INLET
L	DN32	CONDENSATE OUTLET
P	DN50	SLUDGE FROM AUTOM. FILTER
R	$\phi 10\text{mm}$	INSTRUMENT AIR INLET
D1,D2	$\phi 10\text{mm}$	TRACING OF DEAER.LINE
P1,P2	$\phi 10\text{mm}$	TRACING OF SLUDGE LINE

REV. DATE MADE APPVD. EXPLANATION

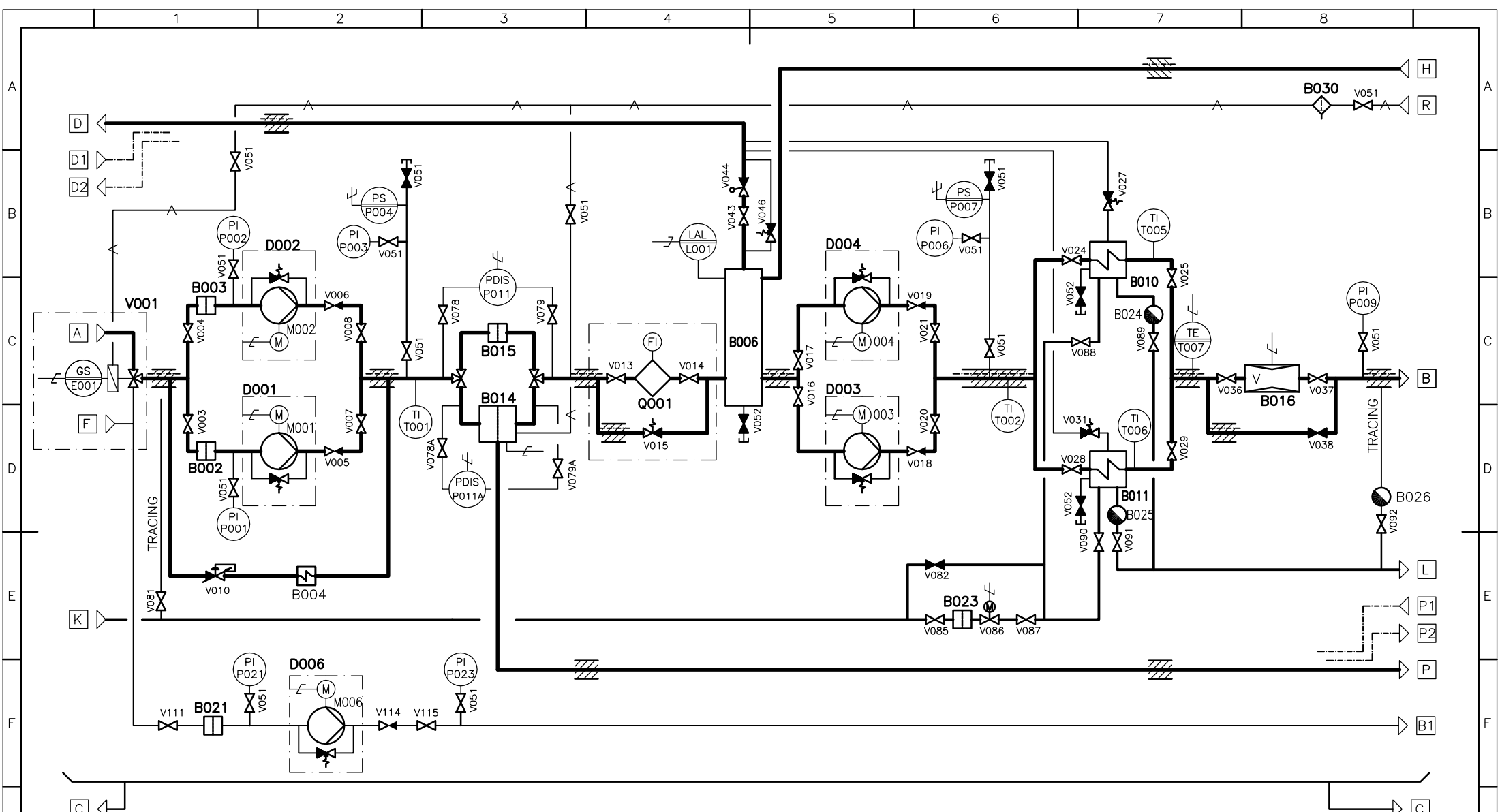
		FEEDER BOOSTER UNIT AMB-M-07-SS Shanghai Jiangnan Changxing Heavy Industry Co., Ltd. H2431~33, H1025A,H1026A GENERAL ARRANGEMENT	
Product	© ACA	UNITS mm,kg	ASLY.DRG
MADE	22.01.2007	Tju/Julin	
CHKD.	22.01.2007	ISs/Sakkara	SCALE
APPD.	-	-	~
		Page No.	DRG. No.
		1/1	407547

Rev.



SECTION 2

2 P&I Diagram, Part list




A	HFO INLET
B	FUEL OIL TO ENGINE
B1	MDO OUTLET
D	DEAERATION/FLUSHING LINE
F	MDO INLET
H	F.O. RETURN FROM ENGINE
P	SLUDGE FROM AUTOM. FILTER
R	INSTRUMENT AIR INLET
K	STEAM INLET
L	CONDENSATE OUTLET
C	DRAIN FROM UNIT

D1,D2 TRACING OF DEAER. LINE
P1,P2 TRACING OF SLUDGE LINE

 TRACED AND INSULATED PIPE

REV.	DATE	MADE	APPVD.	EXPLANATION
A	080808	Tju	Tju	Air filter B030 added

		FEEDER BOOSTER UNIT	
		AMB-M-07-SS	
Shanghai Jiangnan Changxing Heavy Industry Co., Ltd.		H2431~33, H1025A,H1026A	
P&I DIAGRAM		DRG.No.	
7564,7566,7568,9344,9346 ^{Weight}		Asly.Drg	
Made	22.01.2007	TJu/Julin	Scale
Chkd.	22.01.2007	ISs/Sakkara	Page 1/1
Appd.		UNITS mm/kg	~
		306649	

A Rev.

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE/TECHNICAL DATA	SET RANGE	SET POINT	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
B002	1	AM04258	Suction strainer, basket element	D60, H330/200 TV, 400micr			Auramarine Asia	Stainless ste
B003	1	AM04258	Suction strainer, basket element	D60, H330/200 TV, 400micr			Auramarine Asia	Stainless ste
B004	1	AM00662	Cooler radiator, Rib	For tube 42 mm, 83 r/m 30x1 mm			Salpahitsaus	ST 35.8/I
B006	1	AM04288	Deaeration vessel	Dwg 200679D, 100L			Auramarine Asia	ST 35.8/I
B010	1	AM04420	Heat exchanger	MX15-L1600-50-DN50-SAE40			Aalborg	Carbon ST
B011	1	AM04420	Heat exchanger	MX15-L1600-50-DN50-SAE40			Aalborg	Carbon ST
B014	1	AM01250	Combination filter	6.62.1 GR04, 10micr abs, DN 40			Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
B015	1	AM01226	By pass filter	Built on combination filter			Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
B016	1	AM04024	Viscometer, viscosense	VS2, 0..50 cSt +PCB (In box)+Cable	0-50 cSt=4..20 mA	14 cSt	Vaf Instruments	1.4401
B021	1	AM01408	Strainer	Fig 821-GG, 400micr abs, DN 32			Econosto	EN-JL1030
B023	1	AM01405	Strainer	Fig 821-GG, 400micr abs, DN 25			Econosto	EN-JL1030
B024	1	AM01788	Steam trap	TD 52, R 1/2"			Spirax	1.4021
B025	1	AM01788	Steam trap	TD 52, R 1/2"			Spirax	1.4021
B026	1	AM01787	Steam trap	TD 52 LC, R 1/2"			Spirax	1.4021
B030	1	AM04394	Air filter	F08-C2-SK00, R1/4"			Wilkerson	Aluminium
D001	1	AM04043	Feeder Pump	ACE 025N3/ NLBP (14 Nm)			IMO	
D002	1	AM04043	Feeder Pump	ACE 025N3/ NLBP (14 Nm)			IMO	
D003	1	AM04044	Booster Pump	ACE 038K3/ NLBP (14 Nm)			IMO	
D004	1	AM04044	Booster Pump	ACE 038K3/ NLBP (14 Nm)			IMO	
D006	1	AM00789	MDO Pump	ACE 025L3/ NVBP (No bracket), DN 25			IMO	EN-JS1025
E001	1	AM02659	Limit switch	Automax WDB 0101201			Automatic Ventilator S	Carbon ST
L001	1	AM03600	Level switch	Liquiphant FTL20-061B, R1"			Metso Endress+Ha	1.4401
M001	1	AM03754	El. motor	W-DA 100LJ-D-2, 3.0/3.6 kW			Brook Hansen	Aluminium
M001A	1	AM04588	Heating element for WU-DA 100	2x12W/230V			Brook Hansen	
M002	1	AM03754	El. motor	W-DA 100LJ-D-2, 3.0/3.6 kW			Brook Hansen	Aluminium
M002A	1	AM04588	Heating element for WU-DA 100	2x12W/230V			Brook Hansen	
M003	1	AM04045	El. motor	WU-DA 112MM-D-2, 4.0/4.6 kW			Brook Hansen	Aluminium
M003A	1	AM04589	Heating element for WU-DA 112	2x12W/230V			Brook Hansen	
M004	1	AM04045	El. motor	WU-DA 112MM-D-2, 4.0/4.6 kW			Brook Hansen	Aluminium
M004A	1	AM04589	Heating element for WU-DA 112	2x12W/230V			Brook Hansen	
M006	1	AM01028	El. motor	7AA 80M02 1,1/1,25kW, B5			Mez	Aluminium
P001	1	AM00091	Pressure gauge	213.53.63.-1..+3 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass
P002	1	AM00091	Pressure gauge	213.53.63.-1..+3 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass
P003	1	AM00086	Pressure gauge	213.53.63. 0..16 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass
P004	1	AM00186	Pressure switch	MBC 5100-2431-2CB04 1-10 bar	1..10 bar	3 bar	Danfoss	Aluminium
P006	1	AM00086	Pressure gauge	213.53.63. 0..16 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass
P007	1	AM00186	Pressure switch	MBC 5100-2431-2CB04 1-10 bar	1..10 bar		Danfoss	Aluminium
P009	1	AM00086	Pressure gauge	213.53.63. 0..16 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass
P011	1	AM01257	Diff. press. switch, filter autom.	DDA 4.36.2-08	0.6/0.8 bar	0.6/0.8 bar	Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
P011A	1	AM01257	Diff. press. switch, filter autom.	DDA 4.36.2-08	0.6/0.8 bar	0.6/0.8 bar	Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
P021	1	AM00091	Pressure gauge	213.53.63.-1..+3 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass
P023	1	AM00086	Pressure gauge	213.53.63. 0..16 bar, 63x1/4"			Wika Finland	Brass

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE/TECHNICAL DATA	SET RANGE	SET POINT	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
Q001	1	AM04046	Flow meter	VZF-25 FL 130/25			Aquametro AG	GGG 42
T001	1	AM00123	Thermometer	Jako fig 42S (-), R $\frac{1}{2}$ ", 0-160			Jako	MS
T002	1	AM00125	Thermometer	Jako fig 43S (L), R $\frac{1}{2}$ ", 0-160			Jako	Brass
T005	1	AM00125	Thermometer	Jako fig 43S (L), R $\frac{1}{2}$ ", 0-160			Jako	MS
T006	1	AM00125	Thermometer	Jako fig 43S (L), R $\frac{1}{2}$ ", 0-160			Jako	MS
T007	1	AM04095	PT-100 sensor compact (1x)	S75-1-1-2-1, R $\frac{1}{2}$ "x75	0- 200 °C	145 °C	Senmatic	1.4401
V001	1	AM03871	3-way valve 776035L (2 coil solen.)	DN50/63DA/NA54N-11-230V/WDB0101201			Automatic Ventilator	Carbon ST
V003	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V004	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V005	1	AM02756	Non return valve	GB-019, DN 40			Ghibson	Sn bronze
V006	1	AM02756	Non return valve	GB-019, DN 40			Ghibson	Sn bronze
V007	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V008	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V010	1	AM02825	Overflow valve	SPVF 25 C2F1A05, DN 25	2-5 bar	4 bar	Kracht	EN-JL1040/N
V013	1	AM02946	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 40			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V014	1	AM02946	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 40			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V015	1	AM02796	Overflow valve	RHD42L2 bar 42-42		2 bar	Hymat	ST 50
V016	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V017	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V018	1	AM03995	Non return valve	GB-019, DN 40, O-ring groove			Ghibson	Sn bronze
V019	1	AM03995	Non return valve	GB-019, DN 40, O-ring groove			Ghibson	Sn bronze
V020	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V021	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V024	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V025	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V027	1	AM02870	Safety valve	851 BF-16, viton, R 1/2"	1-16 bar	16 bar	Götze	Bronze
V028	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V029	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V031	1	AM02870	Safety valve	851 BF-16, viton, R 1/2"	1-16 bar	16 bar	Götze	Bronze
V036	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V037	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V038	1	AM02947	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 50			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V043	1	AM02975	Shut off valve	223 SGS/SC, R 1/2"			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V044	1	AM01684	Automatic air vent	Minox-G 8070, R 1/2"			Rifox	EN-JS1030
V046	1	AM02866	Safety valve	851 BF-10, viton, R 1/2"	1-10 bar	10 bar	Götze	Bronze
V051	14	AM03036	Shut off valve	RB-1720, R 1/4"			Rubinetterie Paraccl	Brass
V052	3	AM03035	Shut off valve	RB-1720, R 1/2"			Rubinetterie Paraccl	Brass
V078	1	AM01348	Shut off valve	Built on combination filter			Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
V078A	1	AM01348	Shut off valve	Built on combination filter			Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
V079	1	AM01348	Shut off valve	Built on combination filter			Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
V079A	1	AM01348	Shut off valve	Built on combination filter			Boll & Kirch	EN-JS1025
V081	1	AM02975	Shut off valve	223 SGS/SC, R 1/2"			Starline Valves	Forged ST

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE/TECHNICAL DATA	SET RANGE	SET POINT	MANUFACTURER	MATERIAL
V082	1	AM02567	Globe valve	Fig 215-01 (-), DN 25			Econosto	EN-JL1040
V085	1	AM02590	Globe valve	Fig 216-01 (L), DN 25			Econosto	EN-JL1040
V086	1	AM03944	Motor control valve	Fig23.440, PRE2,2(230), DN25/kvs4			ARI Armaturen	EN-JS1025
V087	1	AM02567	Globe valve	Fig 215-01 (-), DN 25			Econosto	EN-JL1040
V088	1	AM02944	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 25			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V089	1	AM02943	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 20			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V090	1	AM02944	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 25			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V091	1	AM02943	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 20			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V092	1	AM02975	Shut off valve	223 SGS/SC, R 1/2"			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V111	1	AM02945	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 32			Starline Valves	Forged ST
V114	1	AM02754	Non return valve	GB-019, DN 25			Ghibson	Sn bronze
V115	1	AM02944	Shut off valve	223 SGS/BW SCH 40, DN 25			Starline Valves	Forged ST

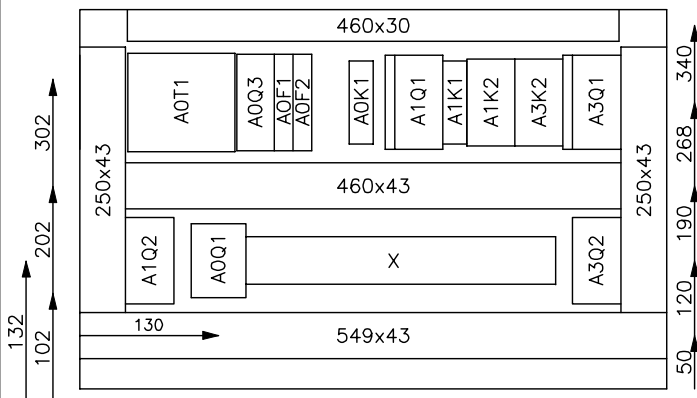
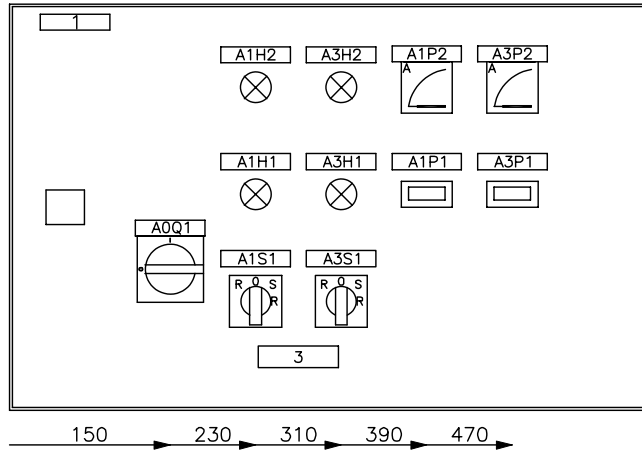
Shanghai Jiangnan Changxing H2431-33, H1025A-26A

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE/TECHNICAL DATA
SP01	4	AG00808	Ball bearing	6206 ZZ C3 (spare ball bearings for motors M001-4 Drive End side)
SP02	4	AG00807	Ball bearing	6205 2Z C3 (spare ball bearings for motors M001-4 Non Drive End side)
SP03	2	AG00806	Ball bearing	6204 ZZ C3 (spare ball bearings for motor M006 DE & NDE side)
SP04	1	AM00091	Pressure gauge	213.53.63.-1..+3 bar, 63x1/4"
SP05	1	AM00086	Pressure gauge	213.53.63. 0..16 bar, 63x1/4"
SP06	1	AM00123	Thermometer	Jako fig 42S (-), R½", 0-160
SP07	1	AM00125	Thermometer	Jako fig 43S (L), R½", 0-160
SP08	1	AM04258	Basket element	D60, H330/200 TV, 400micr
SP09	2	AF01112	Contactora	A9-30-10-80 230 V AC
SP10	2	AF00428	Miniature relay	40.52.8.230
SP11	4	AF00883	Indicating light	CL-523G
SP12	4	AF00882	Indicating light	CL-523R
SP13	2	AF00880	Indicating light	CL-523W

SECTION 3

3 Electric diagrams, Part list

WIDTH 600
 HEIGHT 380
 DEPTH 210
 COLOR RAL 7035



8xM20+M25
 FOR SITE CABLES:
 2xM20(φ5,5-12)+3xM25(φ11-18)+M32(φ17-25)

LIST OF LABELS

id	pcs	text
1	1	STARTER 1
A0Q1	1	MAIN SWITCH
A1S1	1	FEEDER PUMP D001
A3S1	1	BOOSTER PUMP D003
-H1	2	RUNNING
-H2	2	TRIPPED
A1P1	1	RUNNING HOURS OF FEEDER PUMP D001
-	-	FEEDER PUMP D001
A3P1	1	RUNNING HOURS OF BOOSTER PUMP D003
-	-	BOOSTER PUMP D003
3	1	WARNING ELECTRIC MOTORS WILL START AUTOMATICALLY AFTER POWER FAILURE
A1P2	1	CURRENT OF PUMP D001 MOTOR
-	-	PUMP D001 MOTOR
A3P2	1	CURRENT OF PUMP D003 MOTOR
-	-	PUMP D003 MOTOR

AC 440V 60Hz

c. Cable gland added. 1.3072007. KTa

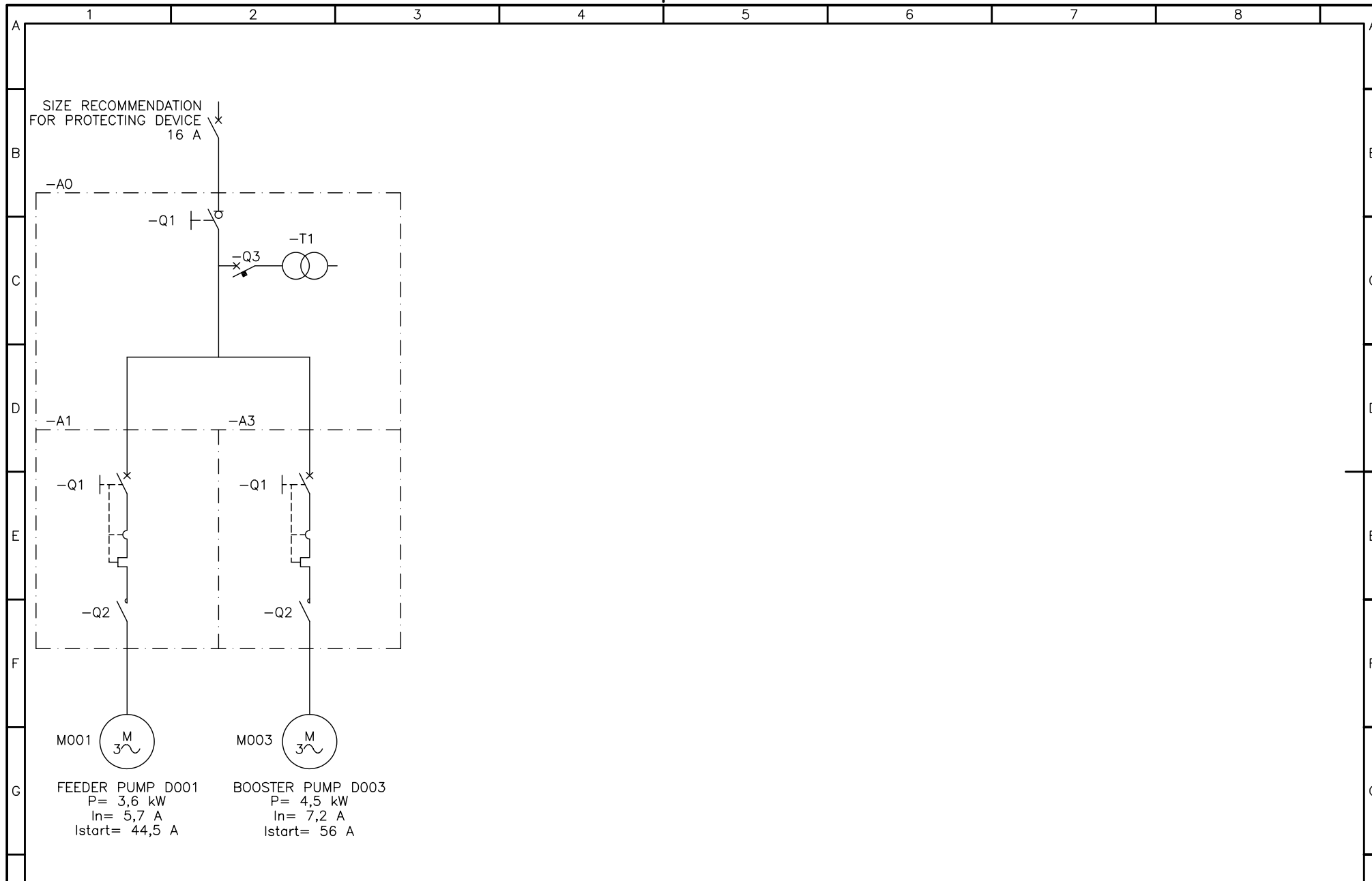


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CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
 JNSY H2431/32/33
 A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
 Assembly Drawing

OBJECT	=E1DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	1 OF 31
-	407590	REV.	C



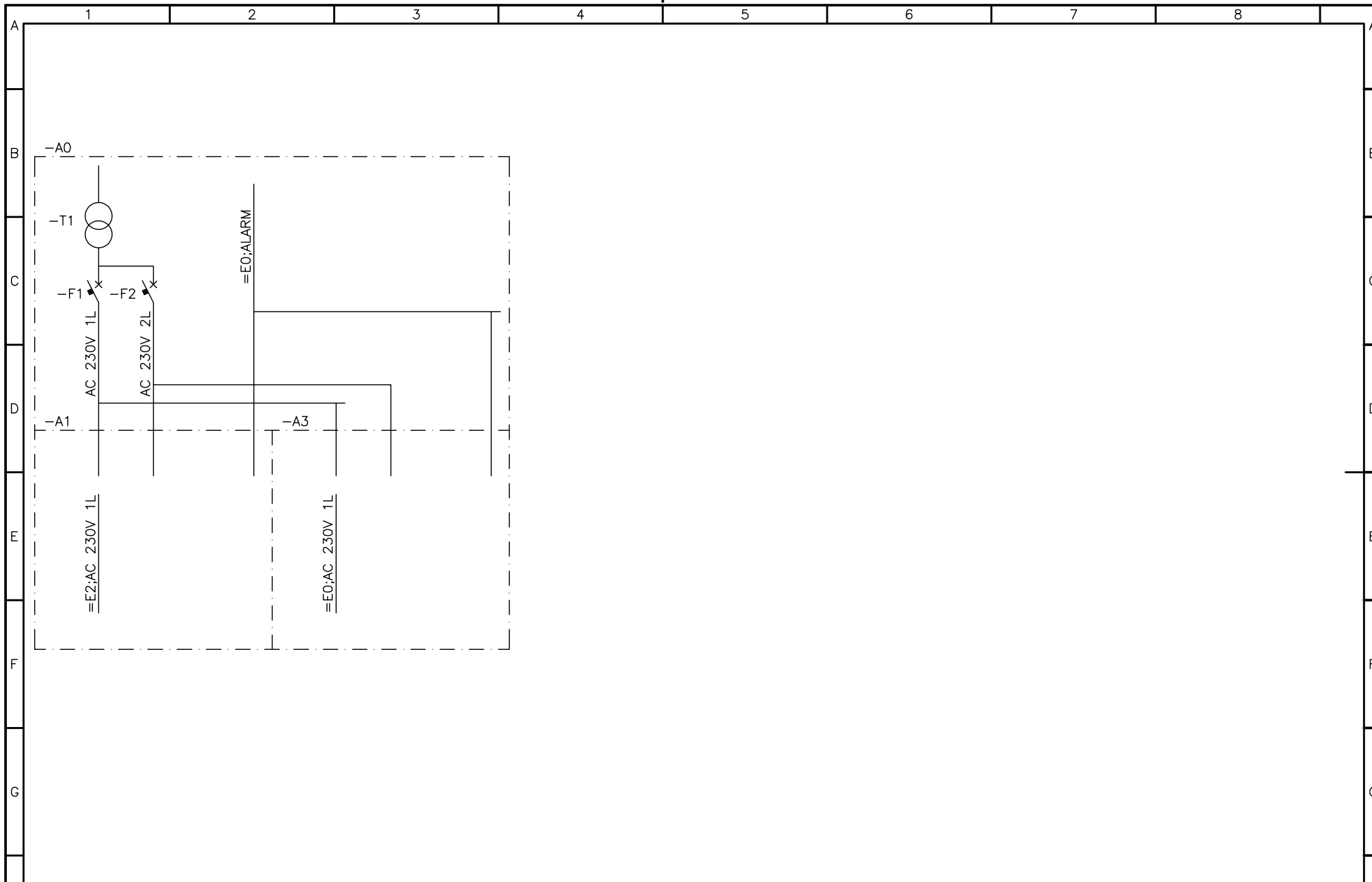
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
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CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
POWER DISTRIBUTION
Single Line Diagram

OBJECT	=E1DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
LnG	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
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		REV.	C



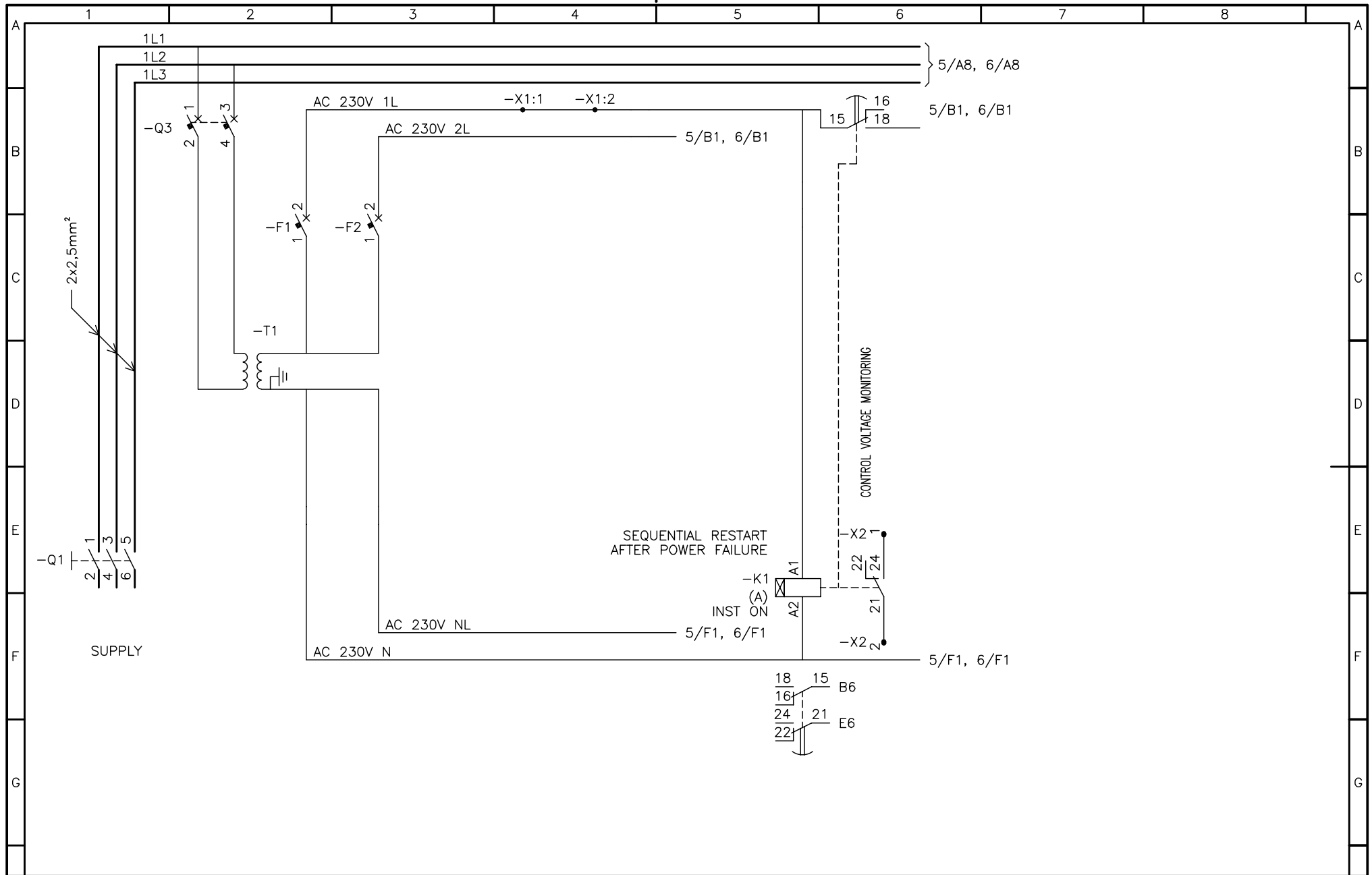
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
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CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
CONTROL VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION
Single Line Diagram

OBJECT	=E1 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	-	A3-DRAWING #	407590
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		OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C



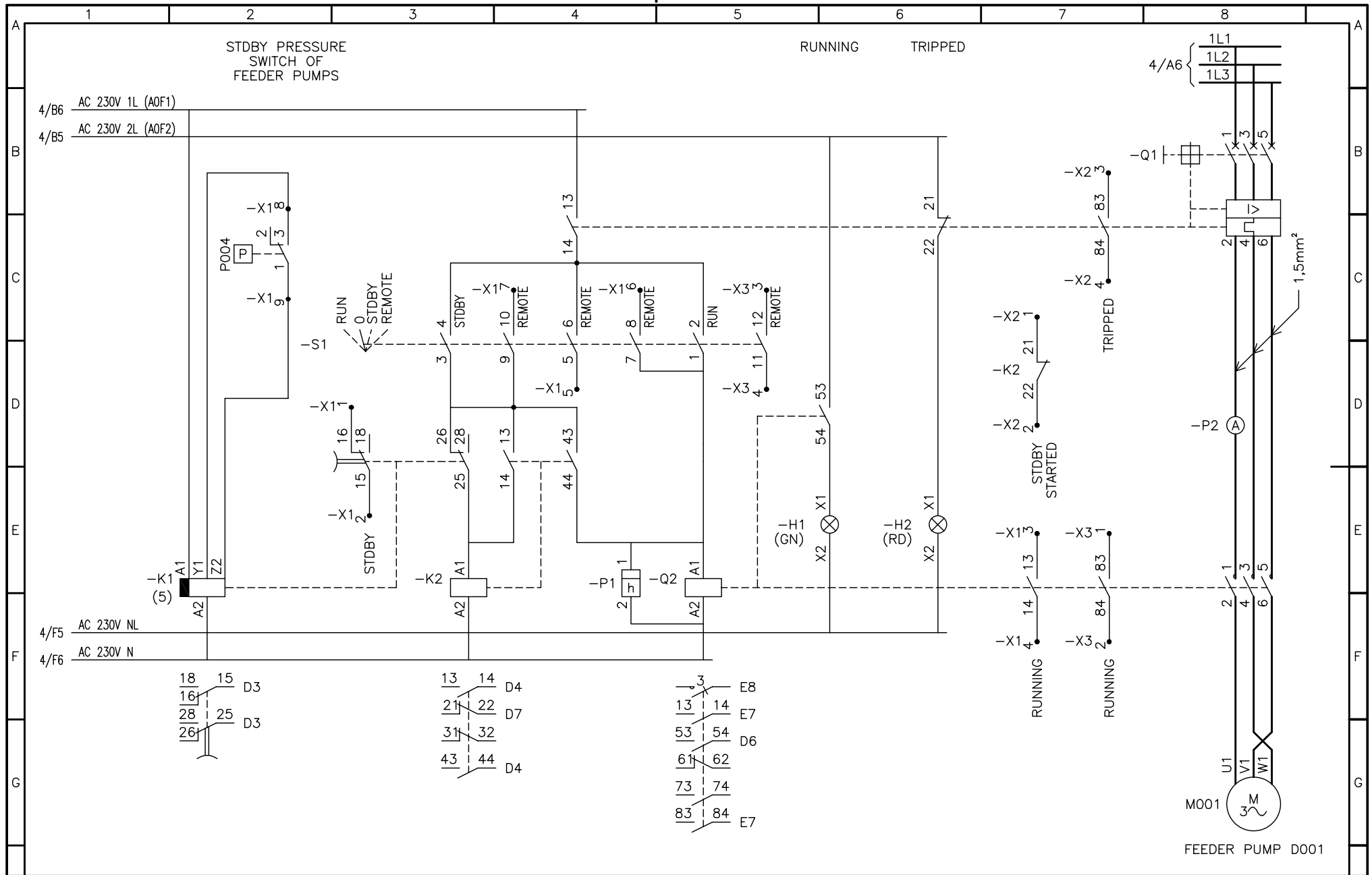
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	SCALE	1:1
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APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
SUPPLY
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E1-A0	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
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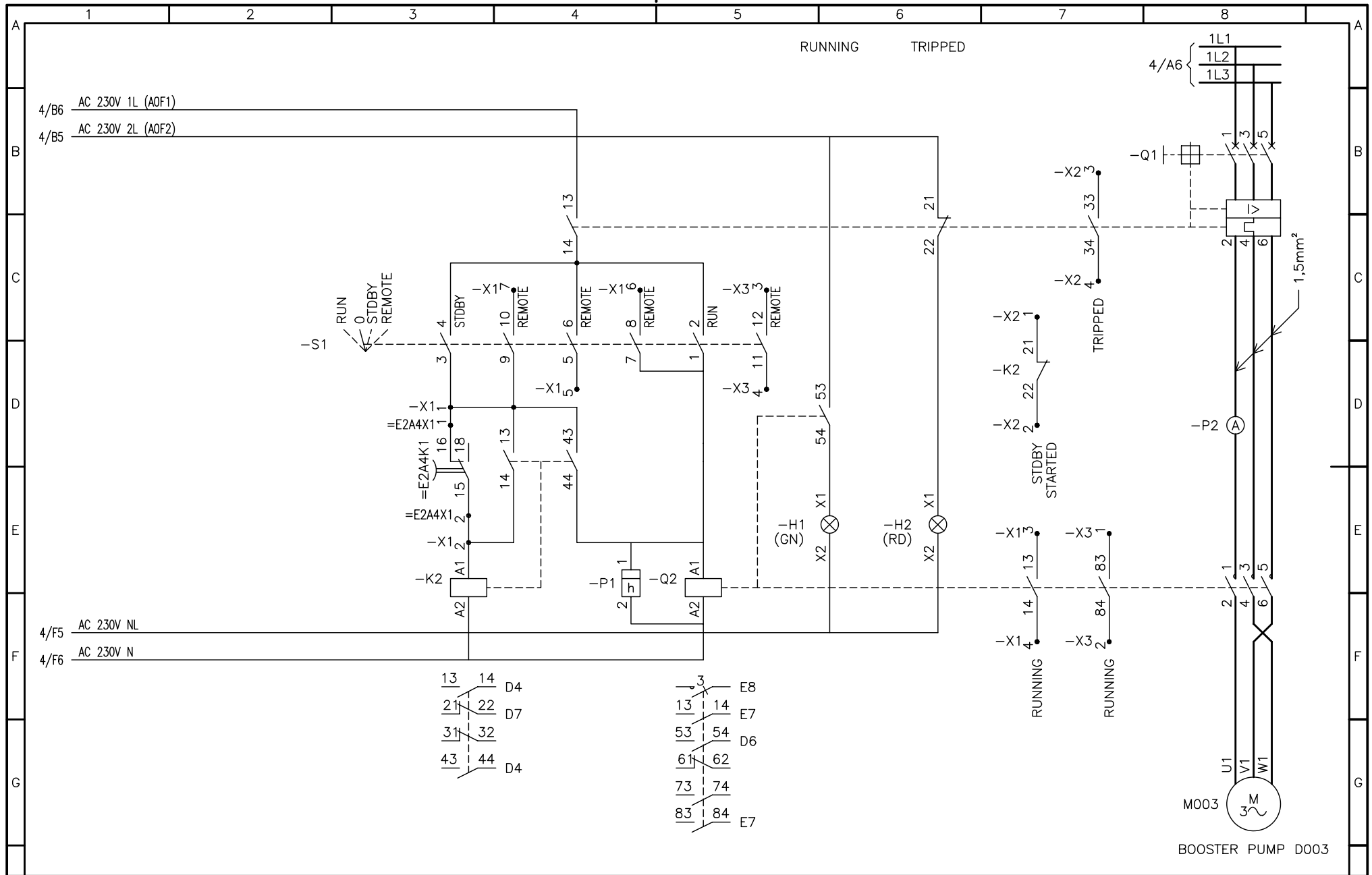


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APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
FEEDER PUMP D001
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E1-A1DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #		SHEET	5
		REV.	C
		407590	

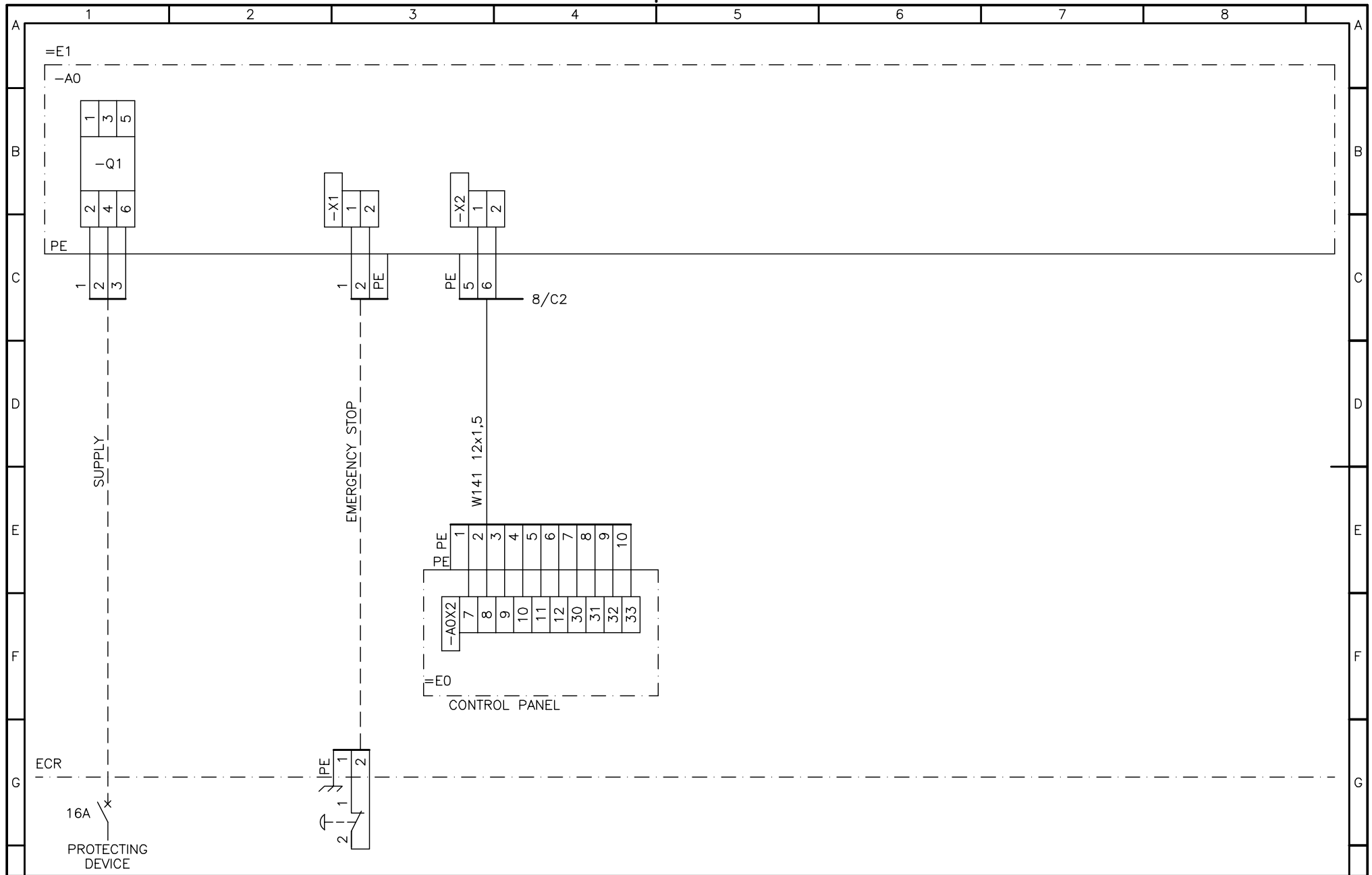


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
BOOSTER PUMP D003
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E1-A3 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	6
	407590	REV.	C
		REV.	31
		REV.	31

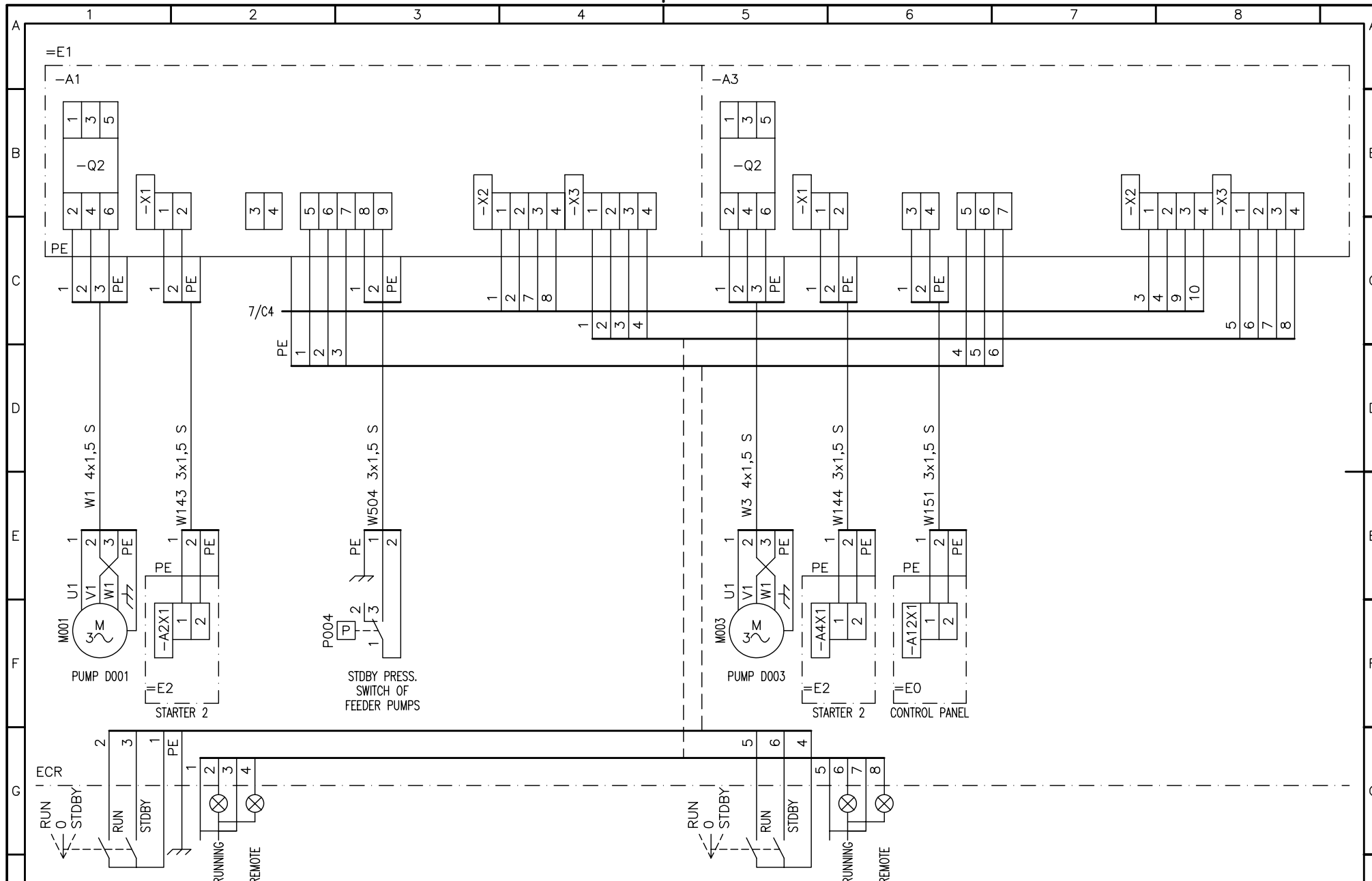


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
SUPPLY
Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E1 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	7564 6 8	SHEET 7 OF SHEETS 31
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #		REV.
-	407590		C



AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

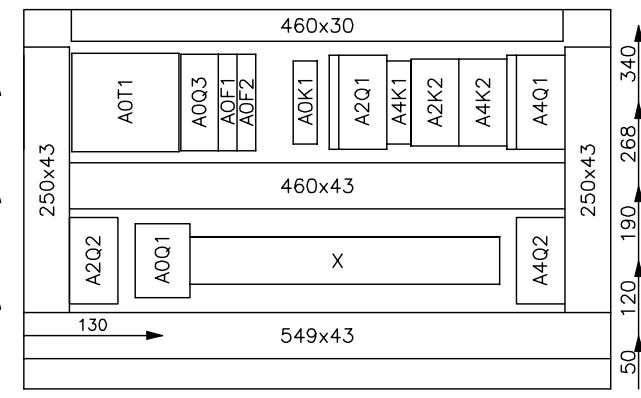
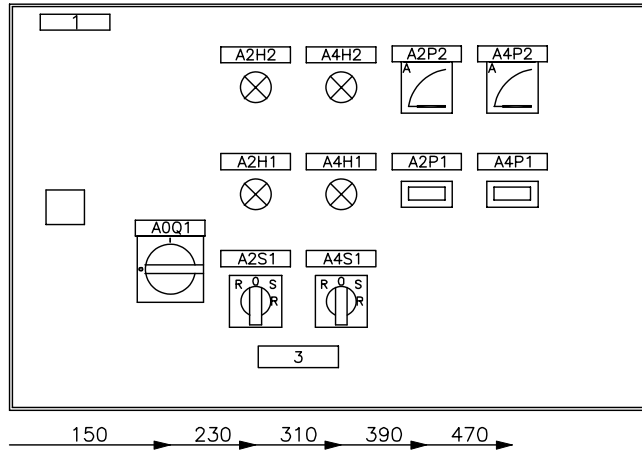
Product	AMB-M	SCALE	1:1
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 1
PUMP MOTORS & SIGNALS
Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E1 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	1
Lng	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	8
	407590	OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C

WIDTH 600
 HEIGHT 380
 DEPTH 210
 COLOR RAL 7035



8xM20+M25
 FOR SITE CABLES:
 2xM20(φ5,5-12)+3xM25(φ11-18)+M32(φ17-25)

LIST OF LABELS

id	pcs	text
1	1	STARTER 2
A0Q1	1	MAIN SWITCH
A2S1	1	FEEDER PUMP D002
A4S1	1	BOOSTER PUMP D004
-H1	2	RUNNING
-H2	2	TRIPPED
A2P1	1	RUNNING HOURS OF FEEDER PUMP D002
-	-	
A4P1	1	RUNNING HOURS OF BOOSTER PUMP D004
-	-	
3	1	WARNING ELECTRIC MOTORS WILL START AUTOMATICALLY AFTER POWER FAILURE
A2P2	1	CURRENT OF PUMP D002 MOTOR
-	-	
A4P2	1	CURRENT OF PUMP D004 MOTOR
-	-	

AC 440V 60Hz

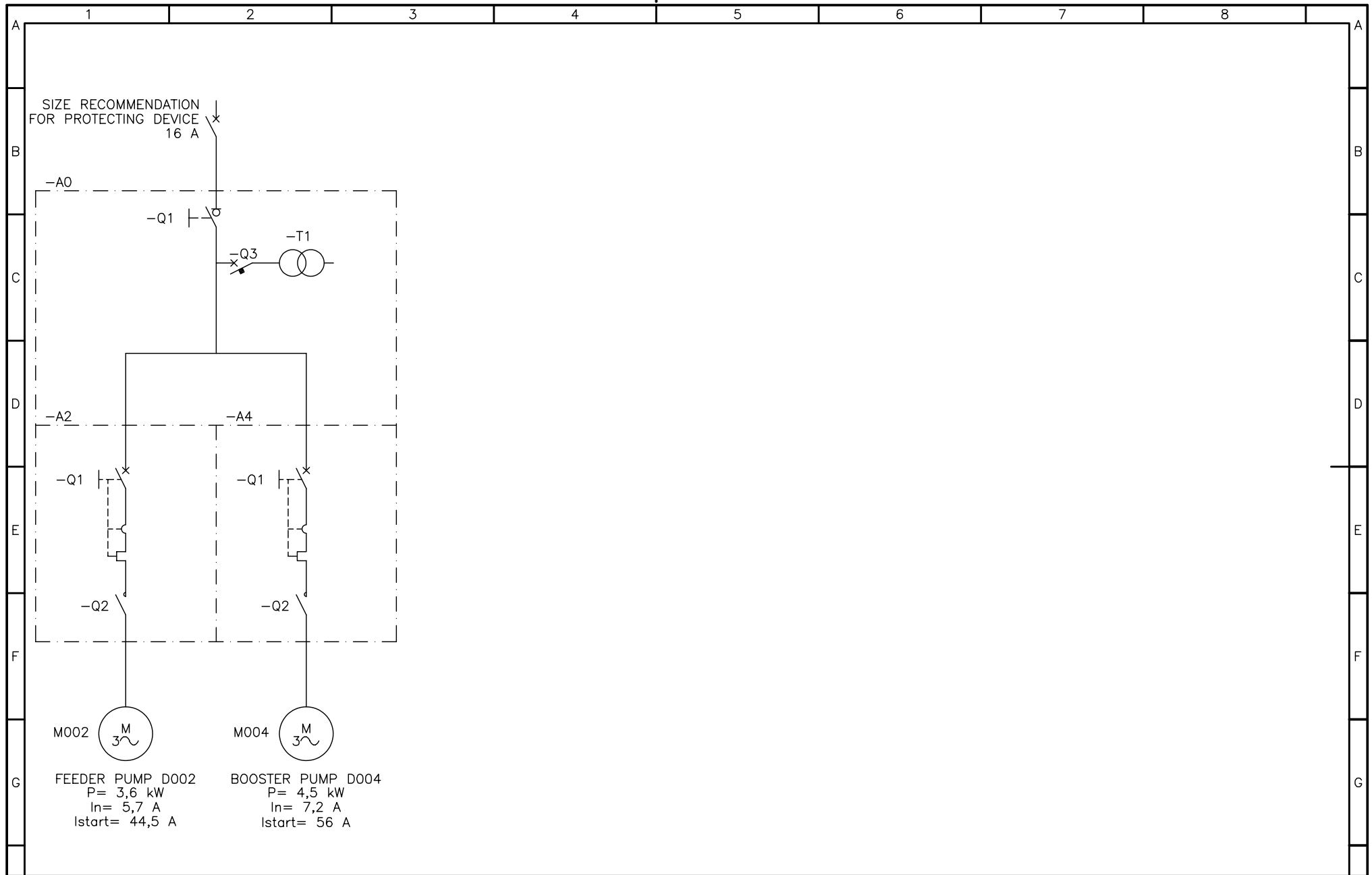


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
 JNSY H2431/32/33
 A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
 Assembly Drawing

OBJECT	=E2 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	7564	6
Suppl. Ident.	7564	6	8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	407590	
		SHEET	9
		OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C

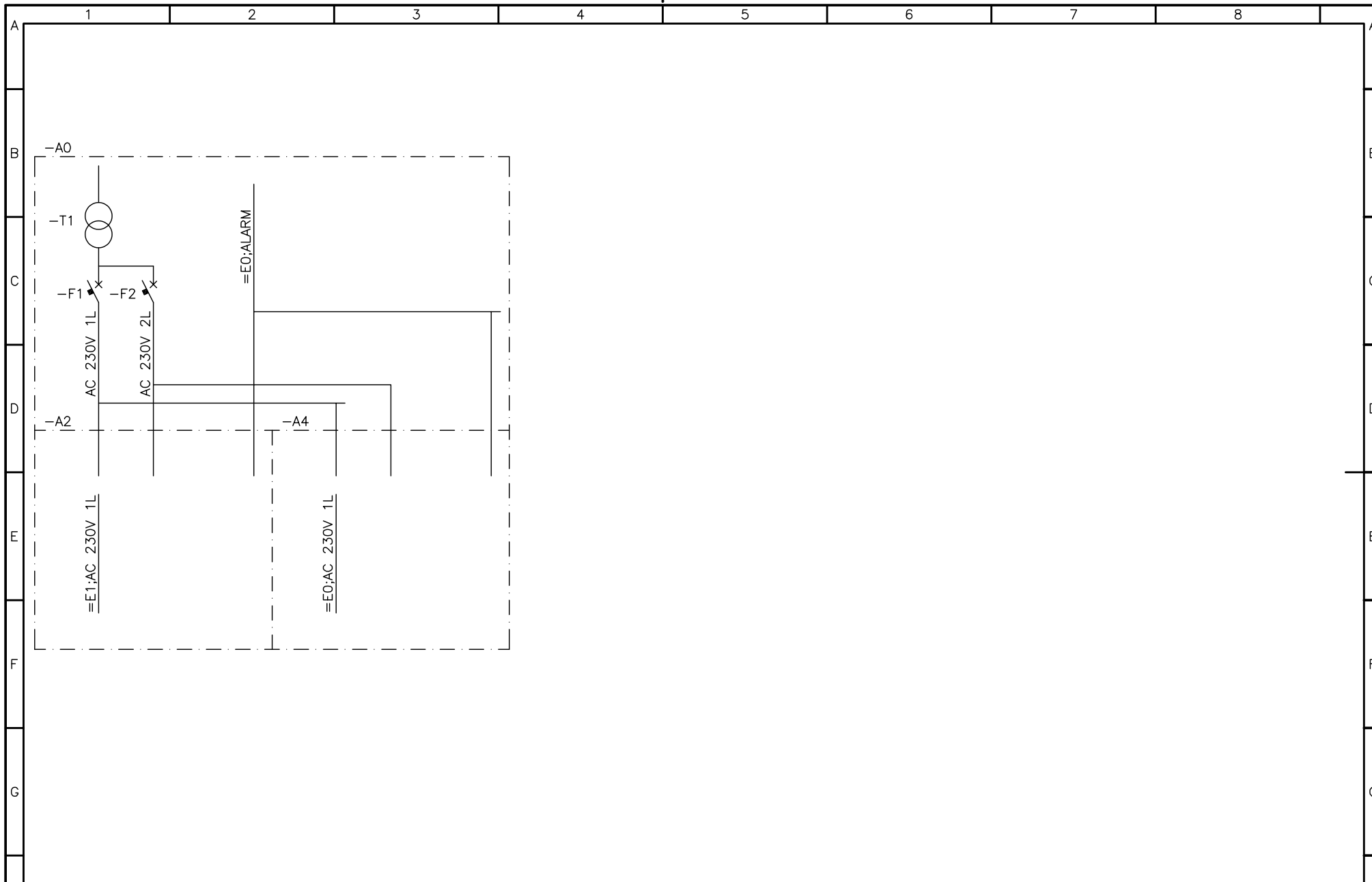


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
POWER DISTRIBUTION
Single Line Diagram

OBJECT	=E2 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
LnG	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #		A3-DRAWING #	407590
		SHEET	10
		OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C



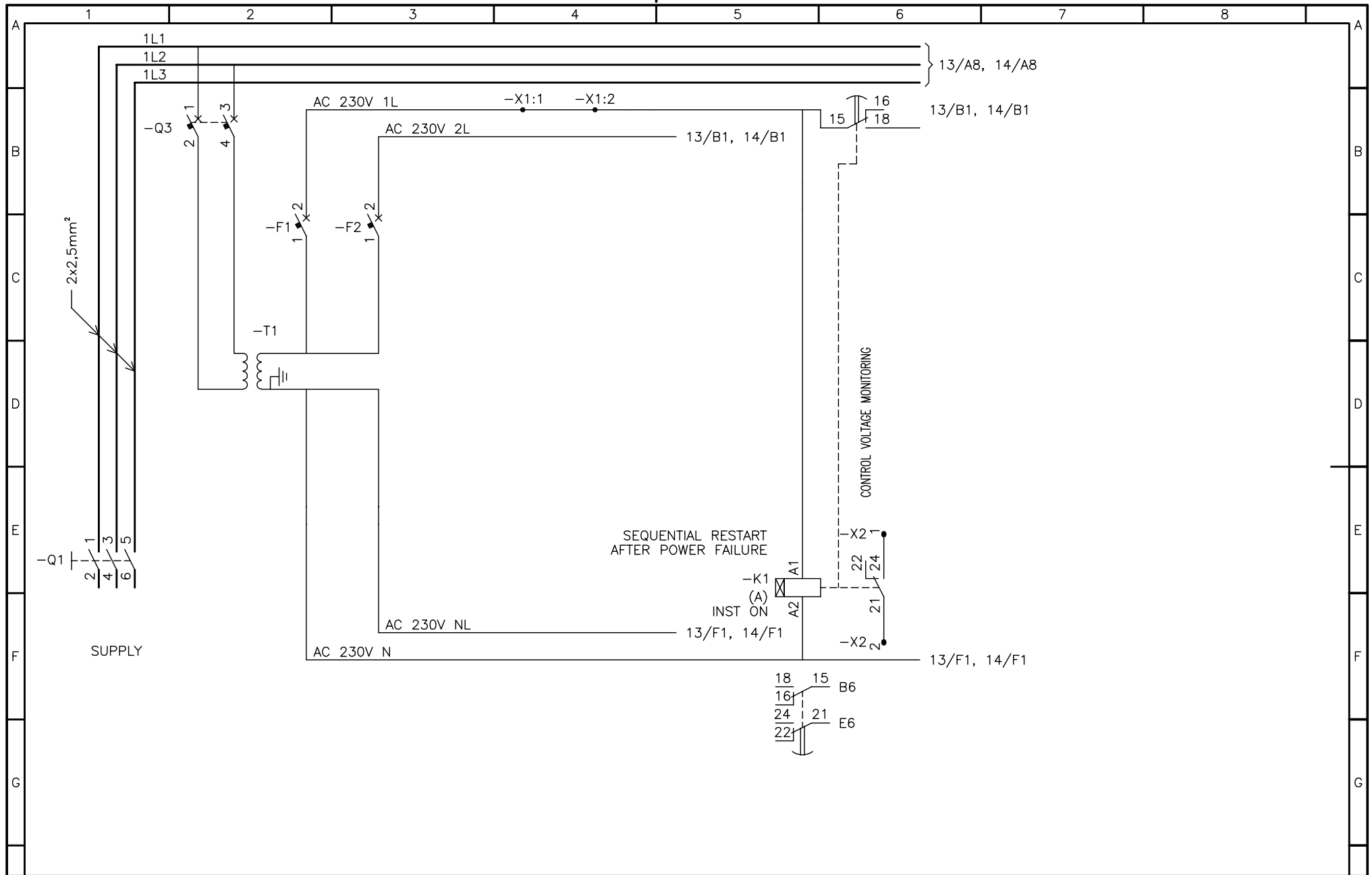
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FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
CONTROL VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION
Single Line Diagram

OBJECT	=E2 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	-	A3-DRAWING #	407590
		SHEET	1
		OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C

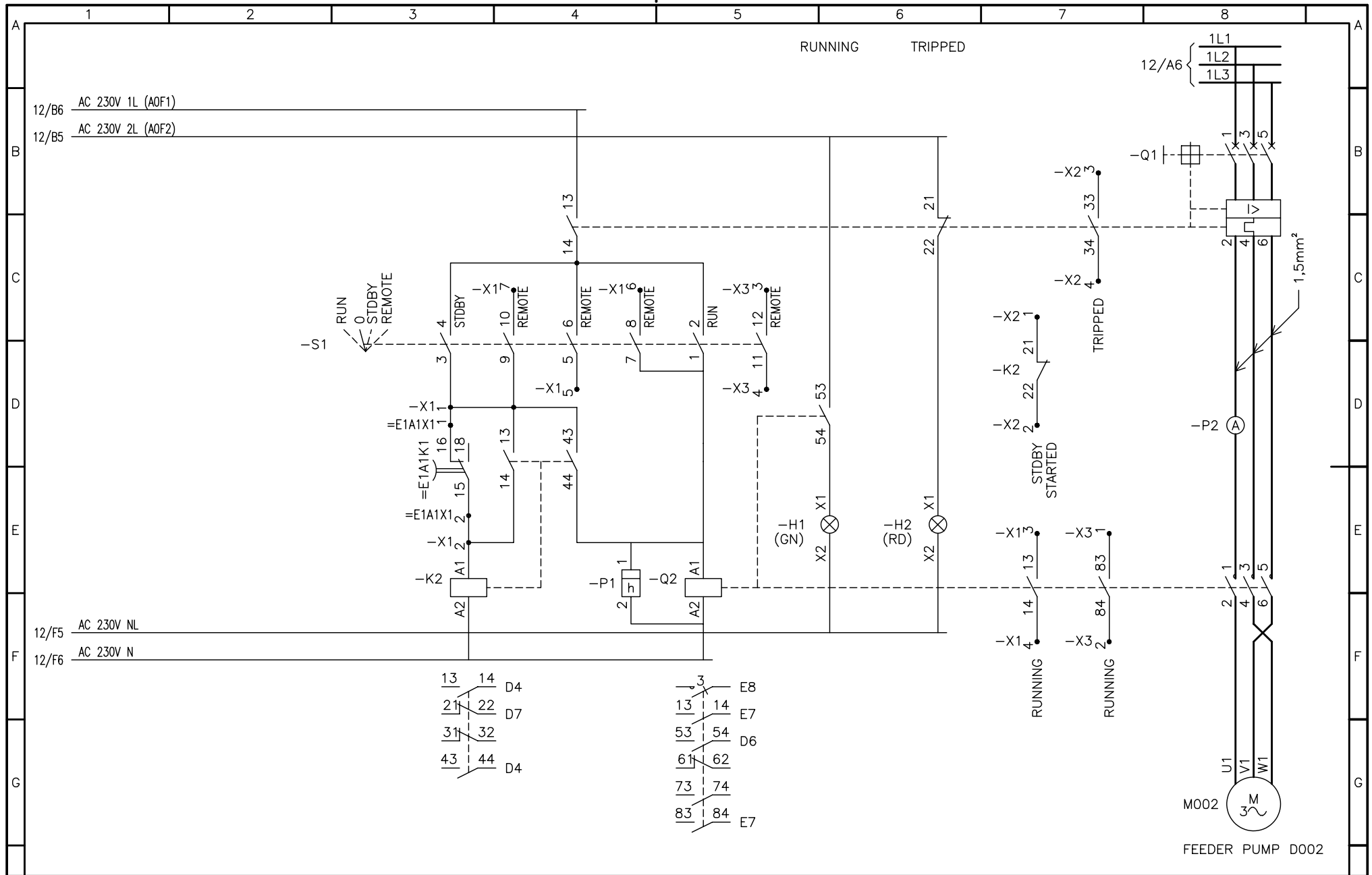


Product	AMB-M	SCALE	1:1
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
SUPPLY
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E2-A0	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8	SHEET 12 OF SHEETS 31
PROJECT #		A3-DRAWING #	407590	REV. C

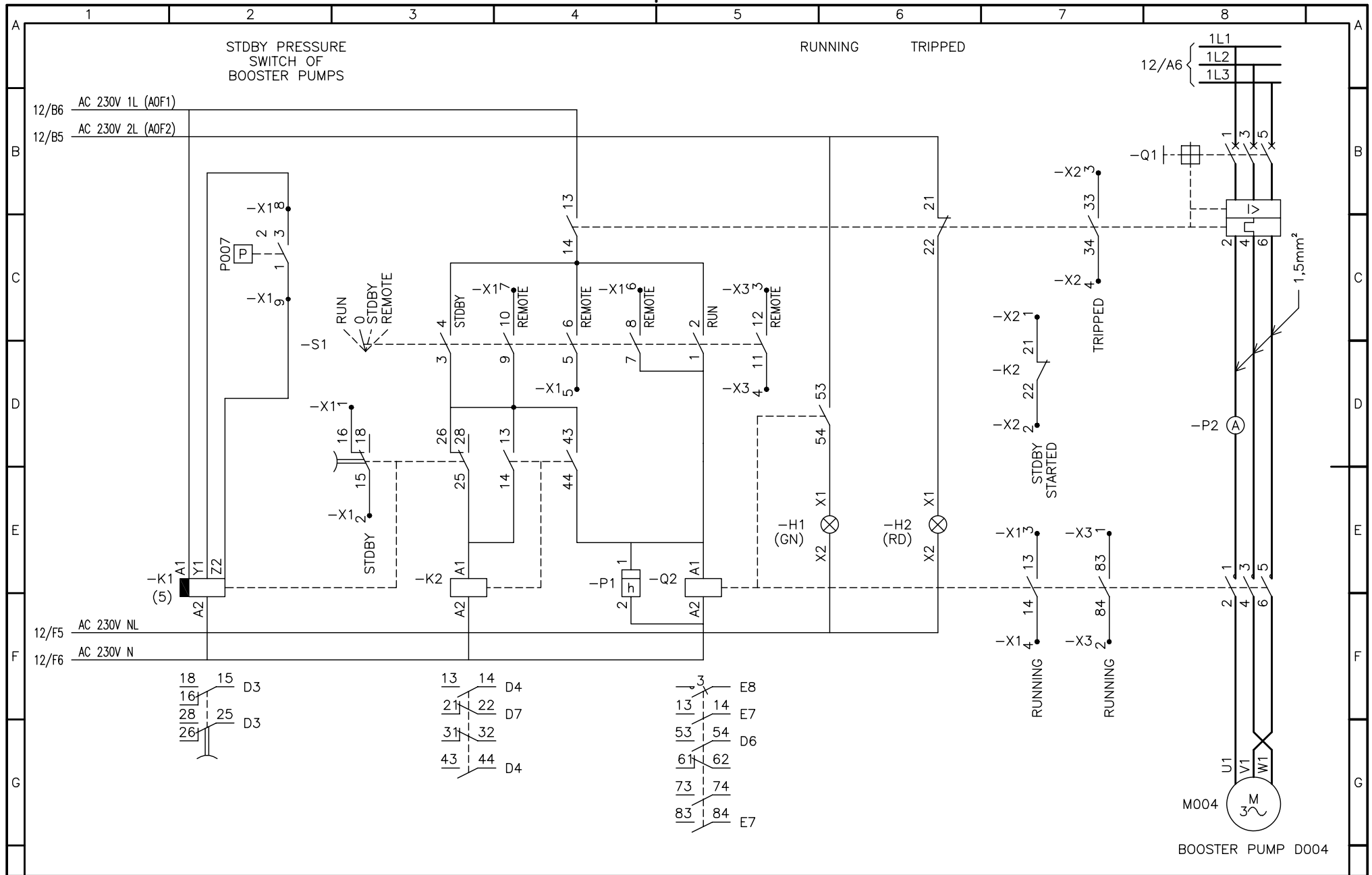


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
FEEDER PUMP D002
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E2-A2 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	13-DRAWING #	SHEET	13
	407590	REV.	C

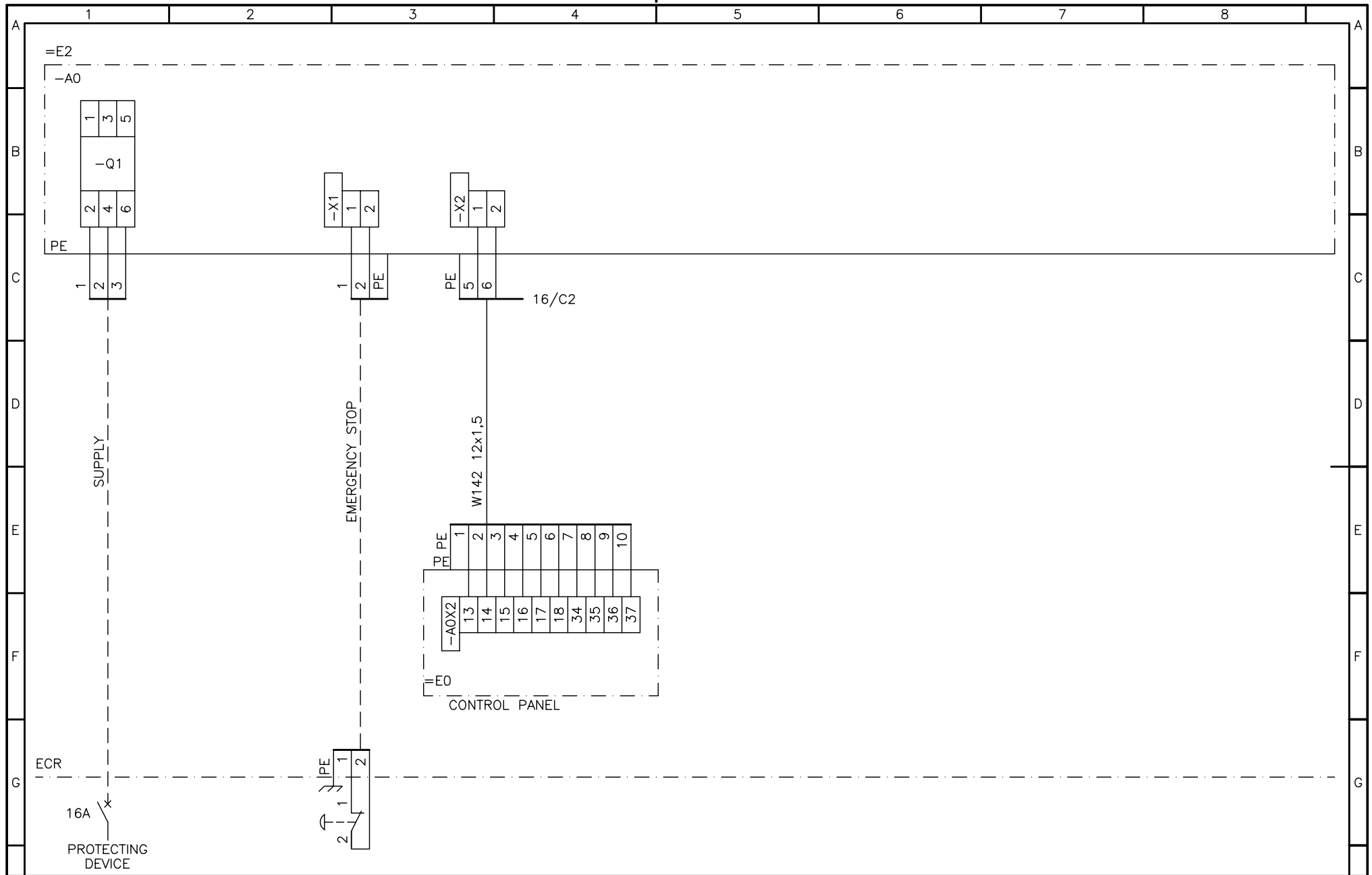


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
BOOSTER PUMP D004
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E2-A4 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	1A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	14
	407590	REV.	C
		REV.	31
		SHEETS	31



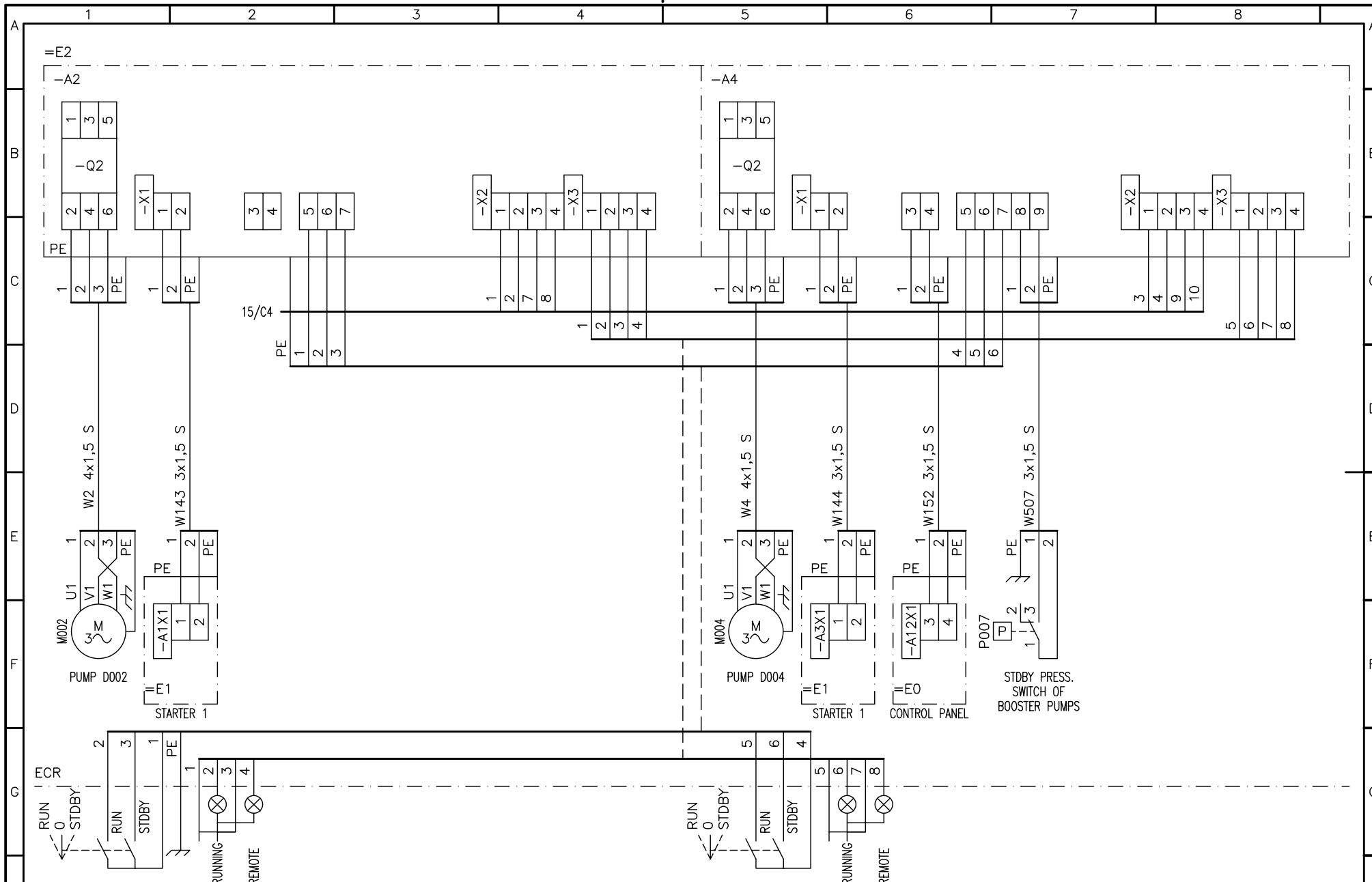
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
SUPPLY
Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E2	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8	SHEET 15 OF SHEETS 31
PROJECT #	-	A3-DRAWING #	407590	REV. C



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FINLAND

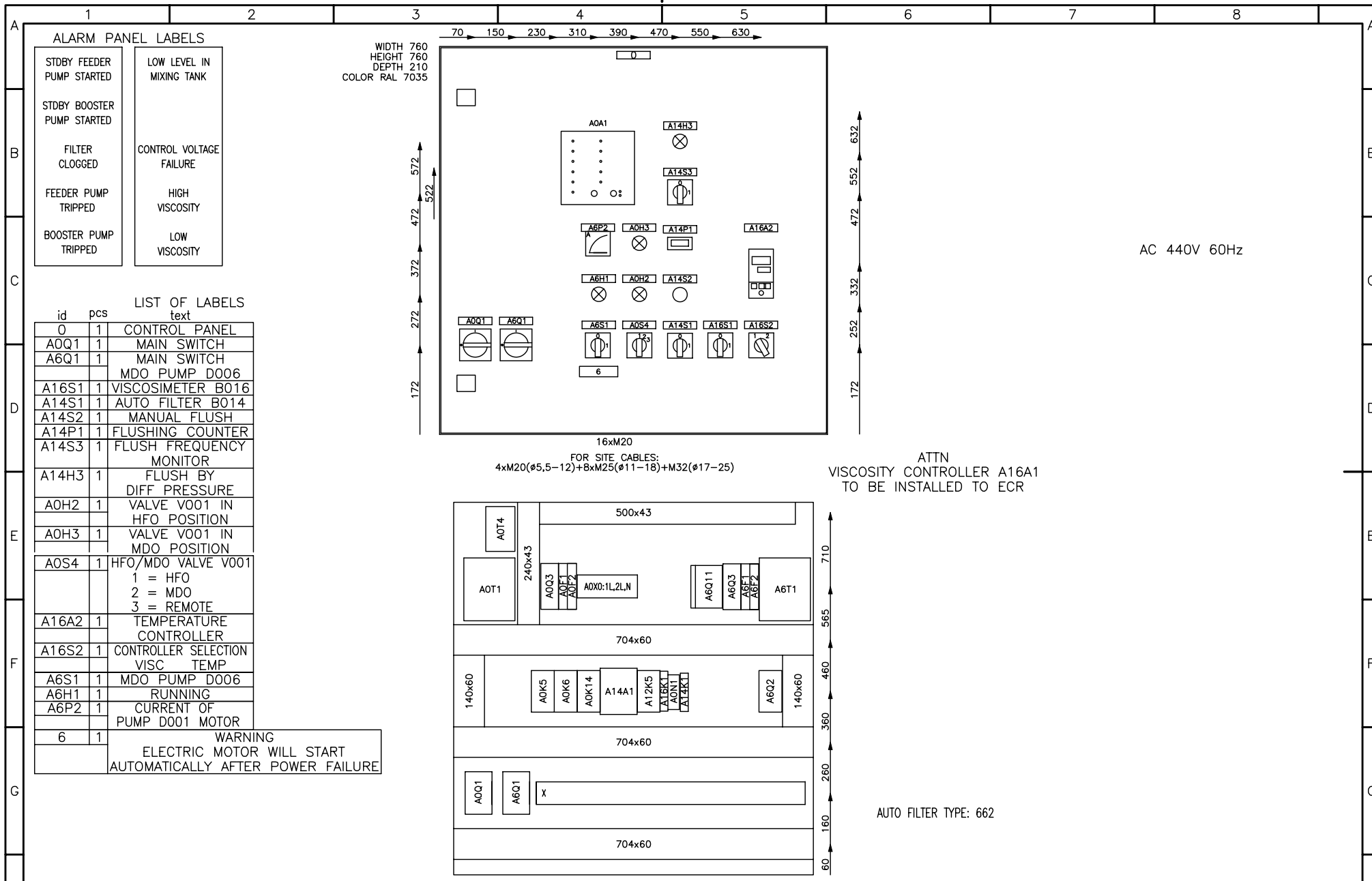
Product	AMB-M	CAD SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT STARTER 2
PUMP MOTORS & SIGNALS
Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E2 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	16
-	407590	OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C

a Auto filter changed 15.03.2007 ARU
 b A0N1 added 23042007 KTa

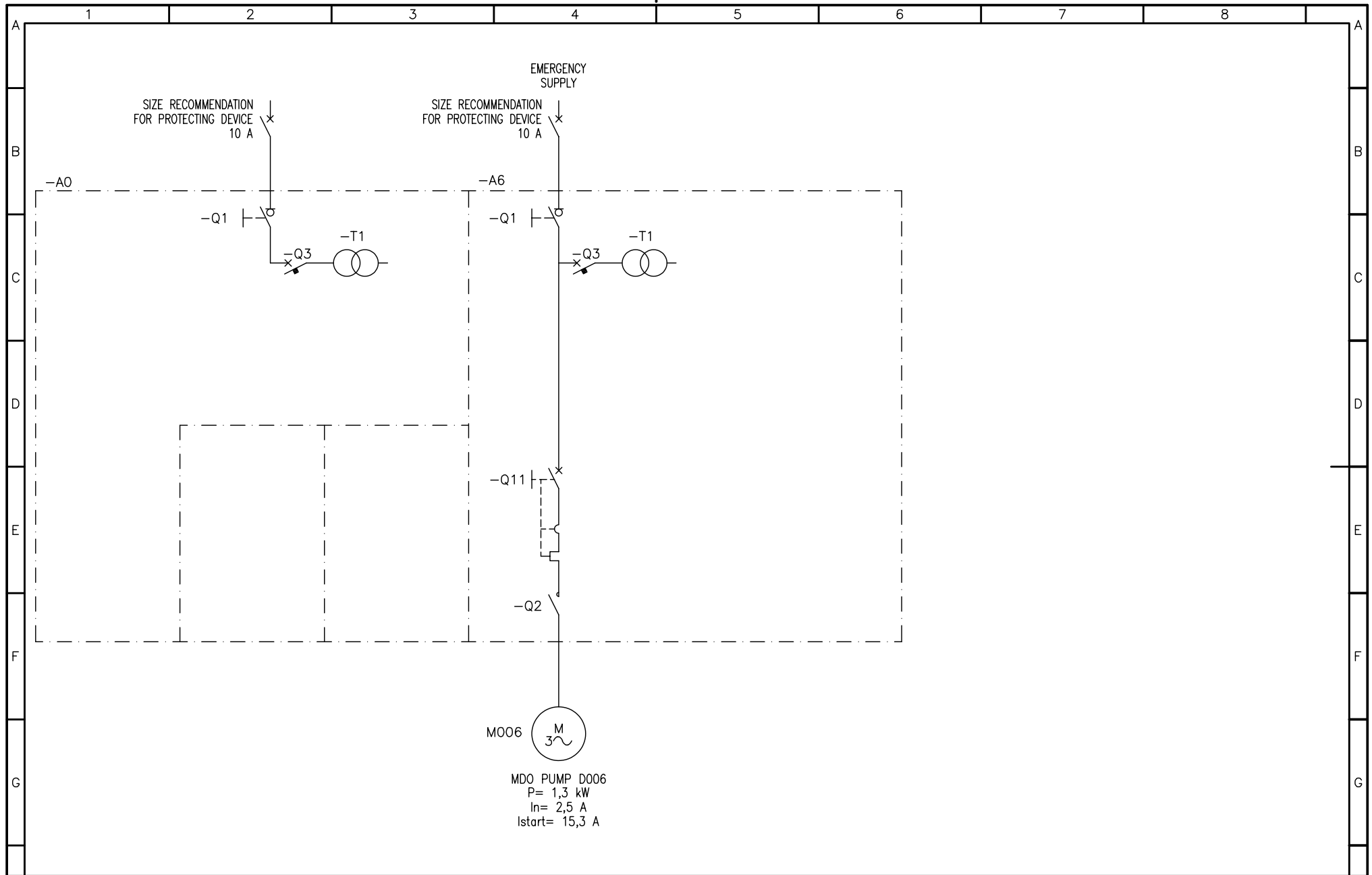


Product	AMB-M	CAD SCALE	
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
 JNSY H2431/32/33
 A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
 Assembly Drawing

OBJECT	=E0DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lng	GB	Suppl. ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	17
		OF SHEETS	31
	407590	REV.	C

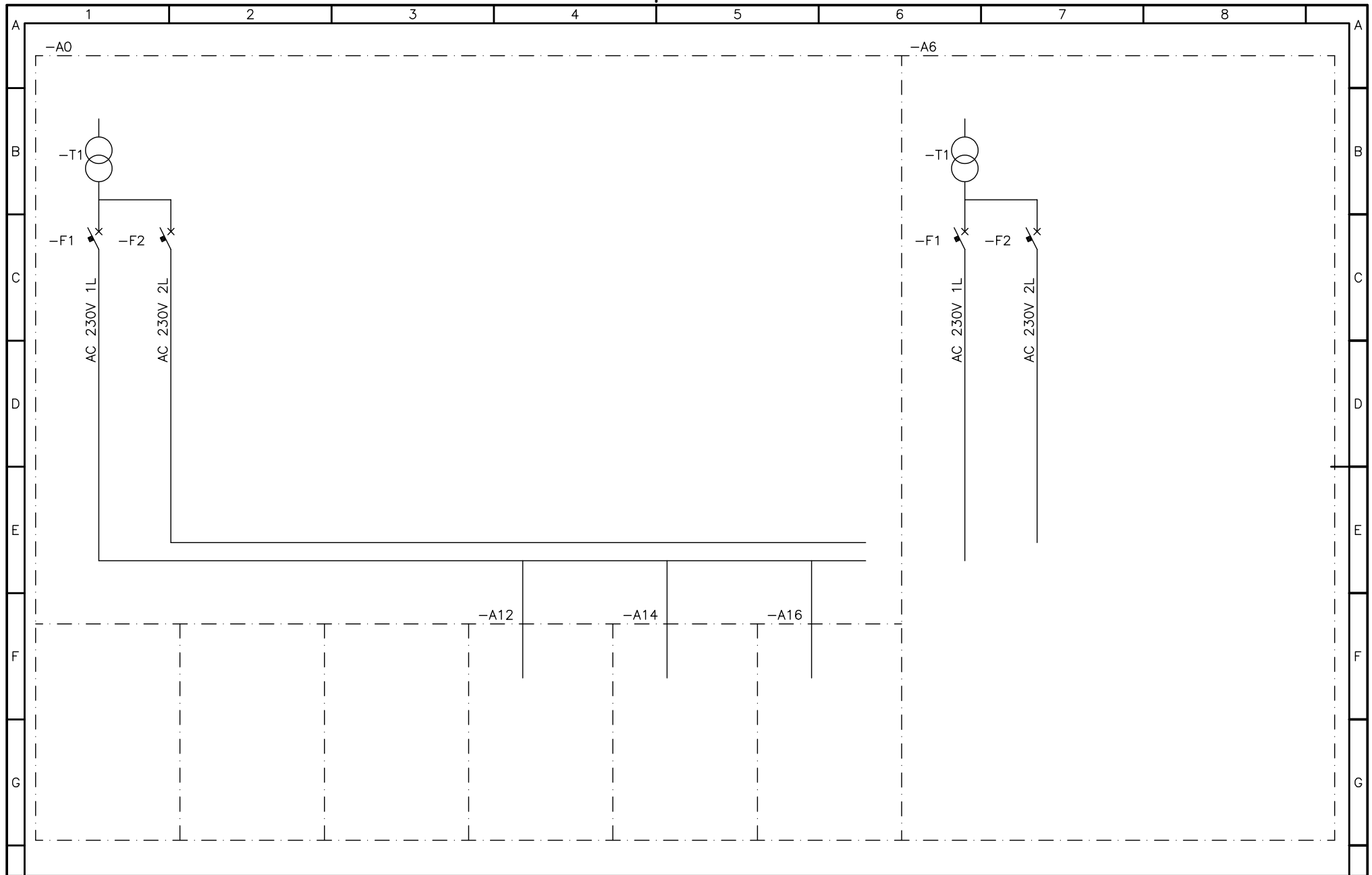


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
POWER DISTRIBUTION
Single Line Diagram

OBJECT	=E0	DDC	Pg. Cnt.
LnG	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564_6_8
PROJECT #	-	A3-DRAWING #	407590
		SHEET	18
		OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C



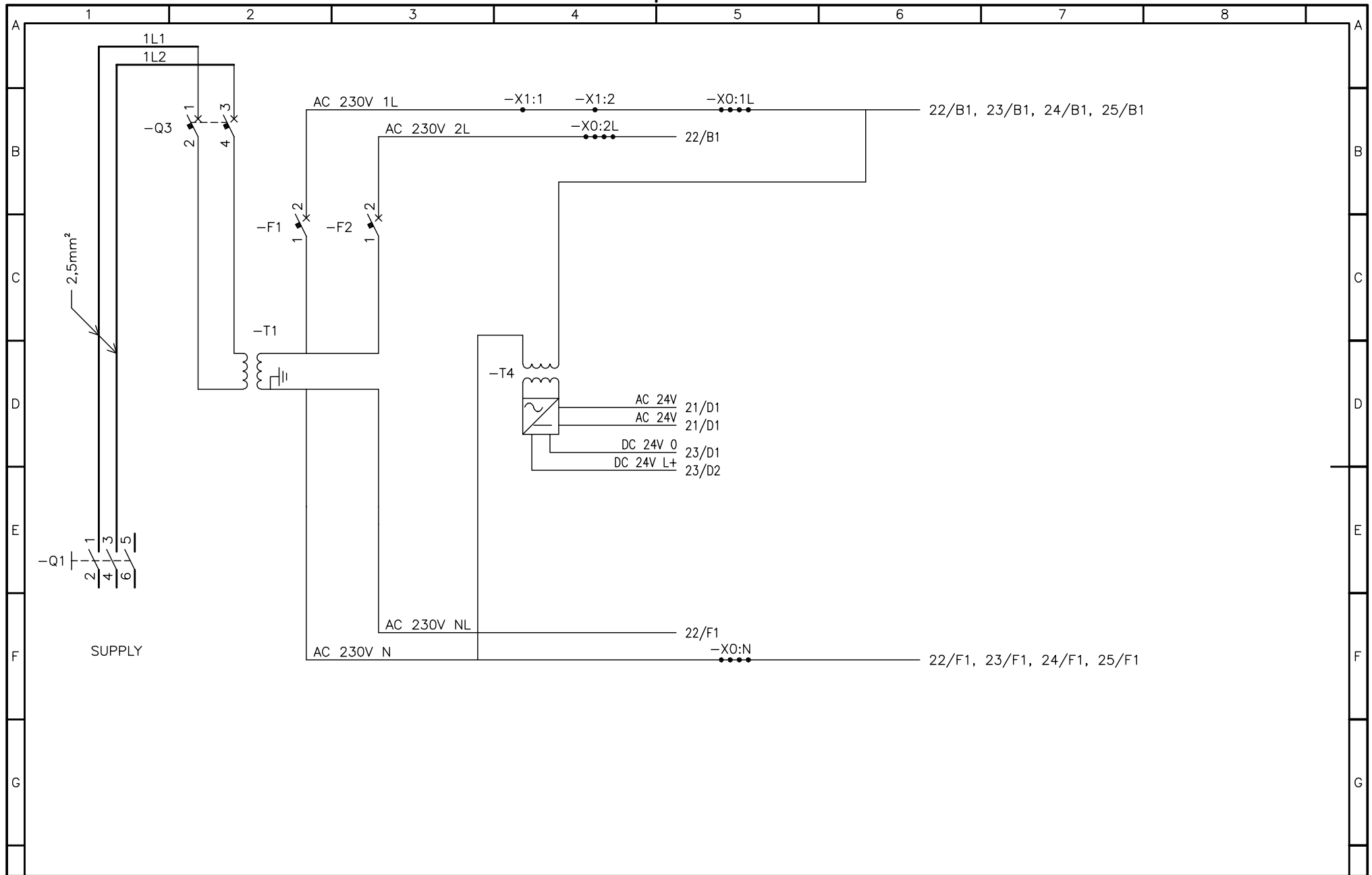
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
CONTROL VOLTAGE DISTRIBUTION
Single Line Diagram

OBJECT	=E0	DDC	Pg. Cnt.
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	-	A3-DRAWING #	407590
		SHEET	19
		OF SHEETS	31
		REV.	C



b DC power supply connections added 23/04/2007 KTa



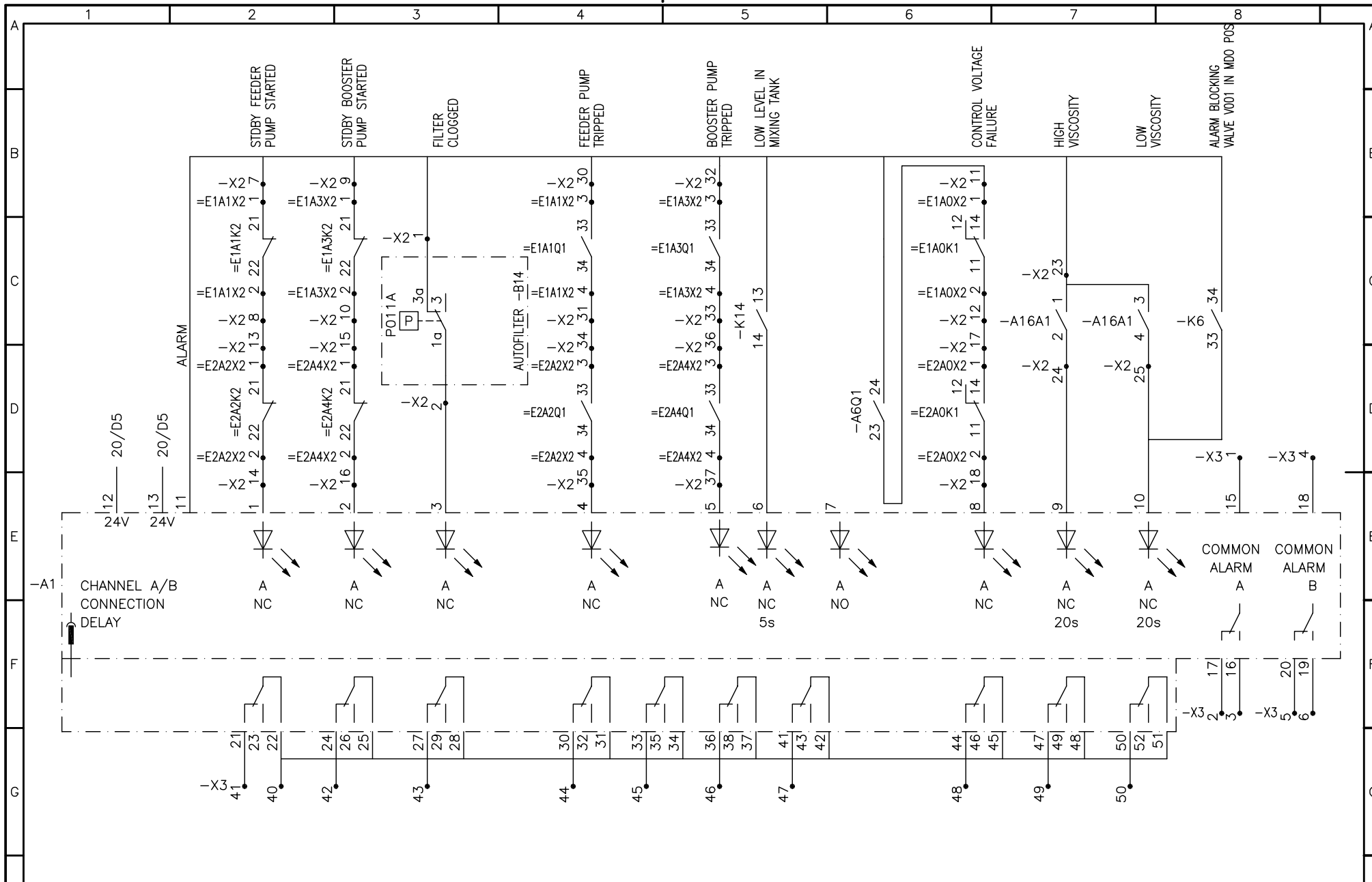
Product	AMB-M	CAD SCALE	
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
SUPPLY
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E0-A0 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	-	SHEET	20
		OF SHEETS	31
		A3-DRAWING #	407590
		REV.	C

a Auto filter changed 15.03.2007 ARU

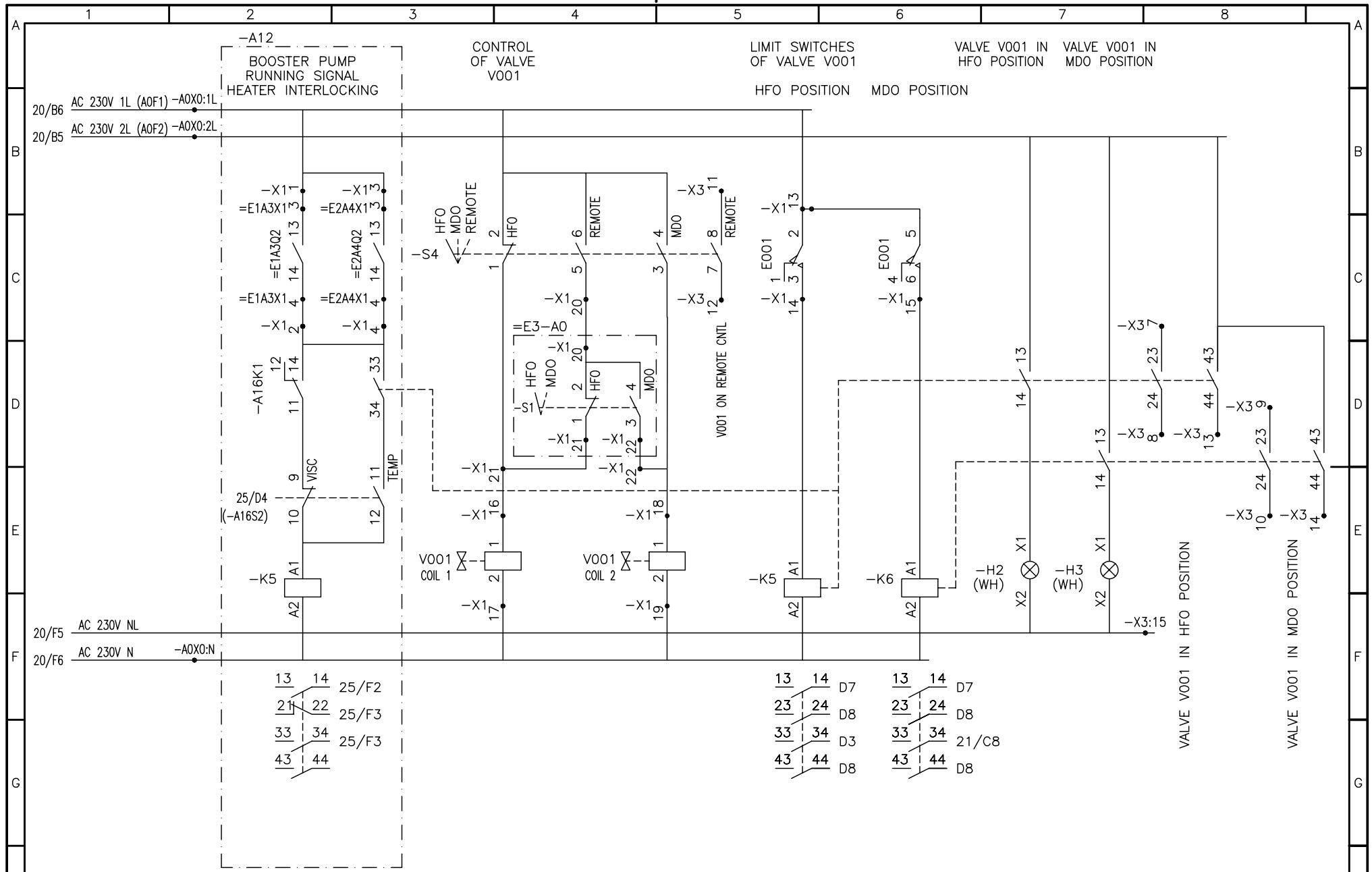


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
ALARMS
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E0-A0	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lnng	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8	SHEET 21
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #		REV.	
	407590			C



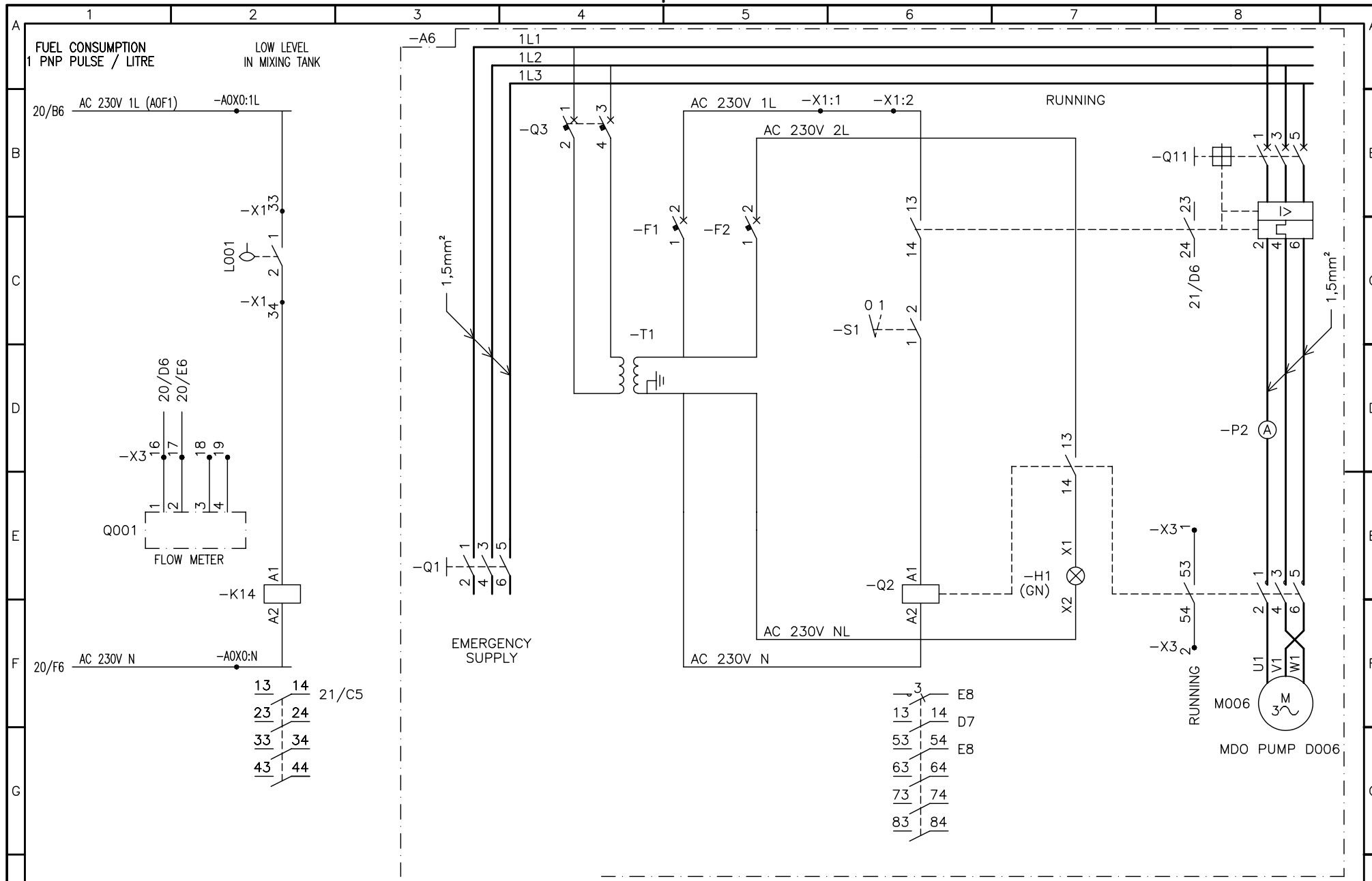
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	SCALE	CAD
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
HEATER INTERLOCKINGS, VALVE V001, SIGNALS
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E0-A0,A12	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8	SHEET 22
PROJECT #		A3-DRAWING #		SHEETS 31
			407590	REV. C



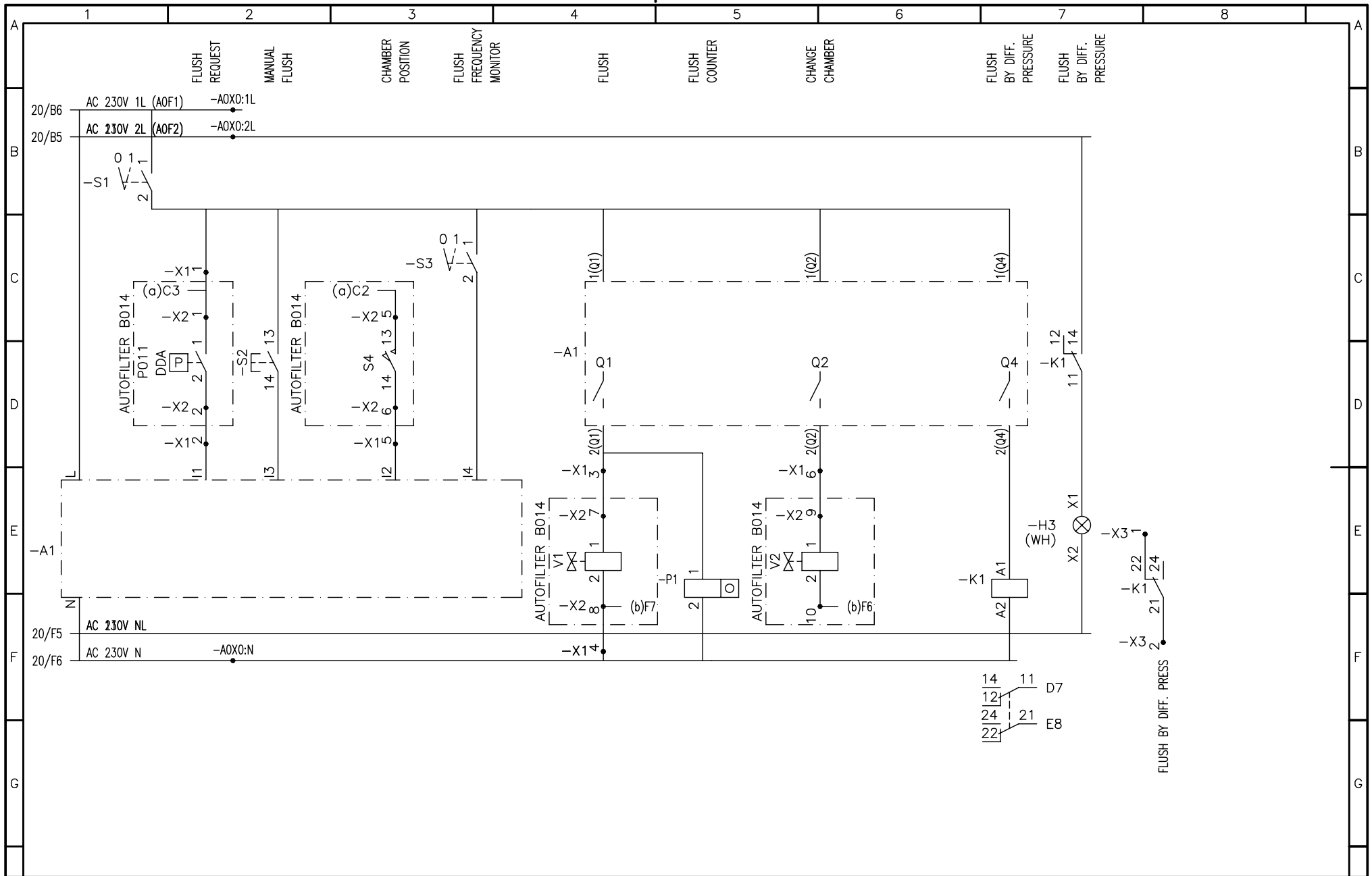
Product	AMB-M	CAD SCALE	1:1
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
SIGNALS, ALARMS, MDO PUMP D006
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E0-A0.A6	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SUPPL. Ident.	7564 6 8	SHEET 23
PROJECT #		A3-DRAWING #	407590	REV. C

a Auto filter changed 15.03.2007 ARu

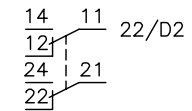
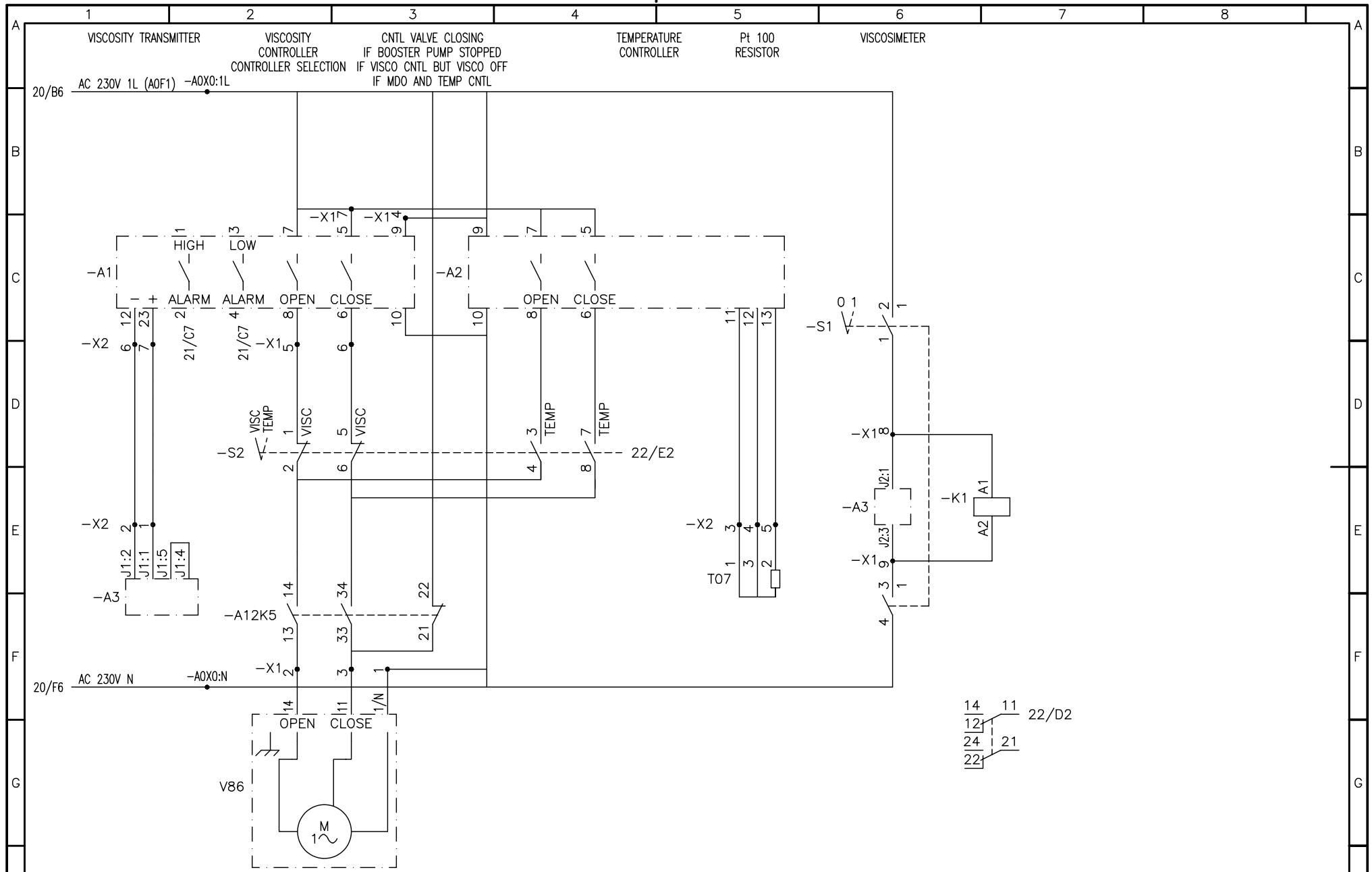


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
AUTO FILTER
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E0-A14	DDC	Pg. Cnt.
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	SHEET	24
	407590	REV.	C
		SHETS	31

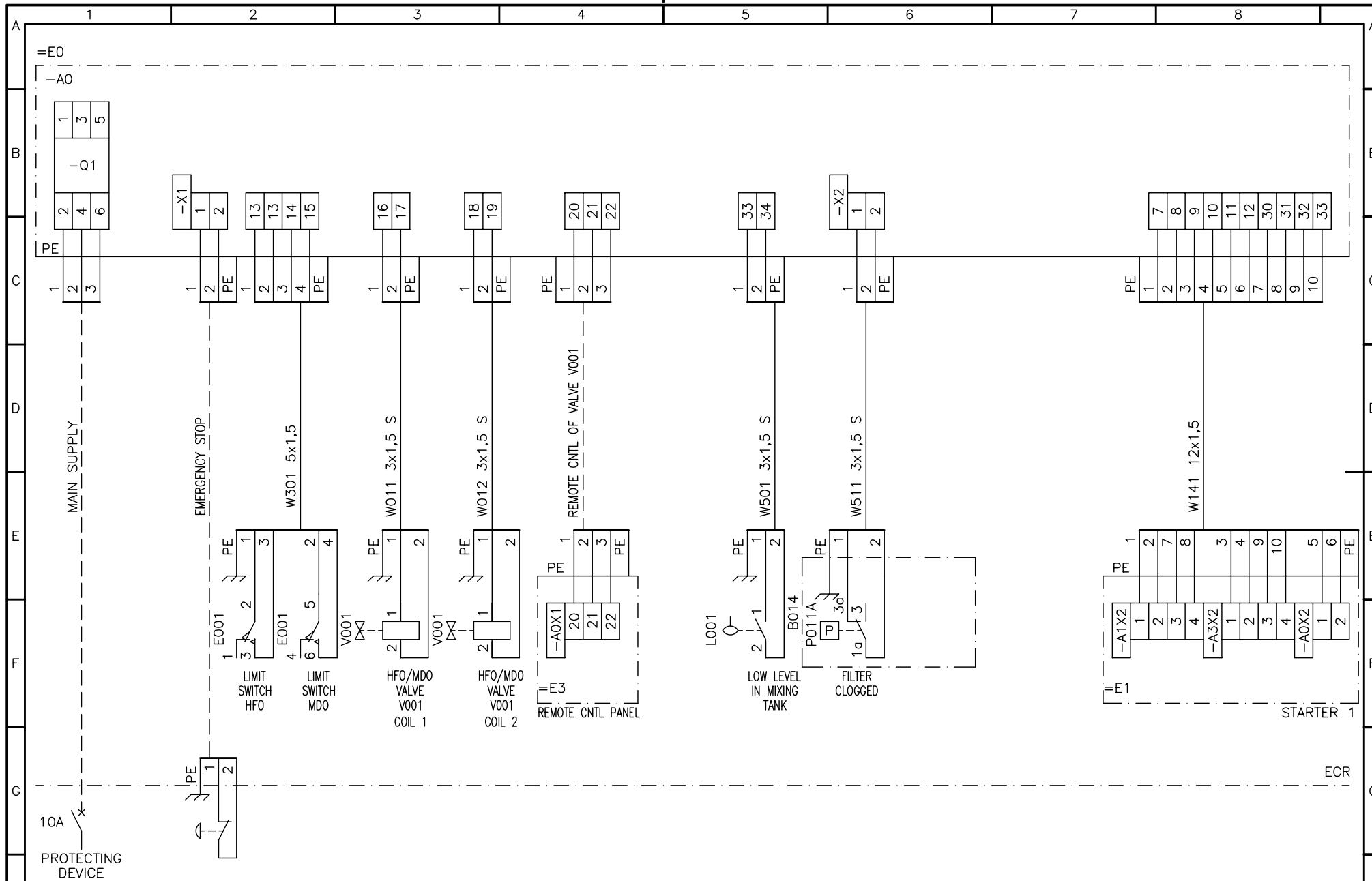


Product	AMB-M	SCALE	1:1
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
VISCOSIMETER, VISC CONTROL
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E0-A16	DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lng	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564_6_8	SHEET 25 OF SHEETS 31
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #		REV.	
	407590		C	



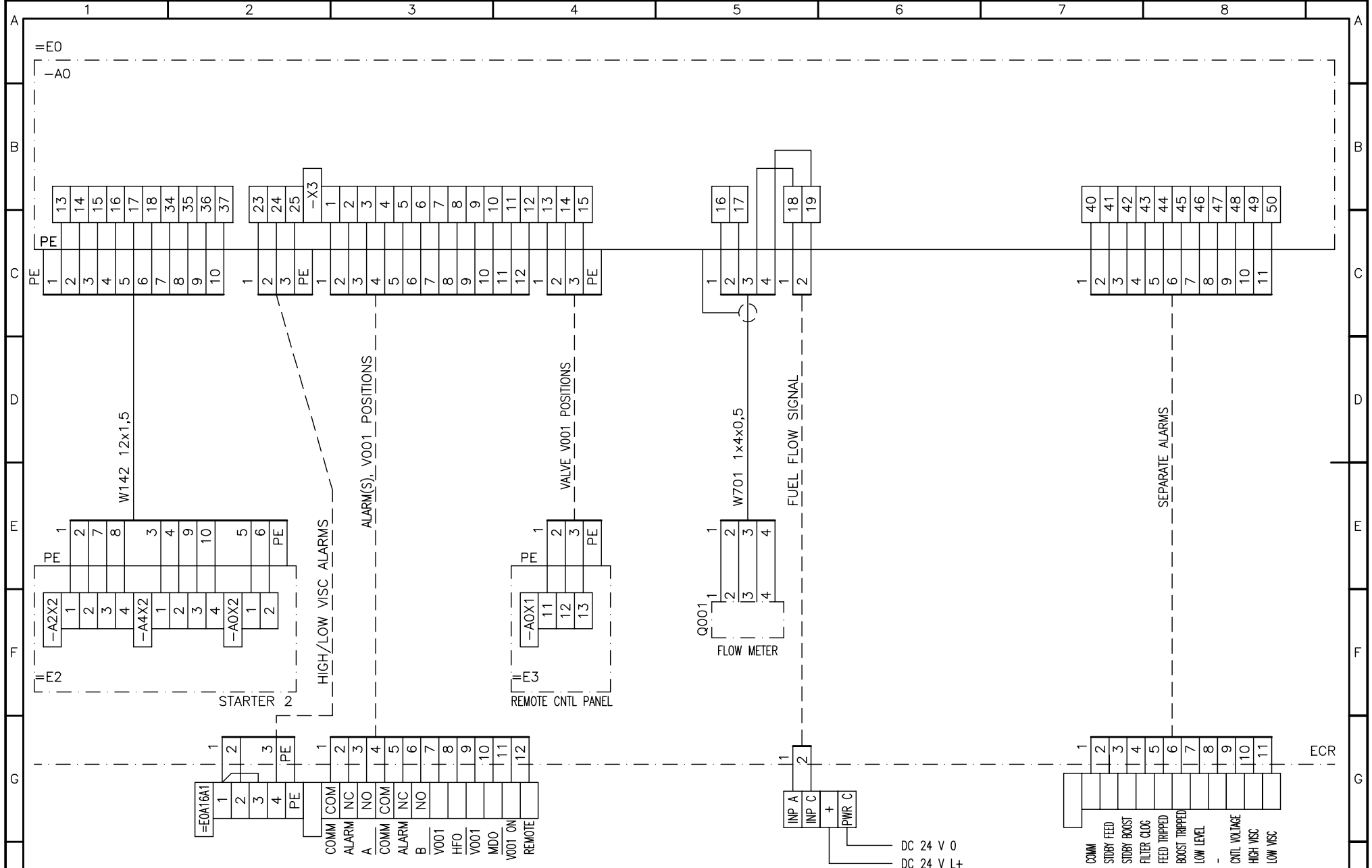
Product	AMB-M	CAD SCALE	
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
SUPPLY, ALARMS
Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E0 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564 6 8
PROJECT #		SHEET	26
		SHEETS	31
		REV.	
		A3-DRAWING #	407590
			C

b Flow meter type changed 23042007 KTa



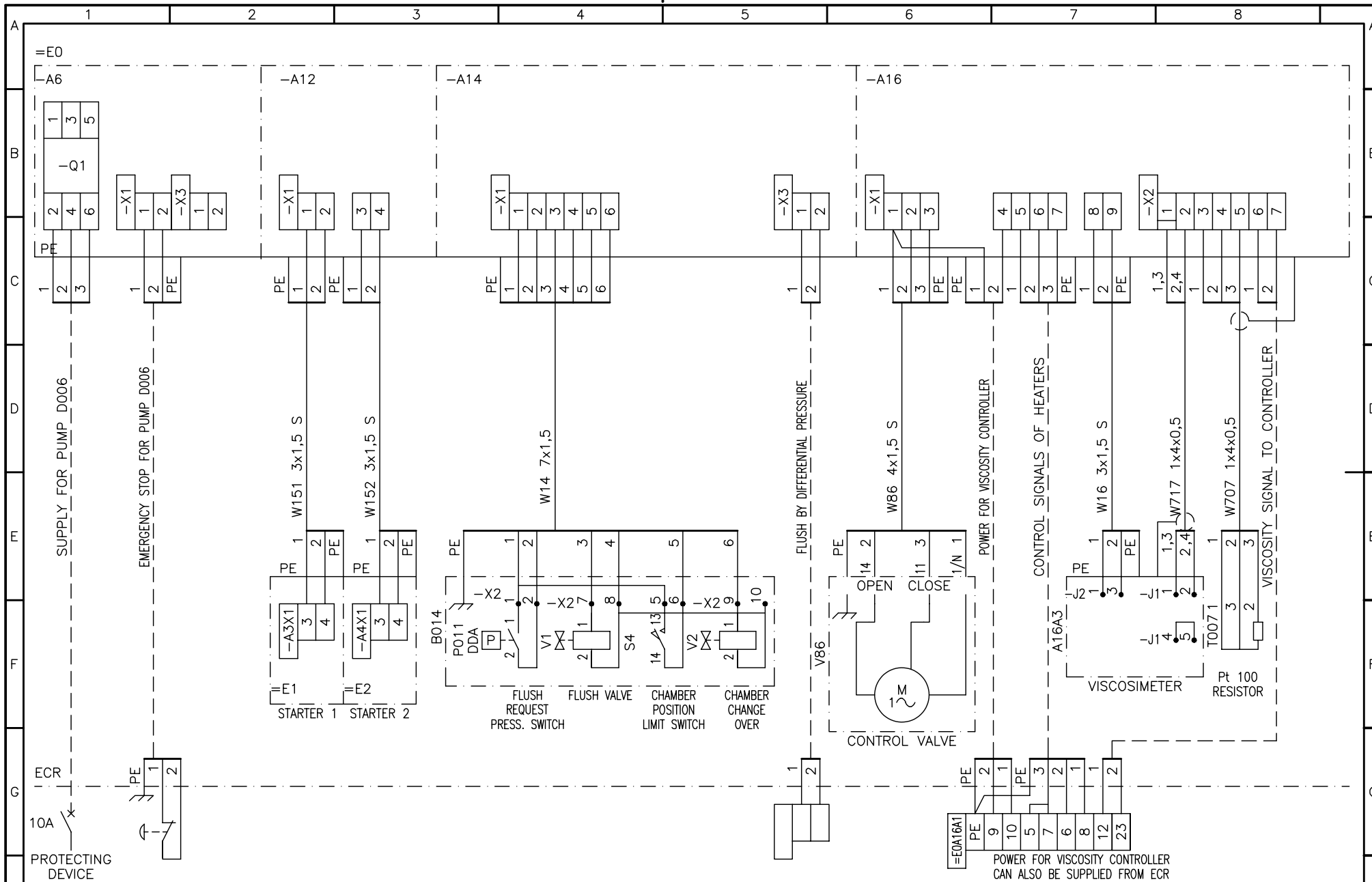
Product	AMB-M	SCALE	KTa/Tammi
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	
APPVD.	30.01.2007		

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
 JNSY H2431/32/33
 A/E

BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL
 ALARMS, SIGNALS
 Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E0 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	SHEET	27
PROJECT #	7564 6 8	SHEETS	31
	A3-DRAWING #	REV.	
	407590	C	

a Auto filter changed 15.03.2007 ARU



<p>AURAMARINE AURAMARINE Ltd FINLAND</p>	Product	AMB-M	CAD SCALE	HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.	BOOSTER UNIT CONTROL PANEL AUTOMATIC FILTER & VISCOSIMETER Interconnection Diagram	OBJECT	=E0 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	SHEET 28 of 31 SHEETS 31 REV. C	
	MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	JNSY H2431/32/33		LnG	GBI	Suppl. Ident.		7564 6 8
	CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	A/E		PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #			407590
	APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen							

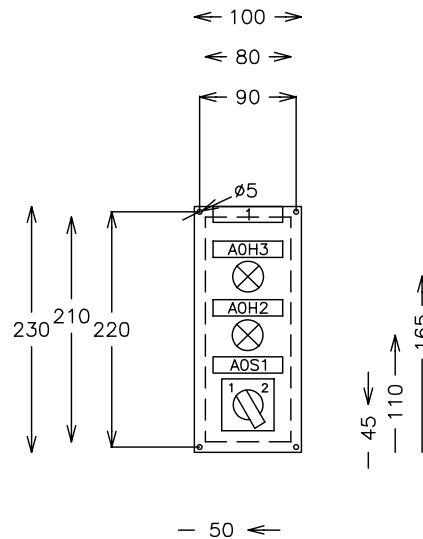
SHEET STEEL
SCANTLING 3mm
COLOR RAL 7035

LABELS FASTENED
ONLY WITH STICKERS
NO POP-RIVETS

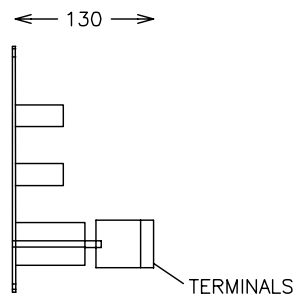
LIST OF LABELS

id	pcs	text
1	1	M/E C-O VALVE
-	-	CONTROL PANEL
AOS1	1	HFO/MDO VALVE V001
-	-	HFO MDO
AOH2	1	VALVE V001 IN
-	-	HFO POSITION
AOH3	1	VALVE V001 IN
-	-	MDO POSITION

FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW OF BACKSIDE



AC 230V 60Hz



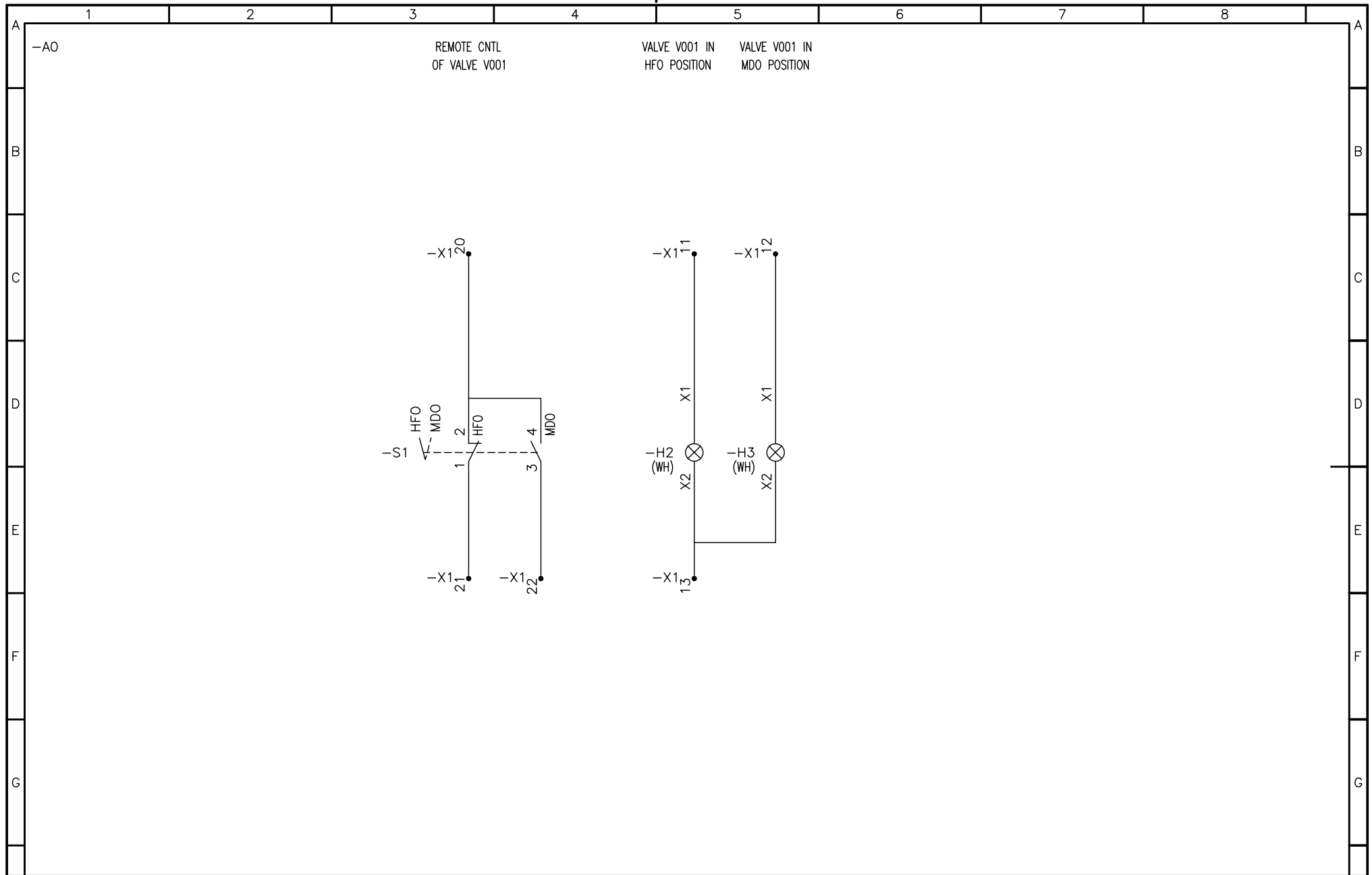
AURAMARINE Ltd
FINLAND

Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT REMOTE CNTL PANEL
-
Assembly Drawing

OBJECT	=E3DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
LngrGBIdent.	7564_6_8	SHEET	29
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	OF SHEETS	31
-	407590	REV.	C

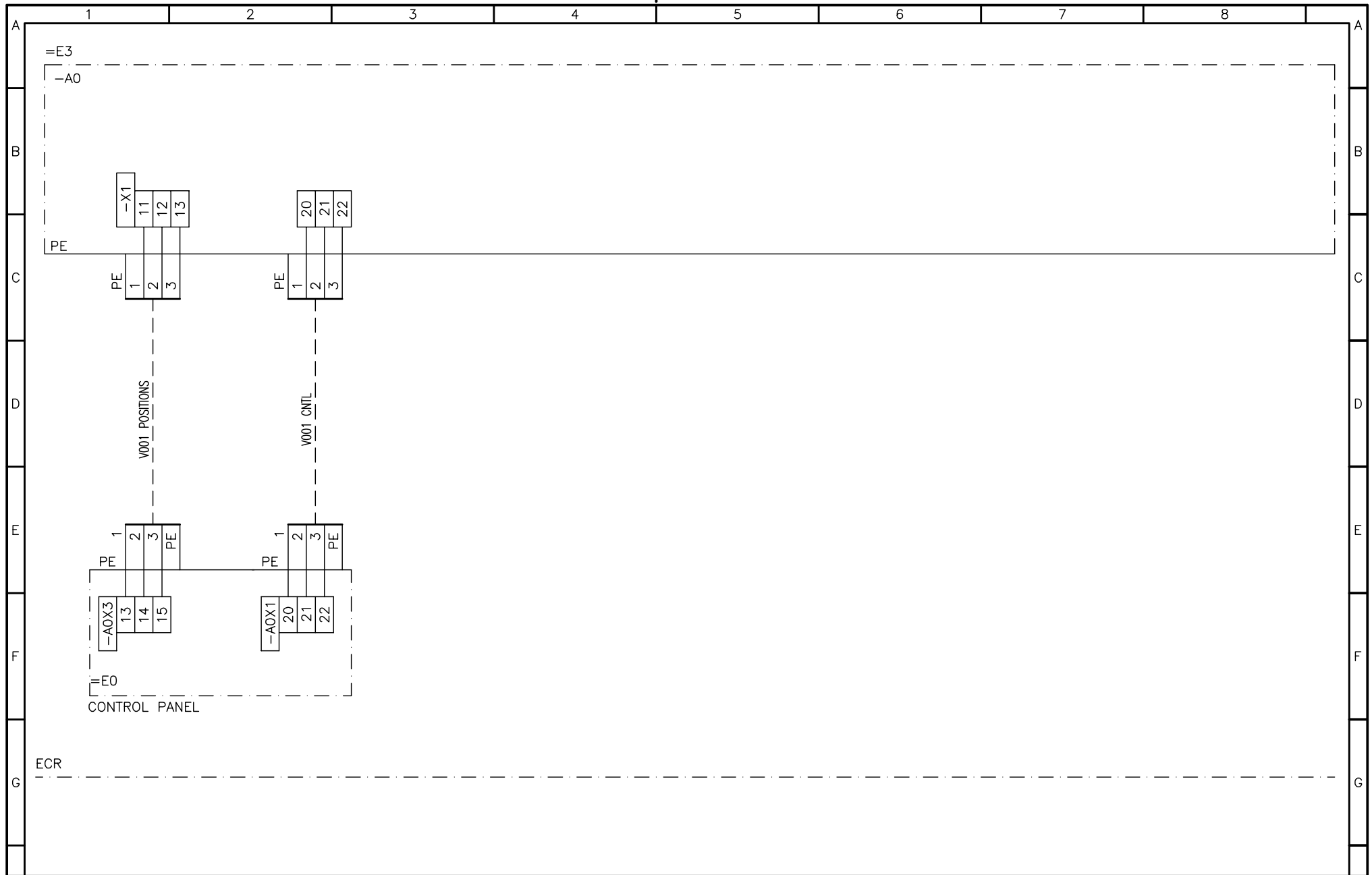


Product	AMB-M	CAD	SCALE
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT REMOTE CNTL PANEL
V001 CONTROL
Circuit Diagram

OBJECT	=E3-A0	DDC	Pg. Cnt. number
Lngr	GB	Suppl. Ident.	7564_6_8
PROJECT #	-	SHEET	30
		OF SHEETS	31
		A3-DRAWING #	407590
		REV.	C



Product	AMB-M	SCALE	1:1
MADE	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
CHKD.	30.01.2007	KTa/Tammi	
APPVD.	30.01.2007	RTu/Tuominen	

HUA HAI EQUIPMENT & ENG.
JNSY H2431/32/33
A/E

BOOSTER UNIT REMOTE CNTL PANEL
V001 CONTROL
Interconnection Diagram

OBJECT	=E3 DDC	Pg. Cnt.	number
Lang	GB	7564 6 8	SHEET 31
PROJECT #	A3-DRAWING #	407590	REV. C

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	MAKE	SETTING RANGE	RATED CURRENT
STARTER 1	1	AF00509	Compact enclosure	AE 1039.500	Rittal		
	1	AF00534	Door stay for the AE range	SZ 2519.000	Rittal		
	0,04	AF00558	Adhesive backed foam tape	VCI-170 6,1mx(51x6,3mm)	Cortec		
A0Q1	1	AF00732	Switch disconnecter	OT 45 E3	ABB		
A0Q1	1	AF00740	Handle	OHY 2 AJ	ABB		
A0Q1	1	AF00735	Shaft	OXS5x160	ABB		
A0Q3	1	AF00340	Miniature circuit-breaker	5SX2 202-8	Siemens		2 A
A0T1	1	AF00632	Transformer	PE 250 VA	Trafomic		
A0F1,A0F2	2	AF00328	Miniature circuit-breaker	5SX2 102-7	Siemens		2 A
A0K1	1	AF00501	Time relay	MBS 2.430.012.02	Schiele		
A1Q1	1	AF00367	Auxiliary contact	140-A11	Allen-Bradley		
A1Q1	1	AF00358	Circuit breaker	140-MN-0630	Allen-Bradley	4,0...6,3 A	
A1Q2	1	AF00475	Contacto	100-C09KF10	Allen-Bradley		
A1Q2	1	AF00487	Auxiliary contact block	100-FA31	Allen-Bradley		
A1K1	1	AF00501	Time relay	MBS 2.430.012.02	Schiele		
A1S1	1	AF00714	Rotary cam switch	WAJ 545/8ZM/NS/AURA	Sontheimer		
A1K2	1	AF00443	Control relay	700-CF220KF	Allen-Bradley		
A1H1	1	AF00883	Indicating light	CL-523G	ABB		
A1H2	1	AF00882	Indicating light	CL-523R	ABB		
A1P2	1	AF00591	A-meter	EQ 48 IP 54, 0-10/20 A with gasket	Deif		
A1P1	1	AF00596	Self-powered time counter	H7ET-NFV-B	Omron Electronics		
A3Q1	1	AF00367	Auxiliary contact	140-A11	Allen-Bradley		
A3Q1	1	AF00359	Circuit breaker	140-MN-1000	Allen-Bradley	6,3...10,0 A	
A3Q2	1	AF00475	Contacto	100-C09KF10	Allen-Bradley		
A3Q2	1	AF00487	Auxiliary contact block	100-FA31	Allen-Bradley		
A3S1	1	AF00714	Rotary cam switch	WAJ 545/8ZM/NS/AURA	Sontheimer		
A3K2	1	AF00443	Control relay	700-CF220KF	Allen-Bradley		
A3H1	1	AF00883	Indicating light	CL-523G	ABB		
A3H2	1	AF00882	Indicating light	CL-523R	ABB		
A3P2	1	AF00591	A-meter	EQ 48 IP 54, 0-10/20 A with gasket	Deif		
A3P1	1	AF00596	Self-powered time counter	H7ET-NFV-B	Omron Electronics		
STARTER 2	1	AF00509	Compact enclosure	AE 1039.500	Rittal		
	1	AF00534	Door stay for the AE range	SZ 2519.000	Rittal		
	0,04	AF00558	Adhesive backed foam tape	VCI-170 6,1mx(51x6,3mm)	Cortec		
A0Q1	1	AF00732	Switch disconnecter	OT 45 E3	ABB		
A0Q1	1	AF00740	Handle	OHY 2 AJ	ABB		
A0Q1	1	AF00735	Shaft	OXS5x160	ABB		
A0Q3	1	AF00340	Miniature circuit-breaker	5SX2 202-8	Siemens		2 A
A0T1	1	AF00632	Transformer	PE 250 VA	Trafomic		
A0F1,A0F2	2	AF00328	Miniature circuit-breaker	5SX2 102-7	Siemens		2 A

Auramarine Ltd
Finland

EL. PART LIST

Product: AMB-M
Made: 07.11.2007 KTa/Tammi
Chkd: 07.11.2007 ARu/Rusanen
Appvd: 07.11.2007 RTu/Tuominen

Product id: 7564_6_8
Document id: PL407590B
Sheet 1 of 3

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	MAKE	SETTING RANGE	RATED CURRENT
A0K1	1	AF00501	Time relay	MBS 2.430.012.02	Schiele		
A2Q1	1	AF00367	Auxiliary contact	140-A11	Allen-Bradley		
A2Q1	1	AF00358	Circuit breaker	140-MN-0630	Allen-Bradley	4,0...6,3 A	
A2Q2	1	AF00475	Contacto	100-C09KF10	Allen-Bradley		
A2Q2	1	AF00487	Auxiliary contact block	100-FA31	Allen-Bradley		
A2S1	1	AF00714	Rotary cam switch	WAJ 545/8ZM/NS/AURA	Sontheimer		
A2K2	1	AF00443	Control relay	700-CF220KF	Allen-Bradley		
A2H1	1	AF00883	Indicating light	CL-523G	ABB		
A2H2	1	AF00882	Indicating light	CL-523R	ABB		
A2P2	1	AF00591	A-meter	EQ 48 IP 54, 0-10/20 A with gasket	Deif		
A2P1	1	AF00596	Self-powered time counter	H7ET-NFV-B	Omron Electronics		
A4Q1	1	AF00367	Auxiliary contact	140-A11	Allen-Bradley		
A4Q1	1	AF00359	Circuit breaker	140-MN-1000	Allen-Bradley	6,3...10,0 A	
A4Q2	1	AF00475	Contacto	100-C09KF10	Allen-Bradley		
A4Q2	1	AF00487	Auxiliary contact block	100-FA31	Allen-Bradley		
A4K1	1	AF00501	Time relay	MBS 2.430.012.02	Schiele		
A4S1	1	AF00714	Rotary cam switch	WAJ 545/8ZM/NS/AURA	Sontheimer		
A4K2	1	AF00443	Control relay	700-CF220KF	Allen-Bradley		
A4H1	1	AF00883	Indicating light	CL-523G	ABB		
A4H2	1	AF00882	Indicating light	CL-523R	ABB		
A4P2	1	AF00591	A-meter	EQ 48 IP 54, 0-10/20 A with gasket	Deif		
A4P1	1	AF00596	Self-powered time counter	H7ET-NFV-B	Omron Electronics		
CNTL PANEL	1	AF00514	Compact enclosure	AE 1077.500	Rittal		
	1	AF00534	Door stay for the AE range	SZ 2519.000	Rittal		
	0,11	AF00558	Adhesive backed foam tape	VCI-170 6,1mx(51x6,3mm)	Cortec		
A0Q1,A6Q1	2	AF00732	Switch disconnecto	OT 45 E3	ABB		
A0Q1,A6Q1	2	AF00740	Handle	OHY 2 AJ	ABB		
A0Q1,A6Q1	2	AF00735	Shaft	OXS5x160	ABB		
A0Q3,A6Q3	2	AF00340	Miniature circuit-breaker	5SX2 202-8	Siemens		2 A
A0T1,A6T1	2	AF00633	Transformer	PE 400 VA	Trafomic		
A0F1,A0F2,A6F1,A6F2	4	AF00328	Miniature circuit-breaker	5SX2 102-7	Siemens		2 A
A0T4	1	AF00644	1-Phase power supply	TC 115+115/24AC,24DC, 0,35/0,096A	Trafomic		
A0A1	1	AF00005	Alarm display unit	LLC-10, 24 V AC	IMSAB Ingenjörsfirman M Sjöbris AB		
A0A1	1	AF00007	Relay circuit board	LLC RF	IMSAB Ingenjörsfirman M Sjöbris AB		
A0K14	1	AF00441	Control relay	700-CF400KF	Allen-Bradley		
A0K5,A0K6	2	AF00441	Control relay	700-CF400KF	Allen-Bradley		
A0H2,A0H3	2	AF00880	Indicating light	CL-523W	ABB		
A0S4	1	AF00762	Rotary cam switch	ST34/8ZM/F302/NS/AURA	Sontheimer		
A6Q11	1	AF00366	Auxiliary contact	140-A20	Allen-Bradley		
A6Q11	1	AF00357	Circuit breaker	140-MN-0400	Allen-Bradley	2,5...4,0 A	

Auramarine Ltd
Finland

EL. PART LIST

Product: AMB-M
Made: 07.11.2007 KTa/Tammi
Chkd: 07.11.2007 ARu/Rusanen
Appvd: 07.11.2007 RTu/Tuominen

Product id: 7564_6_8
Document id: PL407590B
Sheet 2 of 3

ITEM	QTY	PART NO	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	MAKE	SETTING RANGE	RATED CURRENT
A6Q2	1	AF00475	Contactora	100-C09KF10	Allen-Bradley		
A6Q2	1	AF00486	Auxiliary contact block	100-FA40	Allen-Bradley		
A6S1	1	AF00693	Rotary cam switch	A2/8ZM/F601/AURA	Sontheimer		
A6H1	1	AF00883	Indicating light	CL-523G	ABB		
A6P2	1	AF00590	A-meter	EQ 48 IP 54, 0-5/10 A with gasket	Deif		
A14S1	1	AF00693	Rotary cam switch	A2/8ZM/F601/AURA	Sontheimer		
A14S2	1	AF00720	Non-Illuminated, Flush push button	800EP-F23LX10, Black	Allen-Bradley		
A14P1	1	AF00597	Self-powered total counter	H7EC-NFV-B, 230V	Omron Electronics		
A14A1	1	AF00689	Logic module LOGO! 230 RC	6ED1052-1FB00-0BA5	Siemens		
LOOSE_A16A1	1	AF00679	Digital controller	E5EK-PRR2-500 AC100-240 (4-20 mA)	Omron Electronics		
A16A2	1	AF00681	Digital controller	E5EK-PRR2-500 AC100-240 (PT-100 fee	Omron Electronics		
A16S2	1	AF00709	Rotary cam switch	WS4/8ZM/F614/AURA	Sontheimer		
A16S1	1	AF00693	Rotary cam switch	A2/8ZM/F601/AURA	Sontheimer		
A16K1	1	AF00428	Miniature relay	40.52.8.230	Finder		
A16K1	1	AF00429	Screw terminal socket	95,75	Finder		
A12K5	1	AF00441	Control relay	700-CF400KF	Allen-Bradley		
A0S1	1	AF00708	Rotary cam switch	WS2/8ZM/F614/AURA	Sontheimer		
A0H2,A0H3	2	AF00880	Indicating light	CL-523W	ABB		



SECTION 4

4 Factory certificate

MAKER'S CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that AURAMARINE ASIA LD did inspection and test of:

Unit type: AMB-M-07-SS
Site: Auramarine Shanghai
Classification Society: GL

DRAWINGS

General arrangement: 407547
P&I diagram: 306649
Electric diagram: 407590C

VOLTAGE: 440V/60HZ/230VAC

PRESSURE TEST	DP bar	WP bar	TP bar	MEDIUM
Suction side	2	0	3	Oil
Feeder side	10	4	15	Oil
De-aeration vessel	10	4	15	Oil
Booster side	12	4-8	18	Oil
Steam side	12	7	18	AIR/Water

The unit is surveyed in finished condition and tested min. 1.5xDP and found tight and in satisfactory condition.

GENERAL INSPECTION: The installation of mechanical/electrical equipment was considered satisfactory.

THE UNIT IS FINALLY STAMPED:"TP 15 bar"

Place: Shanghai, PRC

Tester:


Gu Cheng/AURAMARINE ASIA LTD



Date: 2007.12.17

AURAMARINE ASIA LTD.

Add: No. 13 LongYang Industrial Zone, No. 888
XinFeng Road, FengXian District, 201401 Shanghai, PRC.
Tel: +86-21-6710 4305
FAX: +86-21-6710 4306

奥拉莫林(上海)船用设备有限公司

地址: 上海莘奉公路 888 号龙洋工业园区 13 号厂房
邮编: 201401
电话: +86-21-6710 4305
传真: +86-21-6710 4306

TEST REPORT

Manufacturer: AURAMARINE ASIA LTD

Tested and approved by: GU CHENG

Date:



FUNCTIONAL TEST RESULT AND SET POINTS

Oil type: Fuchs Anticorit 5F

Pressure test:

Suction side: 3 bars
Feeder side: 15 bars
Booster side: 18 bars
Steam side: 18 bars

DENOMINATION	FUNCT ION	SETTING RANGE	SET POINT
1.INSPECTION OF COMPONENT SUPPORT	Ok		
2.FEEDER PUMPS	Ok		
Motor protection	Ok	4.0-6.3A	4.75A
Stand-by press. Switch setting	Ok	1-10bar	3bar
Safety valves inside the pumps	Ok		10bar
3.PRESSURE CONTROL OVERFLOW VALVE	Ok	2-5Bar	4bar
4.DEAERATION SYSTEM	Ok		
Pilot air pressure			
Pressure keeping valve	Ok		
Low level	Ok		
Safety valve	Ok		10bar

DENOMINATION	FUNCT ION	SETTIG RANGE	SET POINT
5.BOOSTER PUMPS	Ok		

AURAMARINE ASIA LTD.

Add: No. 13 LongYang Industrial Zone, No. 888
13号厂房

XinFeng Road, FengXian District, 201401 Shanghai, PRC

Tel: +86-21-6710 4305

FAX: +86-21-6710 4306

奥拉莫林(上海)船用设备有限公司

地址: 上海莘奉公路 888 号龙洋工业园区

邮编: 201401

电话: +86-21-6710 4305

传真: +86-21-6710 4306

Motor protection	Ok	6.3-10.0A	8.3A
Stand-by press. Switch setting	Ok	1-10bar	6bar
Safety valves inside pumps	Ok		15bar
6.HEATERS SAFETY VALVES	Ok		16bar
7.TEMPERATURE CONTROL SYSTEM	Ok	0-200C	135C
Overtemp. alarm			
High temp. alarm			
Low temp. alarm			
Heating control valve	Ok		
Proportional band	Ok	0.1-999.9%	2.0%
Integral time	Ok	0-3999s	240s
Derivation time	Ok		40s
8.VISCOSITY CONTR.SYSTEM	Ok	0-50cSt	13cSt
Motor protection	Ok		
Low viscosity	Ok	From set point	-3cSt
High viscosity	Ok	From set point	+3cSt
Heating control valve	Ok		
Air regulating unit (if any)	Ok		
Proportional band	Ok	0.1-999.9%	10%
Integral time	Ok	0-3999s	240s
Derivation time			
9. CONTROL FOR EL.HEATER PRESSURE SWITCHES			
10.AUTOMATIC FILTER	Ok		
Motor protection			
Flushing time	Ok	0-10s	5 sec.
Flushing period	Ok	0-300min	120min
Diff. press. for flushing	Ok		0.6bar
Diff. press. for alarm	Ok		0.8bar

DENOMINATION	FUNCTION	SETTING RANGE	SET POINT
11.RUNNING LIGHTS	Ok		
12. OUTPUT SIGNAL	Ok		
mars viscosity signal	Ok	4-20mA/0-50cSt	
am/l/h	Ok		
13.ALARMS TO CONTR.ROOM	Ok		

AURAMARINE ASIA LTD.

Add No. 13 LongYang Industrial Zone, No. 888
13号厂房
XinFeng Road, FengXian District, 201401 Shanghai, PRC
Tel: +86-21-6710 4305
FAX: +86-21-6710 4306

奥拉莫林(上海)船用设备有限公司

地址: 上海莘奉公路 888 号龙洋工业园区
邮编: 201401
电话: +86-21-6710 4305
传真: +86-21-6710 4306

14.OTHER ALARMS	Ok		
High difference pressure	Ok		
Low pressure alarm	Ok		
Low instrument air pressure	Ok		
15.CONTINUITY OF PROTECTIVE BONDING CIRCUIT	Ok		
16.INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST	Ok		
17.VOLTAGE TEST	Ok	2500V	
18. MOTOR & EL.HEATER CURRENTS	Ok		
DO NOT EXCEED NORMAL VALUES	Ok		

Calibrated testing equipments:

- multi meter no: 82870249
- clamp meter: 76952904
- pressure gauges no: No1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10

Tester signature:

Gu Cheng

Witnessed by classification society:

GL

Arrival time:

Leaving time:

Date:

AURAMARINE ASIA LTD.

Add No. 13 LongYang Industrial Zone, No. 888
13号厂房

XinFeng Road, FengXian District, 201401 Shanghai, PRC

Tel: +86-21-6710 4305

FAX +86-21-6710 4306

奥拉莫林(上海)船用设备有限公司

地址: 上海莘奉公路 888 号龙洋工业园区

邮编: 201401

电话: +86-21-6710 4305

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SECTION 6

6 Instruction manual

1	STORAGE, HANDLING AND INSTALLATION	5
1.1	Storage.....	5
1.2	Handling.....	5
1.3	Installation	5
2	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	7
3	WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS	7
4	START-UP	8
5	SHUTDOWN.....	10
6	TROUBLE SHOOTING.....	11
7	MAIN SWITCH.....	12
8	ELECTRONIC TIMER, CT-S RANGE, TYPE 1SVR6300	13
8.1	Operating controls	13
8.2	Electrical diagram.....	14
8.3	Function diagrams.....	15
8.4	Factory settings by Auramarine Ltd.....	17
9	COUNTER, TYPE H7E	18
10	ALARM PANEL.....	20
10.1	Alarm panel for units with LRS classification.....	21
11	VISCOSITY AND TEMPERATURE CONTROLLERS E5EK	22
11.1	Operation	25
11.2	Access to parameters.....	26
11.3	Parameter settings of the viscosity controller A16A1	27
11.4	Parameter settings of the temperature controller A16A2.....	30
12	PRESSURE SWITCH MBC 5000, 5100	33
13	LEVEL LIMIT SWITCH LIQUIPHANT T FTL20	34
13.1	Instructions.....	34
14	FLOW METER, TYPE VZF.....	36
14.1	Display	37
14.2	Operation	38
14.2.1	Main menu	38
14.2.2	Information menu	40
14.2.3	Parameter menu	42
14.2.3.1	Parameter settings.....	44
14.2.3.2	Parameterising the display.....	48
14.2.3.3	Parameterising the flow sensor data.....	48
14.2.3.4	Parameterising the outputs	49
14.3	Error messages.....	53
14.4	Maintenance.....	53
15	VISCOSITY SENSOR, TYPE VISCOSENSE2	54
15.1	Operation	55
15.1.1	Initial start-up.....	55
15.1.2	Routine start-up.....	56
15.1.3	Shutdown on diesel oil	56
15.1.4	Shutdown on heavy fuel oil	56
15.2	Maintenance.....	56
15.2.1	Routine maintenance	56
15.2.2	Cleaning.....	57
15.2.2.1	Sensor assembly	57
15.2.3	Electrical connections	59
15.2.4	Trouble shooting and repair	60

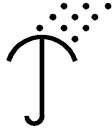
15.2.5	Diagnostic information.....	60
15.2.6	General trouble shooting.....	62
15.2.7	PI setting errors (for additional viscosity controller).....	63
15.2.8	Parts list.....	64
16	HEAT EXCHANGER, TYPE MX.....	65
16.1	General Description.....	65
16.2	Operation.....	65
16.2.1	Commissioning.....	65
16.2.2	Initial start-up.....	65
16.2.3	Output.....	65
16.2.4	Conservation during shut down periods.....	66
16.3	Maintenance and cleaning.....	66
16.3.1	Regular cleaning periods.....	66
16.3.2	Cleaning of tubes.....	66
16.3.3	Heavy contamination.....	67
16.3.4	Checking the safety valves.....	67
16.3.5	Dismantling and reassembling of the tube section.....	67
16.4	Spare parts.....	68
17	ELECTRIC MOTOR, TYPES 7A*, 7B*, 14BG*.....	69
17.1	General information.....	69
17.2	Operation and maintenance.....	70
17.2.1	Lubrication.....	71
17.3	Electrical connection.....	72
17.4	Spare parts.....	73
18	AC ELECTRIC INDUCTION MOTORS.....	75
18.1	Maintenance.....	75
18.1.1	Periodic maintenance.....	75
18.1.2	Wound rotor.....	76
18.1.3	Hazardous area motors.....	76
18.2	Replacing non-drive end bearing.....	76
18.2.1	Bearing removal.....	76
18.2.2	Bearing replacement.....	77
18.3	Spare parts.....	78
19	SCREW PUMP, TYPE ACE.....	81
19.1	Start-up of ACE and ACG pumps.....	83
19.1.1	Before starting.....	83
19.1.1.1	Direction of rotation.....	84
19.1.2	Starting ACE and ACG pumps.....	84
19.1.2.1	Setting the pressure relief valve.....	85
19.1.2.2	Adjusting the tuning.....	85
19.2	Maintenance.....	86
19.2.1	Inspection of shaft seal.....	86
19.2.2	Inspection of rotors.....	87
19.2.3	Shaft seal - assembly drawing.....	87
19.2.4	Dismantling.....	88
19.2.5	Re-assembly.....	92
19.3	Pressure relief valve.....	96
19.4	Recharging of Sealguard.....	96
19.5	Trouble shooting.....	98
19.6	List of components.....	100
19.6.1	Spare part sets.....	101

20	SCREW PUMP, TYPE ACE3 WITH MAGNETIC COUPLING	102
20.1	Start-up	104
20.1.1	Before starting	104
20.1.1.1	Direction of rotation	104
20.1.2	Starting	105
20.1.2.1	Setting the pressure relief valve	105
20.2	Maintenance	106
20.2.1	Inspection of rotors	107
20.2.2	Magnetic coupling	108
20.2.3	Dismantling	109
20.2.4	Reassembly	112
20.3	Trouble shooting	115
20.4	Components	118
20.4.1	Spare parts	119
21	PRESSURE LIMITING VALVE, TYPE SPVF	120
21.1	Description of operation	121
21.2	Constructions and spares	121
21.3	Adjustment	122
21.4	Venting	122
22	BALL VALVE, TYPES N2, N8 AND N9	123
22.1	Operation	123
22.1.1	Manual operation	123
22.1.2	Automated operation	123
22.2	Maintenance	123
22.2.1	Steam leakage	124
22.2.2	Body seals leakage	124
22.2.3	In line or seats leakage	124
22.3	Valve disassembly to inspect and/or replace body seals, seats, packing and ball	124
22.4	Inspection and replacement	125
22.5	Re-assembly	125
22.5.1	Steam re-assembly	125
22.5.2	Ball, seats and seals re-assembly, types N8 and N9	125
22.5.3	Ball, seats and seals re-assembly, type N2	126
22.6	Testing	126
22.7	Automated ball valves	126
22.8	Tightness values for handle nut 2A-2B and body bolts 16, types N8 and N9	127
22.9	Tightness values for handle nut 2A-2B and body bolts 16, type N2	127
22.10	Storage	127
22.11	Spare parts	128
23	CONTROL VALVE, TYPES BR440-446	129
23.1	Maintenance	129
23.1.1	Packings with PTFE V-ring unit	130
23.1.2	Stuffing box packings	131
23.1.3	Bellow Seal	132
23.1.4	Replacing the Plug, Spindle and Seating	133
23.2	Troubleshooting	135
24	THRUST ACTUATOR, TYPE PREMIO	136
24.1	Manual operation	137
24.1.1	2.2 - 5 Kn	137
24.1.2	12 - 15 Kn	138
24.2	Settings	139

24.2.1	Torque and travel switches -standard feature	139
24.2.2	Connection boards PA or NA (only 2.2- 5 kN).....	140
24.2.3	Potentiometers	140
24.3	Putting the actuator into operation	140
24.4	Diagram.....	141
24.5	Maintenance.....	142
24.6	Dismantlement of thrust actuator	142
24.7	Troubleshooting.....	143
24.7.1	Troubleshooting table.....	144
25	VALVE, SERIES 776000	145
26	SWITCHBOX, SERIES W AUTOMAX	146
26.1	Adjusting limit switches	146
27	AUTOMATIC VENT VALVE, G8070, F8071	148
28	STOP VALVE, TYPES FIG 215 AND FIG-216	149
29	FILTER, MODEL F08.....	150
29.1	Maintenance.....	151
29.1.1	To clean or replace bowl assembly	151
29.1.2	To replace filter element.....	151
30	AUTOMATIC FILTER, TYPE 6.62	152
30.1	General	152
30.2	Commissioning.....	154
30.3	Control of automatic filter, type 6.62.....	155
30.3.1	Chamber fill up time change.....	156
30.3.2	Flush period change.....	157
30.3.3	Flush time change.....	157
30.3.4	Parameter settings	157
30.3.5	Set clock is selected to set time and date.	158
30.4	Maintenance.....	159
30.4.1	Servicing Tools.....	160
30.4.2	Candle Element Cleaning Agent "BOLL CLEAN 2000"	161
30.4.2.1	Mesh contaminated with heavy oil	161
30.4.2.2	Instruction for use	161
30.4.3	Maintenance instructions (bypass filter).....	163
30.5	Spare parts.....	167
30.5.1	Type 6.62.1	167
30.5.2	Type 6.62	170
31	PRESSURE VESSELS	175
32	HOW TO ORDER SPARE PARTS	176

1 STORAGE, HANDLING AND INSTALLATION

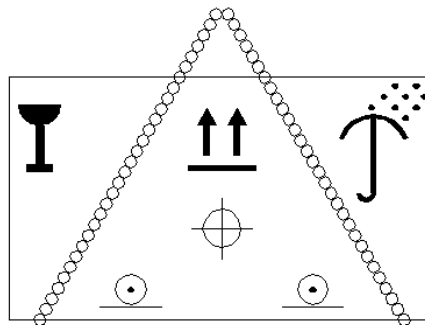
1.1 Storage



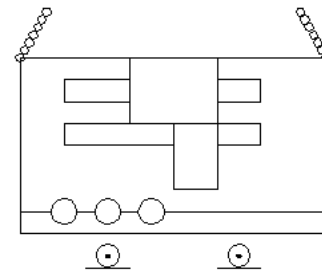
The unit is to be protected from rain, snow and dirt. In order to avoid condensation, it is recommended to avoid temperature variation.

Storage temperature -10 to +60°C
Ambient humidity max. 85%

1.2 Handling



packed unit



unpacked unit



Unit is handled from lift hangers or with forklift truck. Used lifting device is to have adequate lifting capacity and break resistance, and it is prohibited to be under lifted load.

1.3 Installation

Package material is wood and plastic. Package materials are to be disposed or recycled according to local law.

Before final installation and fastening of the unit, the following is to be taken into account:

Visual inspection is recommended in order to see possible damages caused by transport or moving to the installation place.

Needed service space can be seen in the general arrangement drawing.

Installation place is to be as vibration free as possible.

Installation place must have adequate ventilation in order to prevent explosion danger.

The unit must be fastened with bolts or by welding, see general arrangement drawing. Additional bracing of booster unit must be done if vibration is detected.

Plugs of pipe connections are to be removed before installing pipes to fuel oil unit.

It is recommended that all HFO pipelines connected to fuel oil units are insulated and trace heated.

Pipeline connections can be seen in the general arrangement drawing.

Electrical connections can be seen in the interconnection pages of the electric drawings.

Protective bonding to be executed according to the standards of the installation place.

Before start-up, activate the gas generator of the SealGuard, if installed.

2 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



1. Read the instruction manual for the unit.
2. Wear protective clothing, ear defenders and eye protection. Danger of burning lesion. Beware of hot surfaces, hot oil and noise.
3. Switch voltage off before maintenance occurs.
4. Electrical work must be carried out according to the standards by authorised persons.
5. Close shut off valves from both sides and depressurise the equipment and pipes before any maintenance action. To prevent danger of hot liquid/steam spray.
6. Use crane to lift heavy parts during maintenance and ensure that parts removed come off in a controlled manner.
7. After maintenance, ensure that all parts are assembled correctly.
8. Ensure that the safety instructions for all cleaners, oils and paints are available.
9. Keep the environment of the unit clean. "Slippery floors may cause injury."
10. Smoking is not allowed in the immediate surroundings of fuel oil units.
11. Unwanted equipment and chemicals should be disposed of in a safe manner and according to local laws and regulations.

3 WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS



1. Pumps start automatically after power failure.
2. Run only one pump and heater simultaneously. Switch the other pump to stand-by.
3. Ensure fuel oil flow through intended heater.
4. Turn trace heating on if unit is stopped during HFO running.
5. Keep the feeder pressure setting at least at 3 bar.
6. Do not heat LFO/MDO above 50°C.
7. Do not adjust feeder/booster pressure from pumps.
8. Do not run pumps dry.
9. Electric heaters and steam/thermal oil control valve are interlocked with booster pumps viscometer and HFO/LFO, MDO three way valve.
10. It is recommended that all HFO pipelines connected to fuel oil units are insulated and trace heated.
11. In case of no instrument air by pass filter is to be used.
12. Make sure that the operating pressure of the pressure vessel does not exceed the design pressure, that the temperature of the pressure vessel's contents does not exceed the maximum allowed operating temperature and that- the connections do not leak.

4 START-UP

Before start-up, activate the gas generator of the SealGuard, if installed.

1. Switch main switches and all control switches of the unit to off position.
2. Switch instrument air on to fuel oil units.
3. Ensure LFO/MDO flow to feeder/booster unit. Suction pressure gauge of the unit should indicate pressure (>0 bar). Open the equipment valves of feeder/booster unit and close by-pass valves.
4. Check that valves of the engine(s) are in right position.
5. Ensure that fuel oil from engine(s) flows to booster unit's mixing tank.
6. Ensure that all miniature circuit breakers, motor circuit breakers and moulded case circuit breakers are switched on in local control panel(s) of the fuel oil unit(s).
7. Switch main switch to on position.
8. After resetting the alarm panel, the following alarms should be on. Low outlet pressure (if installed), low level in mixing tank, low viscosity (if not blocked with signal from HFO/LFO, MDO valve).
9. Start feeder pump and check rotation direction.
10. To fill fuel oil unit and pipelines to and from engine(s) with LFO/MDO will take from two to ten minutes.
11. Low level in mixing tank alarm will go off after tank is filled. In case of manual deaeration open the deaeration valve until the low level alarm goes off.
12. Pressure in fuel oil unit and engine(s) should rise to range from three to five bar. If not, check positions of valves.
13. Change running feeder pump. Check rotation direction. Use always one pump as running and one pump as stand-by. Change running pump periodically in order to run pumps equally.
14. Check that steam/thermal oil valves are closed and electric heaters are off.
15. Start booster pump. Check rotation direction. Pressure in pipelines after booster pumps should rise to range from six to nine bar (setting in engine's equipment). Low outlet pressure alarm goes out (if installed).
16. Change running booster pump. Check rotation direction. Use always one pump as running and one pump as stand-by. Change running pump periodically in order to run pumps equally.
17. Start viscometer. Viscosity of LFO/MDO is in range from three to eight mPas.
18. Low viscosity alarm is on (if not blocked with signal from HFO/LFO, MDO valve).
19. Start auto filter.
20. Start engine.
21. Change fuel oil from LFO/MDO to HFO.
22. Ensure that needed trace heating is on.

23. If there is HFO/LFO, MDO valve in feeder/booster unit turn it to HFO position.
24. Open steam/thermal oil valves or switch electric heater on by control switch at local control panel.
25. Ensure the operation of viscosity/temperature controller if they are not installed to local control panel by Auramarine Ltd.
 - a) Choose controller by control switch at local control panel.
 - b) Set setpoint above process value. Control valve should open or stages of electric heater should increase power.
 - c) Set setpoint below process value. Control valve should close or stages of electric heater should decrease power.
 - d) In case of malfunction, check wiring.
 - e) Set setpoint to normal and viscosity control on.
26. Low viscosity alarm goes out after engine has consumed all LFO/MDO from circulation.
27. After engine has run from 1,5 to 2 hours with HFO, check all pipe connections, and in case of leakage, tighten the pipe connection.

Attention

Fuel oil viscosity can be regulated by viscosity or by temperature.

Recommended way is to use viscosity control, because it keeps the injection viscosity constant regardless of the fuel oil quality by regulating temperature.

As back-up fuel oil viscosity can be controlled by temperature.

Selection by above mentioned controls is done by control switch at local control panel and valves of heaters and valves of steam/thermal oil lines.

5 SHUTDOWN

1. Circulate the fuel oil through heater at least ten minutes after turning heating off in order to cool the heater down.
2. Turn the trace heating on if there is HFO in pipe system of the fuel oil unit.

6 TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	Check points / actions
Stand-by pump starts.	<p>Open suction valves if they are closed. Suction pressure should be above -0,5 bar, if below clean the suction strainers. Setpoint of pressure control valve should be 4-5 bar. The by-pass valve of the pressure control valve should be closed. Check rotation direction of pumps. Check pressure control valve setting at engine(s) equipment. Ensure that fuel oil from engine(s) flows to booster unit's mixing tank. The shut of valve of the pressure switch should be open. The deaerating valves of the heaters and mixing tank should be closed. Check the operation of the auto filter and by-pass filter of the auto filter. Check the operation of the pressure switch and the alarm panel Check the settings and cleanness of the internal over flow valves of the pumps. Check that the delay of the stand-by pump start is sufficient.</p>
Pressure too high at pump outlet.	<p>Check positions of valves Run only one feeder and one booster pump simultaneously. Setpoint of pressure control valve at engine(s) equipment may be too high. Clean the heaters. Check the operation of the auto filter and by-pass filter of the auto filter.</p>
Heating is not working.	<p>Check the positions of the steam/thermal oil valves. Moulded case circuit breakers of the electric heaters should be on. Safety thermostats of the electric heaters may be tripped. Control switch of the electric heater should be on. Viscometer is not running. The by-pass valve of the heater should be closed. HFO/MDO, LFO valve should be in HFO position.</p>
Viscometer is not working.	<p>Check positions of control switches at local control panel. Viscometer should be on and viscosity control should be selected. Check wiring of the controller and viscosity measuring loop. By-pass valve of the viscometer should be closed. Check the selector switch of density at viscometer.</p>
Low level in mixing tank.	<p>Feeder pump is not running. Fuel from engine does not flow to the mixing tank of booster unit.</p>
Flow meter is not working.	<p>Check the cleanness of the flowmeter filter and rotor. The valves of the flow meter are closed. The by-pass valve of the flow meter is dirty. Check wiring and settings if there are out going signals.</p>
Safety valve is open.	<p>Working pressure is above the setpoints of the safety valves. Setpoint at mixing tank is 10 bar and at heaters 15 bar. Valves after heaters should be open. Safety valve is damaged.</p>

7 MAIN SWITCH

Door of the control panel can be opened with main switch on by pressing with a pin to hole shown below.



8 ELECTRONIC TIMER, CT-S RANGE, TYPE 1SVR6300



8.1 Operating controls

- Adjustment of the time range by selecting the max. value:


Range	Max. value
0.15 - 3 s	>> 3 s yellow
1.5 - 30 s	>> 30 s dial
15 - 300 s	>> 300 s
1.5 - 30 min	>> 30 min
15 - 300 min	>> 300 min
1.5 - 30 h	>> 30 h
15 - 300 h	>> 300 h
0.05 - 1 s	>> 1 s white
0.5 - 10 s	>> 10 s dial
5 - 100 s	>> 100 s
0.5 - 10 min	>> 10 min

- Direct reading scale to set the time value within the chosen range
- Function / Selection of the function on CT-MFS and CT-MBS
Functions: see III
- Setting of the 2nd c/o contact as an instantaneous contact
Position Inst. "I": Instantaneous contact
- Status display with LEDs:

U/T: green LED Status indication of control supply voltage and timing

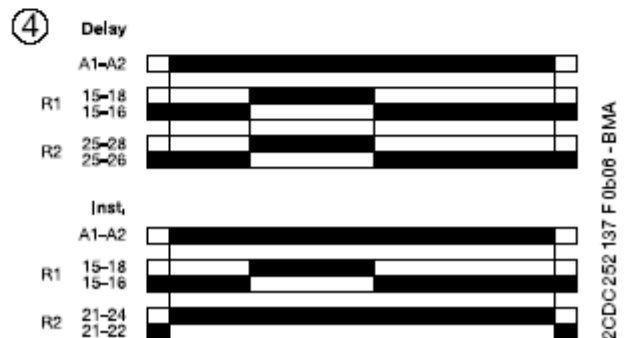
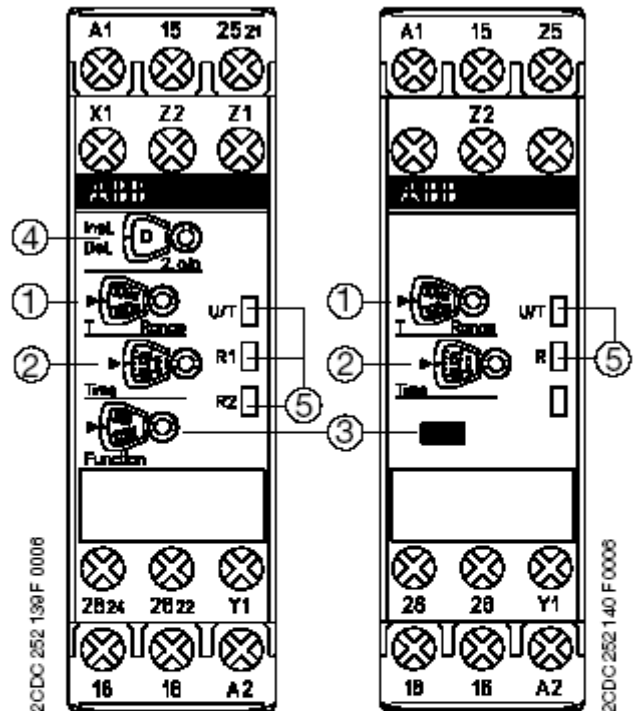
 Control supply voltage applied
 Time delay is running

R: yellow LED - Status indication of output relay

 energized

R1/R2: yellow LED - Status indication of output relay 1/2

 energized



8.2 Electrical diagram



For the rated control supply voltage and the circuit diagram, see label at the side of the unit

A1-A2
Y1-Z2
X1-Z2

Control supply voltage U_s
Control input to start timing
Control input to pause timing /
accumulative function
(see diagram under V)

Z1-Z2

Remote potentiometer
connection for the fine
adjustment of the time delay.
When an external
potentiometer is
connected, the internal, front-
face potentiometer is disabled.

15-16/18

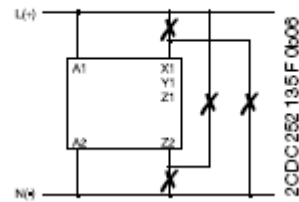
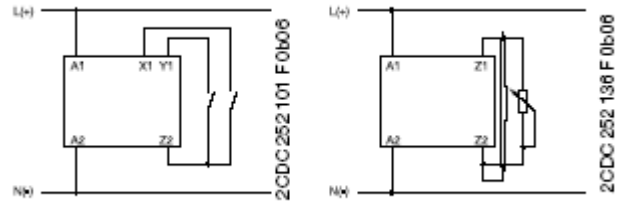
1st c/o contact

25-26/28

2nd c/o contact


(21)-(22)/(24)

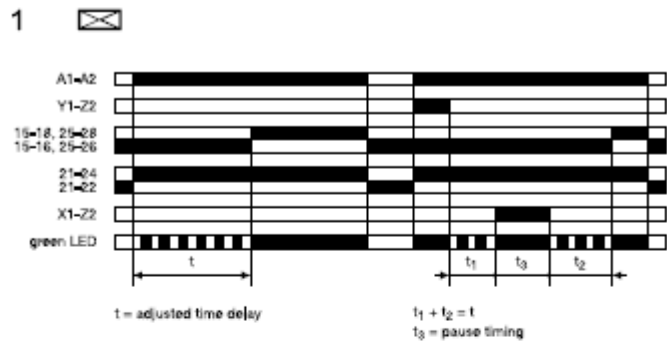
2nd c/o contact, set as
instantaneous contact




8.3 Function diagrams

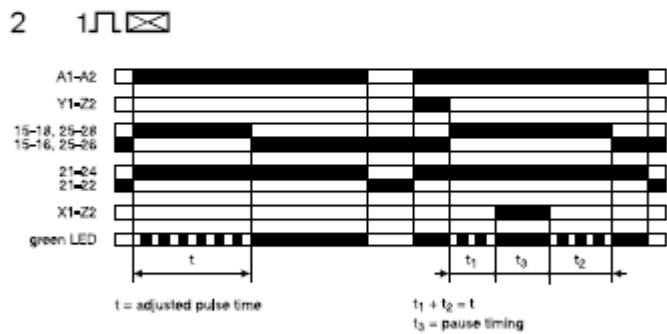
CT-MBS and CT-MFS

1.  ON-delay
t adjusted time delay




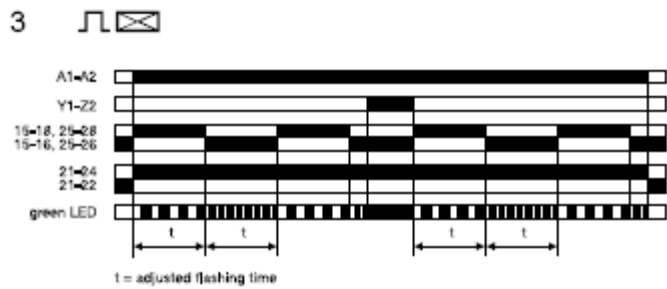
2CDC 252 018 F 0206 - BMA

2.  Impulse-ON
t adjusted pulse time




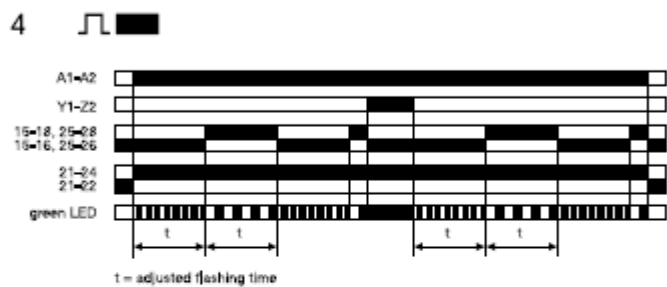
2CDC 252 025 F 0206 - BMA

3.  Flasher with reset, starting with ON
t adjusted flashing time




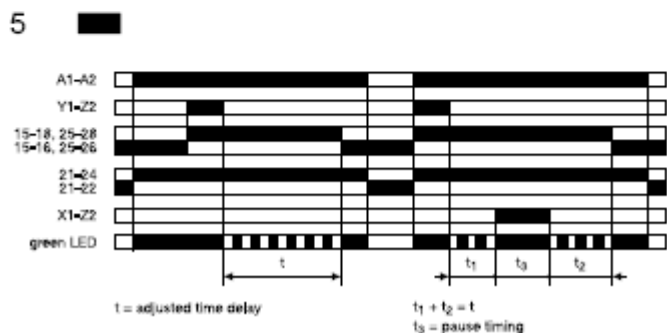
2CDC 252 031 F 0206 - BMA

4.  Flasher with reset, starting with OFF
t adjusted flashing time




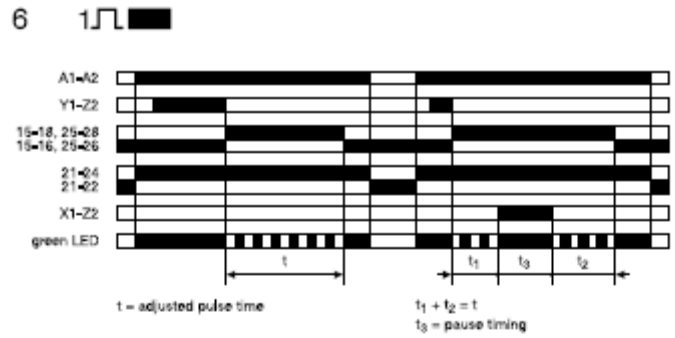
2CDC 252 032 F 0206 - BMA

5.  OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage
t adjusted time delay




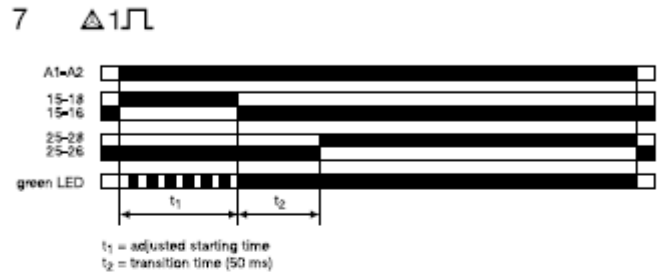
2CDC 252 019 F 0206 - BMA

6.  Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage
t adjusted pulse time




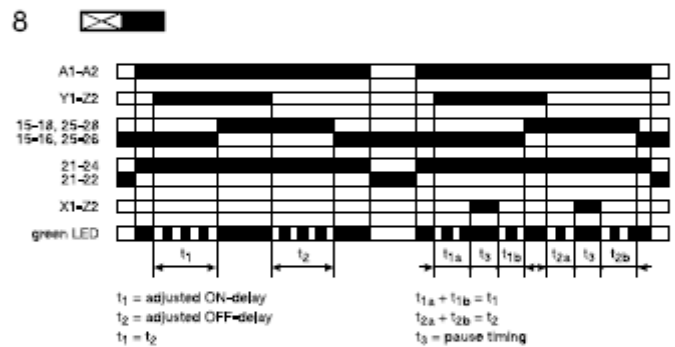
2C/DC 252 026 F 0206 - BMA

7.  Star-delta change-over with impulse function
t1 adjusted starting time
t2 fixed transition time of 50 ms




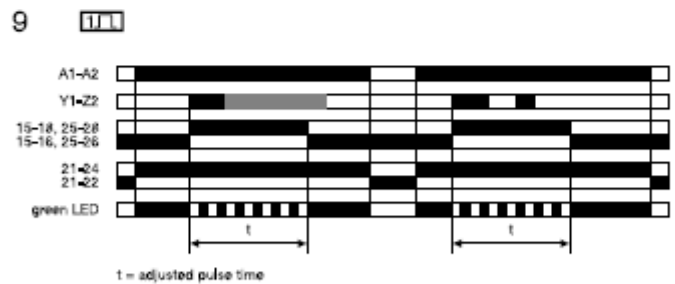
2C/DC 252 030 F 0206 - BMA

8.  ON-delay and OFF-delay, symmetrical
t1 adjusted ON-delay
t2 adjusted OFF-delay




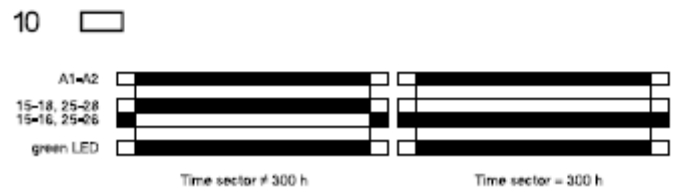
2C/DC 252 022 F 0206 - BMA

9.  Pulse former
t adjusted pulse time



2C/DC 252 034 F 0206 - BMA

10.  ON/OFF-Function
ON-Function - time sector \neq 300 h
OFF-Function - time sector = 300 h



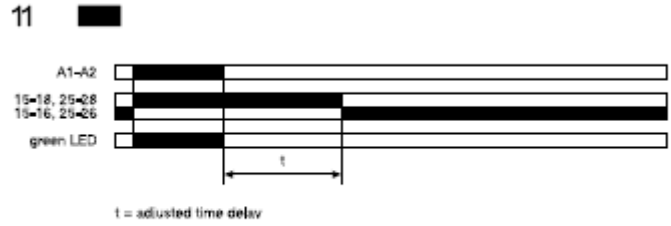
2C/DC 252 044 F 0206 - BMA

CT-AHS

5. OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage
t adjusted time delay

CT-ARS

11. OFF-delay without auxiliary voltage
t adjusted time delay

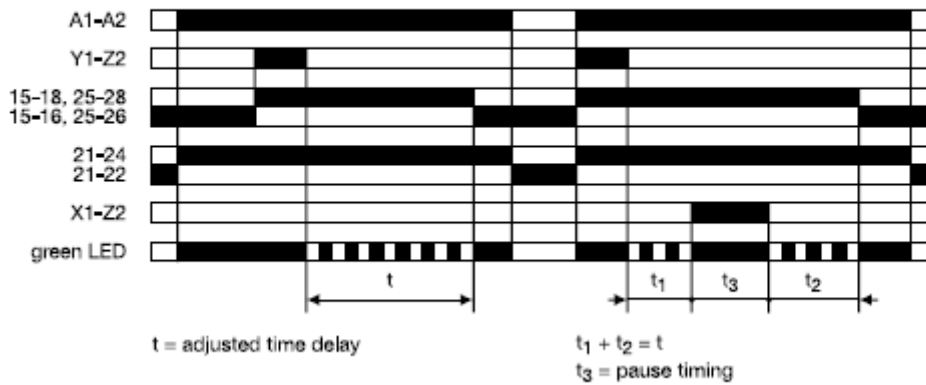


2CDC 252 02 1 F 0206 - BMA

8.4 Factory settings by Auramarine Ltd.

Duty	Mode	Setting
delay of stand-by start (delay on release)	5	3 seconds

5



2CDC 252 019 F 0206 - BMA

9 COUNTER, TYPE H7E



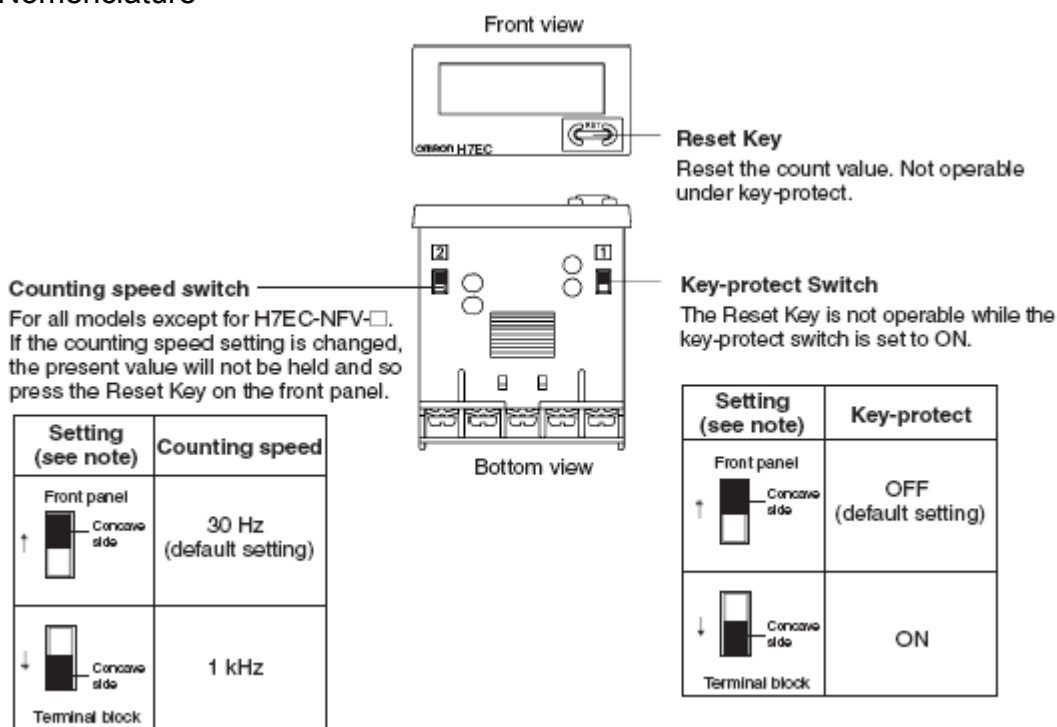
The product has a built-in lithium battery. Do not short-circuit the + and - terminals, charge, disassemble, deform, or expose the battery to fire. The battery may explode (break), catch fire, or cause liquid leakage.

Do not use any battery other than the specified one (Y92S-36). Using another battery may cause liquid leakage or breakage, resulting in malfunction or injury.

If a voltage other than the rated one is applied, internal elements may be damaged.

Do not use the Counter in locations subject to direct sunlight, subject to corrosive gases or subject to dust.

Nomenclature



Battery replacement

Remove the wiring when replacing the battery. Do not come contact with any item to which high voltage is being applied. Doing so may result in electric shock.

Before changing the Battery, the person should ensure that they are not carrying any static electric charge.

Procedure for replacing the Battery (refer to the diagrams below):

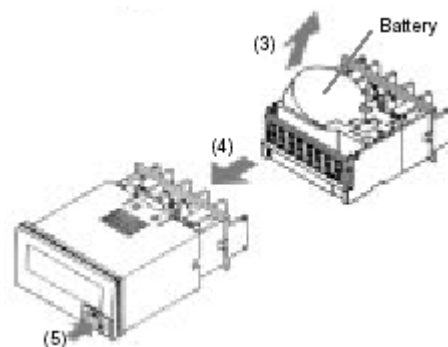
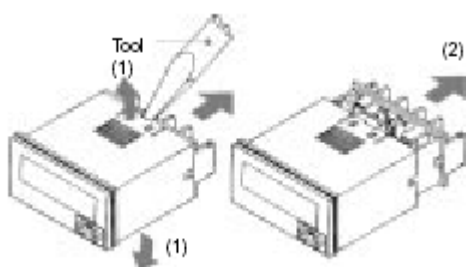
1. Using the tool, pry open the lift-tab on the case. (1)
2. Pull the body out of its outer case. (2)
3. Lift the Battery up by the edge and remove it. (3)

When removing the Battery, do not come in contact with the display area or any internal parts.

4. Wipe the back of the new battery before inserting it.
5. Ensure that the + and – terminals are correctly oriented.
6. After replacing the Battery, re-insert the body into its case. (4)

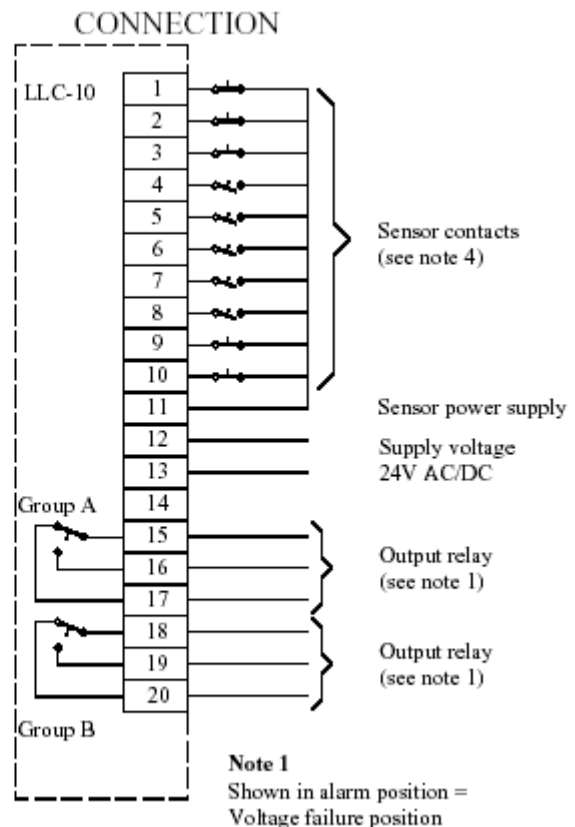
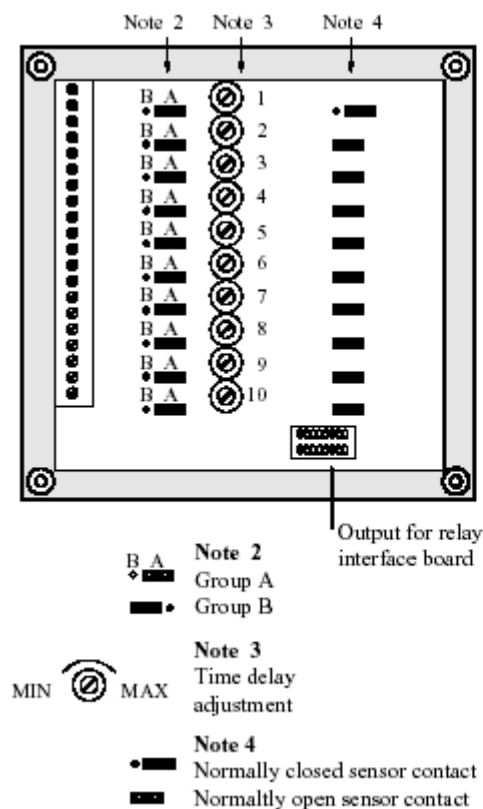
Check that the case is securely held in by the lift-tab

7. Press the Reset Key before use (not necessary for H7ER-N, -NV, -NV1). (5)



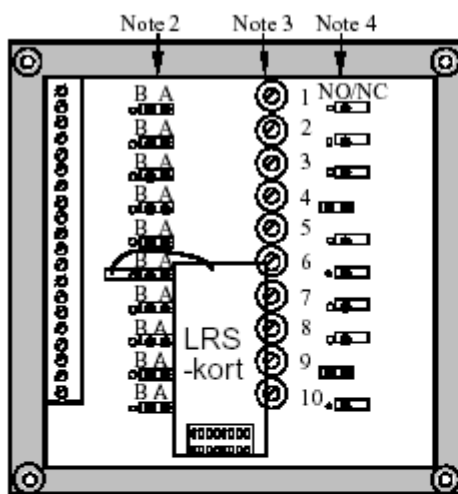
10 ALARM PANEL




LLC-10 is a compact alarm display unit in the "DIN"-series. It is designed for exacting applications. The unit is programmable for use with either normally open or closed sensor contacts, and with adjustable time delay for each alarm channels. The alarm channels can be connected to either of the two output groups (A and B alarms). At the panel, the sensors indicator flashes when the pre-set time delay has elapsed. At the same time the output group to which it is connected, is activated. The signal is acknowledged by pressing the red RESET button. This releases the output contact and the flashing light becomes steady. When the fault has been corrected and the sensor contact has returned to its normal state, the indicator lamp goes out. If the fault self-corrects and the sensor contact returns before acknowledgement, the fault remains in the unit memory, the light flashes and the output contact remains activated, until the accept button is pressed. LLC-10 is equipped with a channel memory. The unit is always ready to receive new alarm signals, independent of system status. The panel can be provided with legends for each alarm channel or with a common 10 points legend.



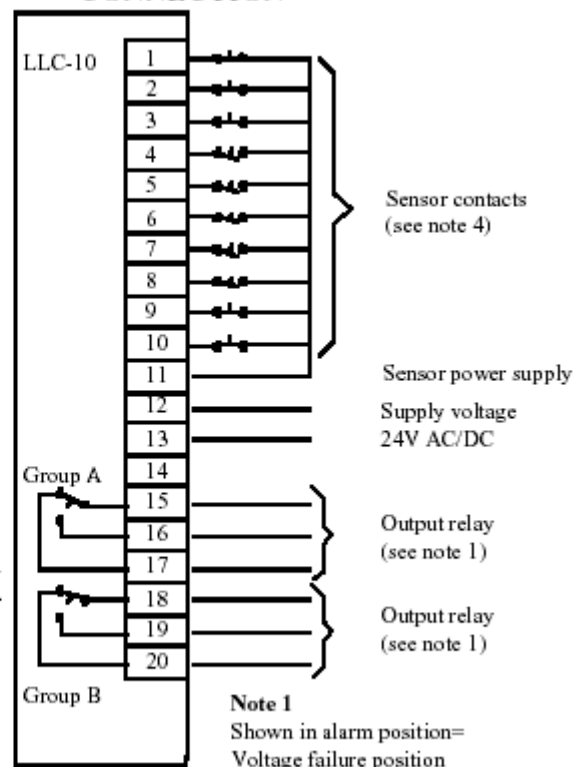
10.1 Alarm panel for units with LRS classification

LLC-10 LRS is a compact alarm display unit in the "DIN"-series. It is designed for exacting applications. The unit is programmable for use with either normally open or closed sensor contacts, with adjustable time delay. The alarm system has two output groups (A and B alarms). All channels shall be connected for A-alarm. At the panel, the sensors indicator flashes when the pre-set time delay has elapsed. At the same time the both output group is activated (the B group is delayed 5 sec. in relation to the A group). If a new sensor will be activated the B group relay will do a quick status change. The signal is acknowledged by pressing the red RESET button. This releases the output contact and the flashing light becomes steady. When the fault has been corrected and the sensor contact has returned to its normal state, the indicator lamp goes out. If the fault self-corrects and the sensor contact returns before acknowledgement, the fault remains in the unit memory, the light flashes and the output contact remains activated, until the accept button is pressed. LLC-10 is equipped with a channel memory. The unit is always ready to receive new alarm signals, independent of system status. The panel can be provided with legends for each alarm channel or with a common 10 points legend.



- Note 2**
BA Grupp A, All channels shall be connected for A-alarm
BA Grupp B, the LRS-card shall be connected to B-alarm.
- Note 3**
 Time delay adjustment
 MIN MAX
- Note 4**
 Normally closed contact
 Normally open contact

CONNECTION



11 VISCOSITY AND TEMPERATURE CONTROLLERS E5EK

Precautions

General Precautions

Operating environment

Keep within the rated ambient operating temperature, ambient operating humidity, and storage temperature ranges.

Use the Unit according to the vibration resistance, shock resistance and enclosure ratings.

Do not use the Unit in places with corrosive gas or excessive dust.

Do not use the Unit nearby machines generating high frequency noise.

Correct use

Mounting

The dimensions of the Digital Controller conform to DIN 43700

Recommend panel thickness is 1 to 8 mm.

Mount the Unit horizontally.

Connection

To reduce inductive noise influence, the lead wires connecting the input type of the Digital Controller must be separated from the power lines and load lines

Use the specified compensating conductors for thermocouples.

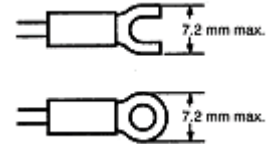
Use lead wires having small resistance for platinum resistance thermometers

Connection Example

Wire the terminals of the Unit using solderless terminals.

The tightening of the torque applied to the terminal screws of the Unit must be approximately 0.78 N*m or 8 kgf*cm

Use the following type of solderless terminals for M3.5 screws-



Operation

The alarm outputs of the model with an alarm function may not turn ON properly when the model malfunctions. The use of alarm equipment with the model is recommended.

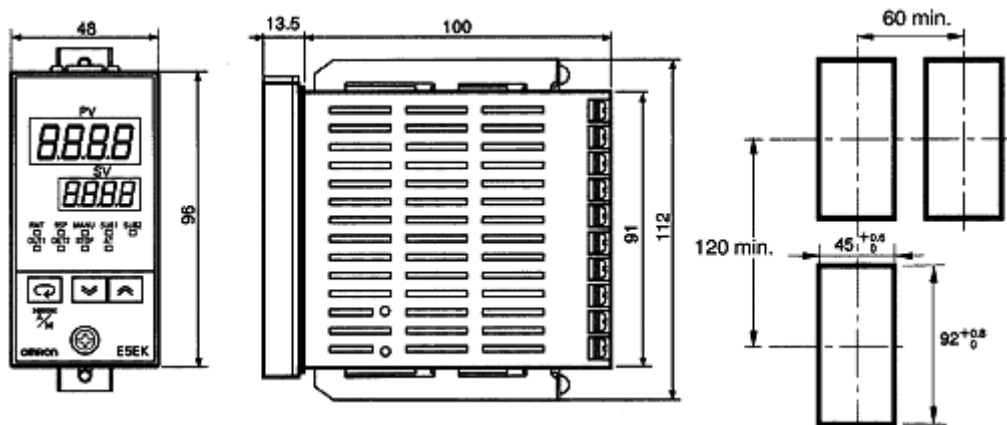
The parameters and internal switch are set before shipping so that the Unit will function normally. Change the settings of the parameters and internal switch according to the application if necessary.

Several seconds are required until relay is turned ON after power has been supplied to the Digital Controller. Therefore, take this time delay into consideration when designing sequenced circuits which incorporate a Digital Controller.

Do not use excessive force when drawing out the internal mechanism from housing. Protect against static discharge when changing the settings of the internal switch. Changing the settings on a grounded conductive mat is recommended.

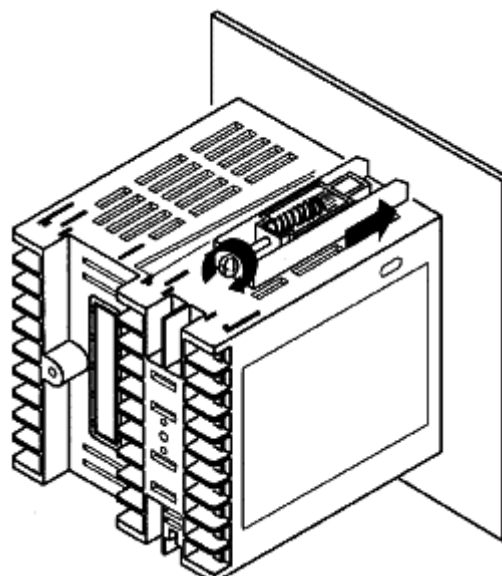
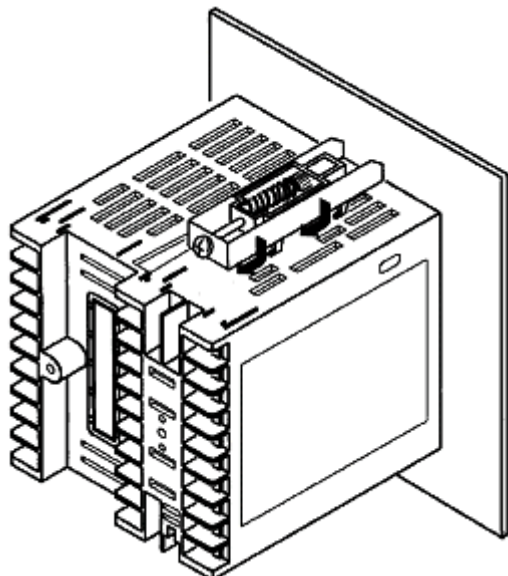
When connecting the Control Output Unit to the Temperature Controller or Digital Controller, make sure that the Control Output Unit is a suitable type. The use of an improper type of Control Output Unit may cause the system to malfunction.

The heater burnout alarm will not be available if the Linear output Unit is used.



Note:

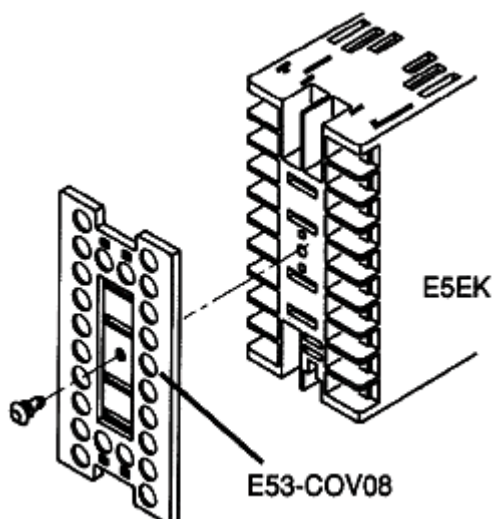
1. Recommended panel thickness is 1 to 8 mm.
2. Maintain the specified vertical and horizontal mounting space between each unit. Units must not be closely mounted vertically and horizontally.



1. Insert the E5AK Controller into the panel's mounting hole at the position shown in the figure

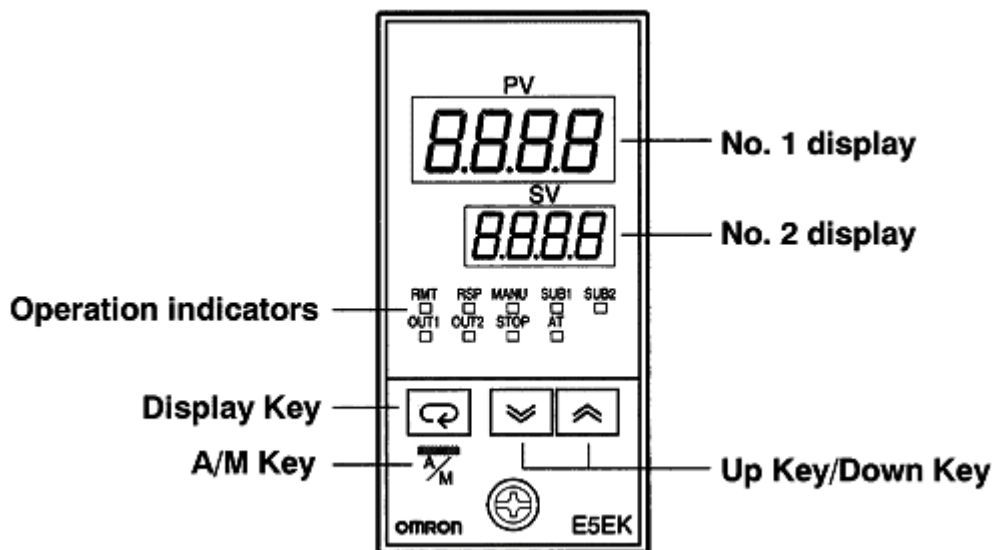
2. Fit the mounting bracket(accessory) into the fixing slots on the top and bottom of the rear case

3. Tighten the mounting bracket screws on the upper and lower parts of the E5AK in small increments alternately and equally until the ratchet start to slide



E53-COV0809, E53-COV08 Terminal Cover (Sold Separately)

Fasten the terminals covers as follows by using the snap pins. Snap pins are provided with the terminal covers



No. 1 display	Displays the process value or parameter symbols
No. 2 display	Displays the setpoint, manipulated variable or parameter settings
Out 1	Lits when the controller increases heat
Out 2	Lits when the controller decreases heat
Sub 1	Lits when the low viscosity alarm is on
Sub 2	Lits when the high viscosity alarm is on
Manu	Lits when the manual operation mode is on
Stop	Lits when operation has stopped
RMT	Lits during remote operation (not in use by Auramarine)
RSP	Lits during remote SP operation (not in use by Auramarine)
AT	Flashes during auto tuning

A/M key Each press of this key switches between the auto and manual operations.

Display key The functions of this key change according to how long it is pressed. If the key is pressed for less than one second, the parameters are switched. If the key is pressed for one second or more, the menu display appears.

Up/down-keys Each press of the up-key increments or advances the values or settings on the no. 2 display, while each press of the down-key decrements or returns the values or settings on the no. 2 display.

E.g. in the normal run situation setpoints can be changed by pressing up or down keys.

11.1 Operation

Parameter settings are done by Auramarine Ltd. according to the lists below.

After power is switched on, controller starts to operate. Setpoint can be changed by pressing up or down key. Viscosity controller uses mPas and temperature controller °C.

Manual operation is executed by first pressing A/M key (MANU lits) and then operating with up key and down key. Return to auto operation by pressing A/M key (MANU goes out).

Controller can be auto tuned by setting the setting of the parameter At from Level 1 to AT-2. Auto tuning can be cancelled by setting the setting of the parameter At to OFF.

Ensure the operation of viscosity/temperature controller, if they are not installed to local control panel by Auramarine Ltd.

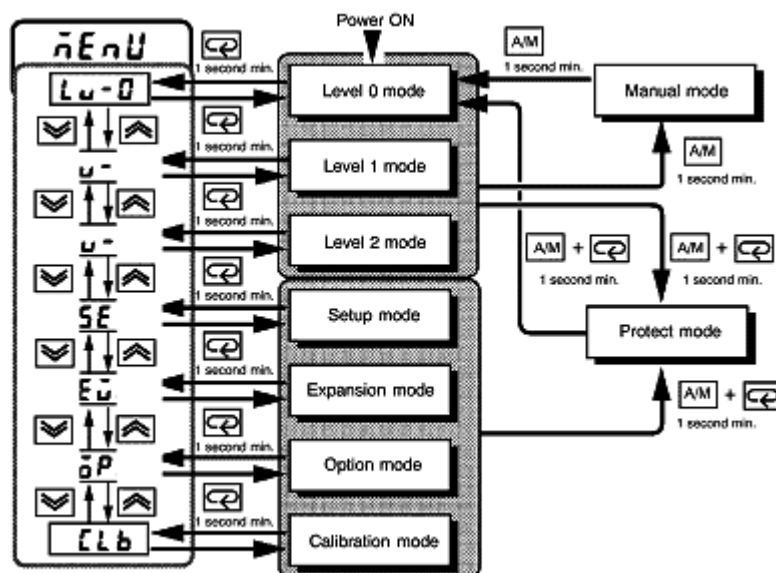
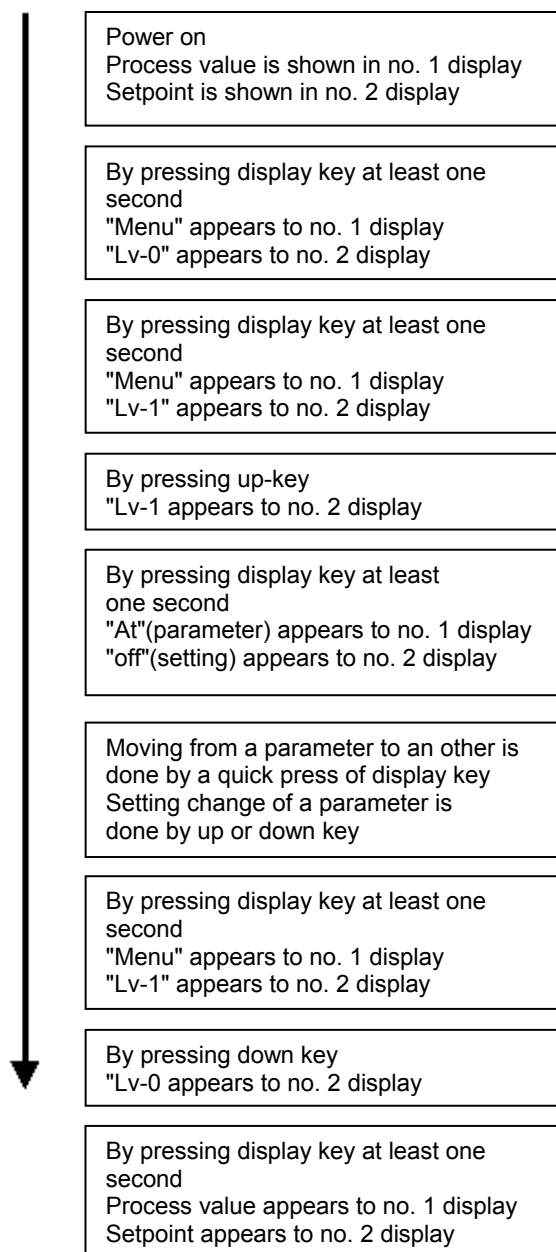
- a) Switch viscometer and booster pump on.
- b) If there is HFO/LFO, MDO valve in feeder/booster unit, turn it to HFO position.
- c) Open steam/thermal oil valves or switch electric heater on by control switch at local control panel.
- d) Choose controller by control switch at local control panel.
- e) Set setpoint above process value. Control valve should open or stages of electric heater should increase power.
- f) Set setpoint below process value. Control valve should close or stages of electric heater should decrease power.
- g) In case of malfunction, check wiring.
- h) Set setpoint to normal and viscosity control on.

In case of trouble, the following should be checked:

- 1) Connections are done according to the electrical drawings.
- 2) Controller is supplied with AC 100...240 V 50/60 Hz.
- 3) Transmitter of process value gives correct signal. Signal error is displayed in no.1 display "S.Err".
- 4) Parameter settings are according to the lists below.

In case of process value hunting, it is recommended to increase the setting of the parameter I (integral time) at level 1. If it does not help, it is recommended to increase also the setting of the parameter P (proportional band) at level 1.

11.2 Access to parameters



Protect mode is set to 3 to allow changes only at levels 0 and 1, and it is not recommended to go any other levels.

Access to other levels by pressing A/M key and display key simultaneously at least one second until "SECr" appears to no. 1 display and then changing 3 to 1 to no. 2 display by pressing down key. Exit from protect mode is done by pressing A/M key and display key simultaneously at least one second.

11.3 Parameter settings of the viscosity controller A16A1

If setting column is empty default is used.

Mode	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Unit	Default	Remarks	Setting
Protect	SECr Security	0 to 6	None	1		3
	KEYP [A/M] key protect	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
Manual	Manual MV	-5.0 to 105.0 *1	%	0.0		
Level 0	Set Point	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0		
	r-s Run/Stop	Run/Stop	None	Run		
Level 1	AT AT Execute/Cancel	OFF/AT-1/AT-2	None	OFF	During running	
	SP-0 Set point 0	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi-SP	
	SP-1 Set point 1	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi-SP	
	SP-2 Set point 2	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi SP	
	SP-3 Set point 3	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi-SP	
	AL-1 Alarm value 1	-1999 to 9999	EU	0		3
	AL-2 Alarm value 2	-1999 to 9999	EU	0		3
	AL-3 Alarm value 3	-1999 to 9999	EU	0		
	P Proportional band	0.1 to 999.9	%FS	10.0		10
	I Integral time	0 to 3999	sec	233		240
	d Derivate time	0 to 3999	sec	40		0
	C-SC Cooling coefficient	0.01 to 99.99	None	1.00	At heating and cooling control	
	C-db Dead band	-19.99 to 99.99	%FS	0.00	At heating and cooling control	
	Db Position-proportional dead band	0.1 to 10.00	%	2.0	At position-proportional control	0.3
	mF-r Manual reset value	0.0 to 100.0	%	50.0		
	HYS Hysteresis (heat)	0.01 to 99.99	%FS	0.10		
	CHYS Hysteresis (cool)	0.01 to 99.99	%FS	0.10	At heating and cooling control	
	CP Control period (heat)	1 to 99	sec	20		
	C-CP Control period (cool)	1 to 99	sec	20	At heating and cooling control	
	Hb Heater burnout	0.0 to 50.0	A	0.0	Heater burnout detection	
Level 2	r-L Remote/Local	RMT/LCL	None	LCL	Communications units settings	
	SPmd SP mode	RSP/LSP	None	LSP		
	SPrU SP ramp time unit	M(Minutes) / H(Hours)	None	M		
	SPrs SP ramp set value	0 to 9999	EU	0		
	LBA LBA detection time	0 to 9999 *1	sec	0		
	mv-S MV at stop	-5.0 to 105.0 *1	%	0.0		HOLD
	mv-E MV at PV error	-5.0 to 105.0 *2	%	0.0		HOLD
	ML-H MV upper limit	MV lower limit + 0.1 to 105.0 *3	%	105.0		
	ML-L MV lower limit	-5.0 to MV upper limit -0.1	%	-5.0		
	MrL MV change rate limit	0.0 to 100.0	%/sec	0.0		
	InF Input digital filter	0 to 9999	sec	0		
	OC-H Open/close hysteresis	0.1 to 20.0	%	0.8		0.5
	ALH1 Alarm 1 hysteresis	0.01 to 99.99	%	0.02		1.0
	ALH2 Alarm 2 hysteresis	0.01 to 99.99	%	0.02		1.0
	ALH3 Alarm 3 hysteresis	0.01 to 99.99	%	0.02		
	InSH Input shift upper limit	-199.9 to 999.9	°C/°F	0.0	Temperature input	
	InSL Input shift lower limit	-199.9 to 999.9	°C/°F	0.0	Temperature input	

*1 During heat and cooling control, the lower limit becomes -105.5%. During position-proportional control the setting becomes HOLD, OPEN or CLOSE. *2 During heat and cooling control, the setting range becomes 0.0 to 105.0%. *3 During heat and cooling control, the setting range becomes -105.0 to 0.0%.

Mode	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Unit	Default	Remarks	Setting
Setup	In-T Input type	0 to 21	None	2		17
	In-H Scaling upper limit	Scaling lower limit +1 to 9999 *4	EU	-100	Analog input	50
	In-L Scaling lower limit	-1999 to SP setting upper limit 0.1*4	EU	0	Analog input	0
	dP Decimal point	0 to 3	None	0	Analog input	
	d-U °C/°F selection	°C/°F	None	°C	Temperature input	
	InI T Parameter initialize	Yes/No	None	No		
	OUT1 Control output 1 assignment	Heat/Cool/Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA	None	HEAT		
	OUT2 Control output 2 assignment	Heat/Cool/Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA	None	AL-1		
	SUB1 Auxiliary output1 assignment	Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA/ S.ERR/E333/RSER	None	AL-2		AL1
	SUB2 Auxiliary output 2 assignment	Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA/ S.ERR/E333/RSER	None	AL-3		AL2
	AL T1 Alarm 1 type	1 to 11	None	2	Output assignment needer	3
	AL 1n Alarm 1 open in alarm	N-O/N-C	None	N-O	Output assignment needer	N-C
	AL T2 Alarm 2 type	1 to 11	None	2	Output assignment needer	2
	AL 2n Alarm 2 open in alarm	N-O/N-C	None	N-O	Output assignment needer	N-C
	AL T3 Alarm 3 type	1 to 11	None	2	Output assignment needer	
	AL 3n Alarm 3 open in alarm	N-O/N-C	None	N-O	Output assignment needer	
Dre v Direct / Reverse operation	OR-R/OR-D	None	OR-R		OR-D	
Expansion	SL-H Set point upper limit	Set point lower limit +1 to scaling upper limit *2	None	1300 *4		50
	SL-L Set point lower limit	Scaling lower limit to Set point upper limit -1 *2	None	-200 *4		0
	CnTL PID/ON/OFF	PID/ON/OFF	None	PID		
	ST ST	OFF/ON	None	OFF		
	ST-b ST stable range	0.1 to 999.9	°C/°F	15.0	ST=ON	
	ALFA α	0.00 to 1.00	None	0.65		
	AT-G AT calculated gain	0.1 to 10.0	None	1.0		
	ReSm Standby sequence reset setting method	0/1	None	0		
	ReM Automatic return of display mode	0 to 99	Sec	0		30
	AT-H AT hysteresis	0.1 to 9.9	%FS	0.2		0.2
LBAB LBA detection width	0.0 to 999.9	%FS	0.2			

*4 When temperature input is selected, the sensor range selected in the "input type" parameter (setup mode) correspond to the scaling upper and lower limit value.

Mode	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Unit	Default	Remarks	Setting
Option	EV-M Multi-SP function	0 to 2	None	0		
	EV-1 Event input assignment 1	NON/STOP/RMT/MAN/RSP	None	NON		
	EV-2 Event input assignment 2	NON/STOP/RMT/MAN/RSP	None	NON		
	SbCT Communication stop bit	1/2	bits	2		
	Len Communication data length	7/8	bits	7		
	Prty Communication parity	None/Even/Odd	None	EVEN		
	BPS Communication baud value	1.2/2.4/4.8/9.6/19.2	kbps	9.6		
	U-no Communication unit No.	0 to 99	None	0		
	Tr-T Transfer output type	SP/SP-M/PV/O/C-O/V-M	None	SP		
	Tr-H Transfer output upper limit	*5	*5	*5		
	Tr-L Transfer output lower limit	*5	*5	*5		
	HbL HBA latch	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
	CALb Motor calibration	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
	MoT Travel time	1 to 999	Sec	1		
	P-db PV dead band	0 to 9999	EU	0		
	rSPU Remote SP enable	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
	rSPH Remote SP upper limit	SP setting lower limit to SP setting upper limit	EU	1300		
	rSPL Remote SP lower limit	SP setting lower limit to SP setting upper limit	EU	-200		
	SPTr SP tracking	ON/OFF	None	OFF		

*5 Set the transfer output type parameter according to the following table.

Transfer Output Type	Transfer Output Lower Limit to Transfer Output Upper Limit
SP :Set point	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit
SP-M :Set point during SP ramp	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit
PV :Process value	Scaling lower limit to scaling upper limit
O :Manipulated variable(heat)	-5.0 to 105.0%
C-O :Manipulated variable(cool)	0.0 to 105.0%
V-M :Value opening	-10.0 to 110.0%

- Default : SP
- The output ranges of the SP settings, set point or process value when temperature input is selected are the ranges supported by the selected sensor.
- When the heating side manipulated variable or cooling side manipulated variable is selected, the transfer output lower limit in a heating and cooling control becomes 0.0.

11.4 Parameter settings of the temperature controller A16A2

If setting column is empty default is used.

Mode	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Unit	Default	Remarks	Setting
Protect	SECr Security	0 to 6	None	1		3
	KEYP [A/M] key protect	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
Manual	Manual MV	-5.0 to 105.0 *1	%	0.0		
Level 0	Set Point	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0		
	r-s Run/Stop	Run/Stop	None	Run		
Level 1	AT AT Execute/Cancel	OFF/AT-1/AT-2	None	OFF	During running	
	SP-0 Set point 0	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi-SP	
	SP-1 Set point 1	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi-SP	
	SP-2 Set point 2	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi SP	
	SP-3 Set point 3	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit	EU	0	Multi-SP	
	AL-1 Alarm value 1	-1999 to 9999	EU	0		10
	AL-2 Alarm value 2	-1999 to 9999	EU	0		10
	AL-3 Alarm value 3	-1999 to 9999	EU	0		
	P Proportional band	0.1 to 999.9	%FS	10.0		2
	I Integral time	0 to 3999	sec	233		240
	d Derivate time	0 to 3999	sec	40		
	C-SC Cooling coefficient	0.01 to 99.99	None	1.00	At heating and cooling control	
	C-db Dead band	-19.99 to 99.99	%FS	0.00	At heating and cooling control	
	Db Position-proportional dead band	0.1 to 10.00	%	2.0	At position-proportional control	0.8
	mF-r Manual reset value	0.0 to 100.0	%	50.0		
	HYS Hysteresis (heat)	0.01 to 99.99	%FS	0.10		
	CHYS Hysteresis (cool)	0.01 to 99.99	%FS	0.10	At heating and cooling control	
	CP Control period (heat)	1 to 99	sec	20		
C-CP Control period (cool)	1 to 99	sec	20	At heating and cooling control		
Hb Heater burnout	0.0 to 50.0	A	0.0	Heater burnout detection		
Level 2	r-L Remote/Local	RMT/LCL	None	LCL	Communications units settings	
	SPmd SP mode	RSP/LSP	None	LSP		
	SPrU SP ramp time unit	M(Minutes) / H(Hours)	None	M		
	SPrs SP ramp set value	0 to 9999	EU	0		
	LBA LBA detection time	0 to 9999 *1	sec	0		
	mv-S MV at stop	-5.0 to 105.0 *1	%	0.0		HOLD
	mv-E MV at PV error	-5.0 to 105.0 *2	%	0.0		HOLD
	ML-H MV upper limit	MV lower limit + 0.1 to 105.0 *3	%	105.0		
	ML-L MV lower limit	-5.0 to MV upper limit -0.1	%	-5.0		
	MrL MV change rate limit	0.0 to 100.0	%/sec	0.0		
	InF Input digital filter	0 to 9999	sec	0		
	OC-H Open/close hysteresis	0.1 to 20.0	%	0.8		0.5
	ALH1 Alarm 1 hysteresis	0.01 to 99.99	%	0.02		0.25
	ALH2 Alarm 2 hysteresis	0.01 to 99.99	%	0.02		0.25
	ALH3 Alarm 3 hysteresis	0.01 to 99.99	%	0.02		
	InSH Input shift upper limit	-199.9 to 999.9	°C/°F	0.0	Temperature input	
	InSL Input shift lower limit	-199.9 to 999.9	°C/°F	0.0	Temperature input	

*1 During heat and cooling control, the lower limit becomes -105.5%. During position-proportional control the setting becomes HOLD, OPEN or CLOSE. *2 During heat and cooling control, the setting range becomes 0.0 to 105.0%. *3 During heat and cooling control, the setting range becomes -105.0 to 0.0%.

Mode	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Unit	Default	Remarks	Setting
Setup	In-T Input type	0 to 21	None	2		1
	In-H Scaling upper limit	Scaling lower limit +1 to 9999 *4	EU	-100	Analog input	
	In-L Scaling lower limit	-1999 to SP setting upper limit 0.1*4	EU	0	Analog input	
	dP Decimal point	0 to 3	None	0	Analog input	
	d-U °C/°F selection	°C/°F	None	°C	Temperature input	
	inIT Parameter initialize	Yes/No	None	No		
	OUT1 Control output 1 assignment	Heat/Cool/Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA	None	HEAT		
	OUT2 Control output 2 assignment	Heat/Cool/Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA	None	AL-1		
	SUB1 Auxiliary output1 assignment	Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA/ S.ERR/E333/RSER	None	AL-2		AL1
	SUB2 Auxiliary output 2 assignment	Alarm1/Alarm2/Alarm3/HBA/LBA/ S.ERR/E333/RSER	None	AL-3		AL2
	ALT1 Alarm 1 type	1 to 11	None	2	Output assignment needer	3
	AL1n Alarm 1 open in alarm	N-O/N-C	None	N-O	Output assignment needer	N-C
	ALT2 Alarm 2 type	1 to 11	None	2	Output assignment needer	2
	AL2n Alarm 2 open in alarm	N-O/N-C	None	N-O	Output assignment needer	N-C
	ALT3 Alarm 3 type	1 to 11	None	2	Output assignment needer	
	AL3n Alarm 3 open in alarm	N-O/N-C	None	N-O	Output assignment needer	
	Drev Direct / Reverse operation	OR-R/OR-D	None	OR-R		
Expansion	SL-H Set point upper limit	Set point lower limit +1 to scaling upper limit *2	None	1300 *4		
	SL-L Set point lower limit	Scaling lower limit to Set point upper limit -1 *2	None	-200 *4		
	CnTL PID/ON/OFF	PID/ON/OFF	None	PID		
	ST ST	OFF/ON	None	OFF		
	ST-b ST stable range	0.1 to 999.9	°C/°F	15.0	ST=ON	
	ALFA α	0.00 to 1.00	None	0.65		
	AT-G AT calculated gain	0.1 to 10.0	None	1.0		
	ReSm Standby sequence reset setting method	0/1	None	0		
	ReM Automatic return of display mode	0 to 99	Sec	0		30
	AT-H AT hysteresis	0.1 to 9.9	%FS	0.2		
LBAB LBA detection width	0.0 to 999.9	%FS	0.2			

*4 When temperature input is selected, the sensor range selected in the "input type" parameter (setup mode) correspond to the scaling upper and lower limit value.

Mode	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Unit	Default	Remarks	Setting
Option	EV-M Multi-SP function	0 to 2	None	0		
	EV-1 Event input assignment 1	NON/STOP/RMT/MAN/RSP	None	NON		
	EV-2 Event input assignment 2	NON/STOP/RMT/MAN/RSP	None	NON		
	SbCT Communication stop bit	1/2	bits	2		
	Len Communication data length	7/8	bits	7		
	Prty Communication parity	None/Even/Odd	None	EVEN		
	BPS Communication baud value	1.2/2.4/4.8/9.6/19.2	kbps	9.6		
	U-no Communication unit No.	0 to 99	None	0		
	Tr-T Transfer output type	SP/SP-M/PV/O/C-O/V-M	None	SP		
	Tr-H Transfer output upper limit	*5	*5	*5		
	Tr-L Transfer output lower limit	*5	*5	*5		
	HbL HBA latch	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
	CALb Motor calibration	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
	MoT Travel time	1 to 999	Sec	1		120
	P-db PV dead band	0 to 9999	EU	0		1
	rSPU Remote SP enable	ON/OFF	None	OFF		
	rSPH Remote SP upper limit	SP setting lower limit to SP setting upper limit	EU	1300		
	rSPL Remote SP lower limit	SP setting lower limit to SP setting upper limit	EU	-200		
	SPTr SP tracking	ON/OFF	None	OFF		

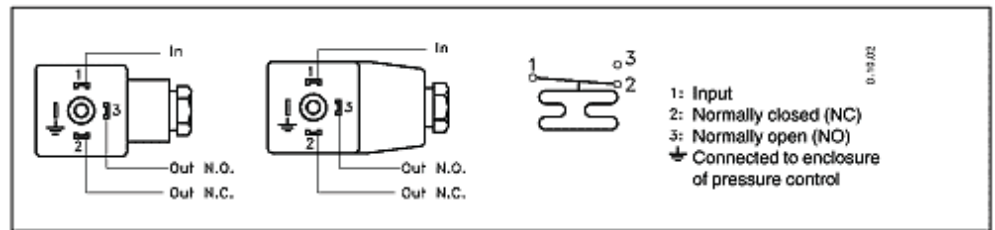
*5 Set the transfer output type parameter according to the following table.

Transfer Output Type	Transfer Output Lower Limit to Transfer Output Upper Limit
SP :Set point	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit
SP-M :Set point during SP ramp	Set point lower limit to Set point upper limit
PV :Process value	Scaling lower limit to scaling upper limit
O :Manipulated variable(heat)	-5.0 to 105.0%
C-O :Manipulated variable(cool)	0.0 to 105.0%
V-M :Value opening	-10.0 to 110.0%

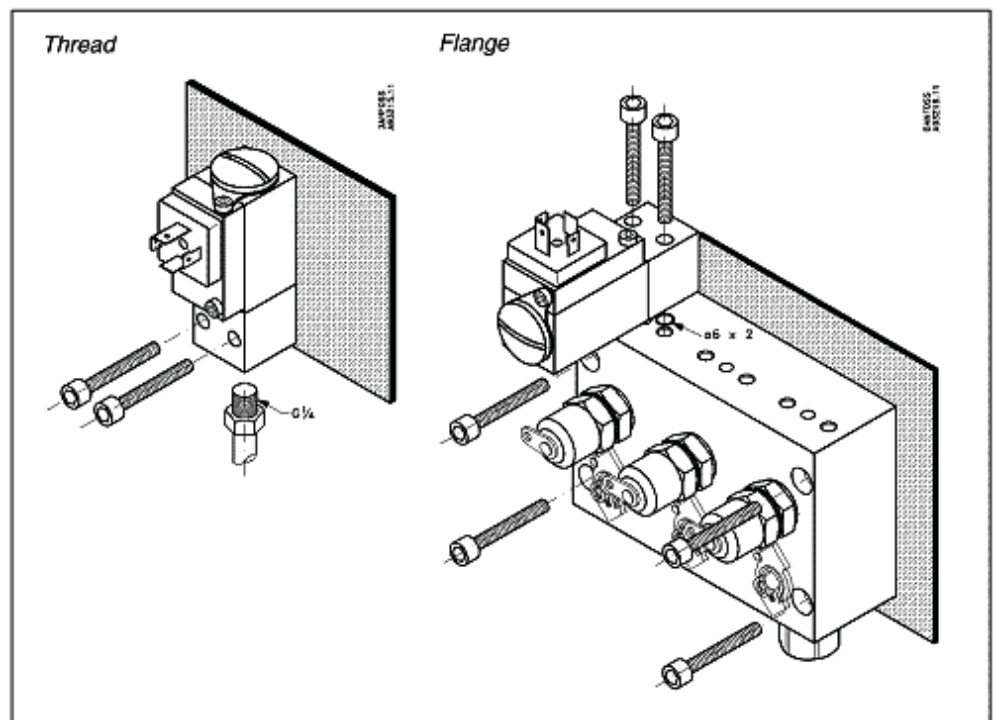
- Default : SP
- The output ranges of the SP settings, set point or process value when temperature input is selected are the ranges supported by the selected sensor.
- When the heating side manipulated variable or cooling side manipulated variable is selected, the transfer output lower limit in a heating and cooling control becomes 0.0.

12 PRESSURE SWITCH MBC 5000, 5100

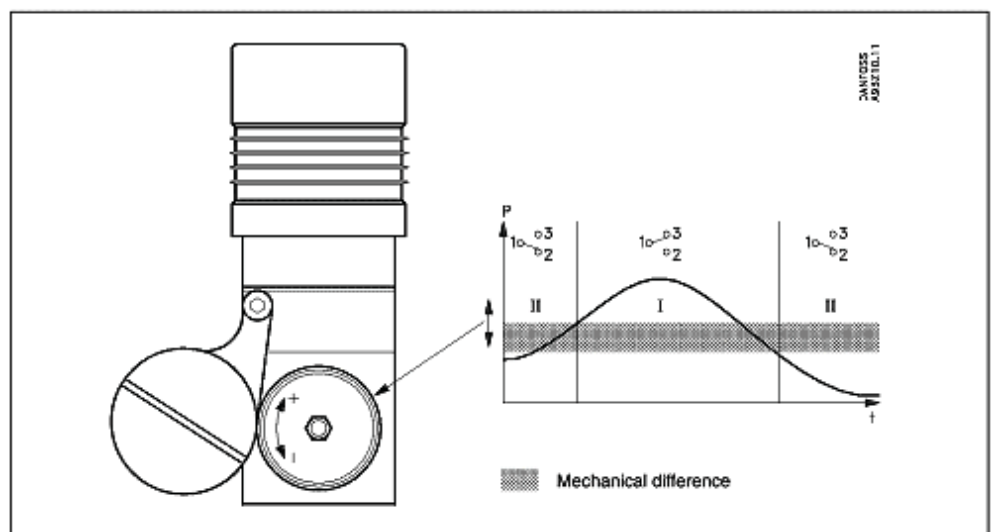
Electrical connection



Mechanical connection



Adjustment



13 LEVEL LIMIT SWITCH LIQUIPHANT T FTL20



The device may be installed, connected, commissioned, operated and maintained by qualified and authorised personnel only.

Do not bend.

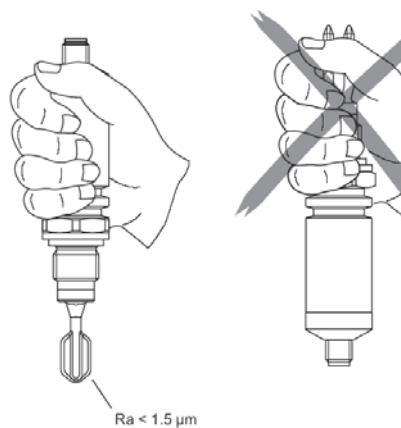
Do not shorten.

Do not lengthen.

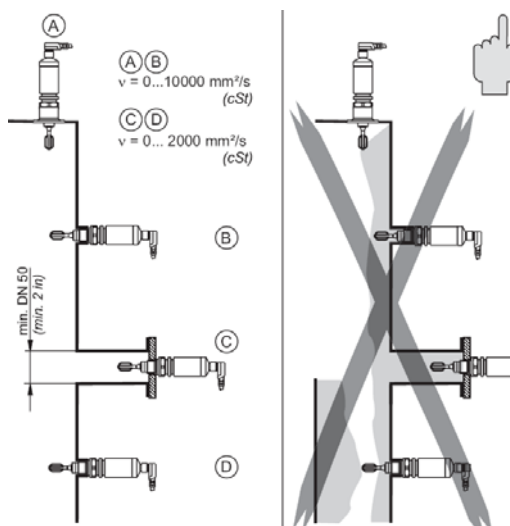
13.1 Instructions

1. Handling

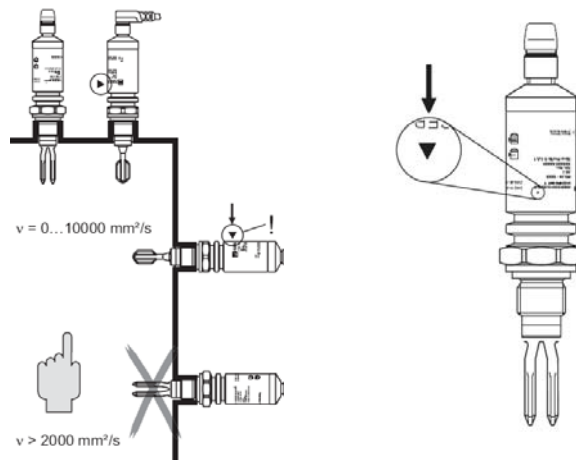
Hold by the housing, not by the sensor fork



2. Take account of viscosity and build-up



3. Align sensor fork Note mark ▼



4. Test with test magnet

 MAX	1. gn ye →	2. gn ye
 MIN	1. gn ye →	2. gn ye
 MAX MIN	1. gn rd →	2. gn rd

5. Cleaning



14 FLOW METER, TYPE VZF



Before working on the hydraulics, put the plant or section out of operation, close the stop valves and release the pressure

Comply with the permissible operating data as defined on the type plate. Pressure test with a maximum of 1.5 x the nominal pressure (PN).

Make sure that no hazardous fumes can build up in the piping and in the meter during commissioning, decommissioning and dismantling.

The meter must at all times be completely filled with liquid during operation.

Check the meter periodically for tightness of the connections and for proper functioning.

If work is to be done on the installation, before each intervention:

- **release the pressure in the installation**
- **if hazardous liquids are used, wear protective clothing and safety goggles**
- **place a collecting tray underneath the installation.**

When restarting the plant:

- **slowly open the stop valves, avoiding pressure surges ('water hammer')**
- **vent the pipe well**
- **check tightness**

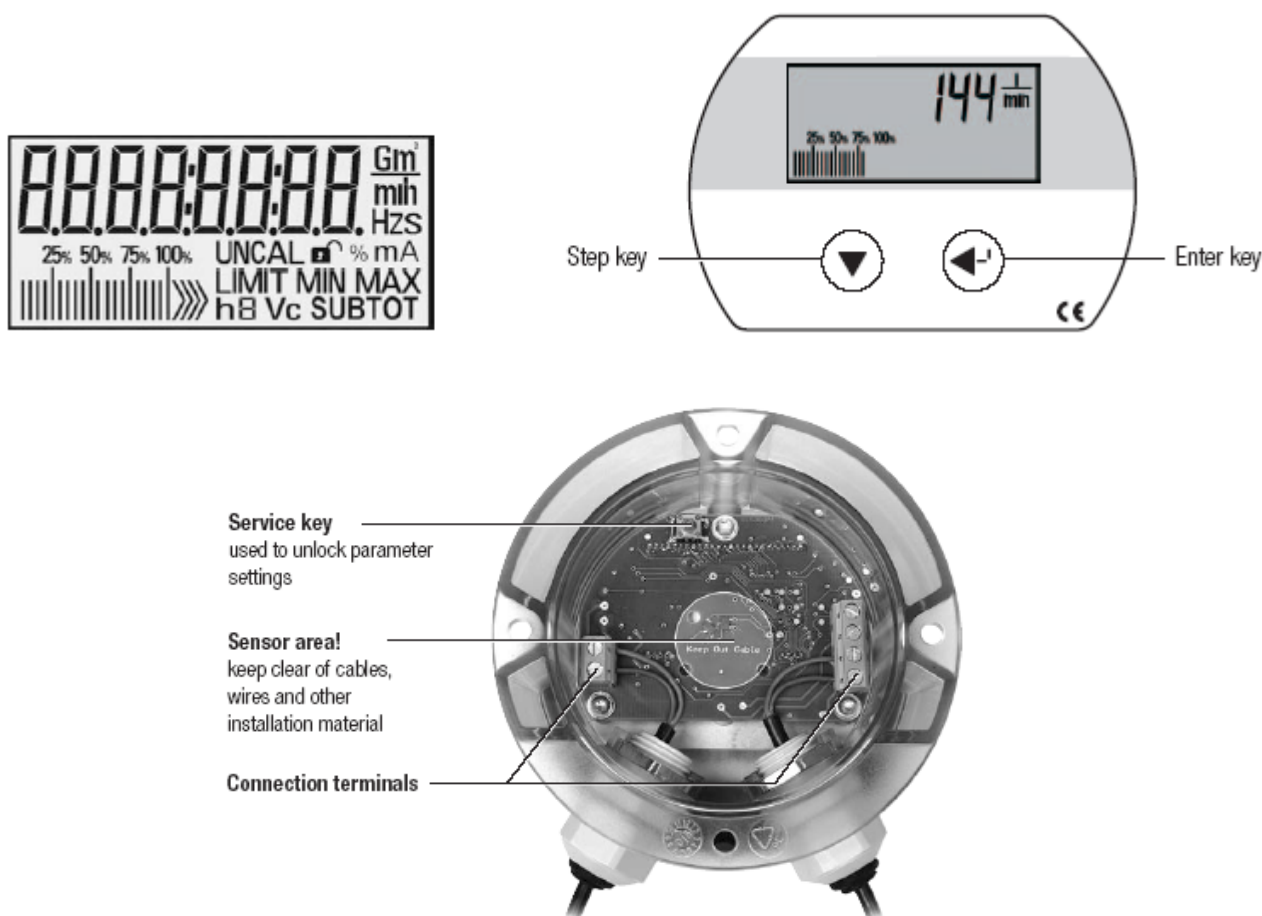
14.1 Display

All data are saved periodically, and every time a key is pressed, in a non-volatile memory (EEPROM). This means that the last value is saved even if the power supply is interrupted.

The 7-segment display can show 8-digit measured values with a decimal point or text messages using letters in a special presentation mode. Units of measurement and additional items of information are shown with symbols or index indicators. The references to these in the text are shown in square brackets, e.g. [LIMIT MAX].

The display data and parameters are split into three menu groups:

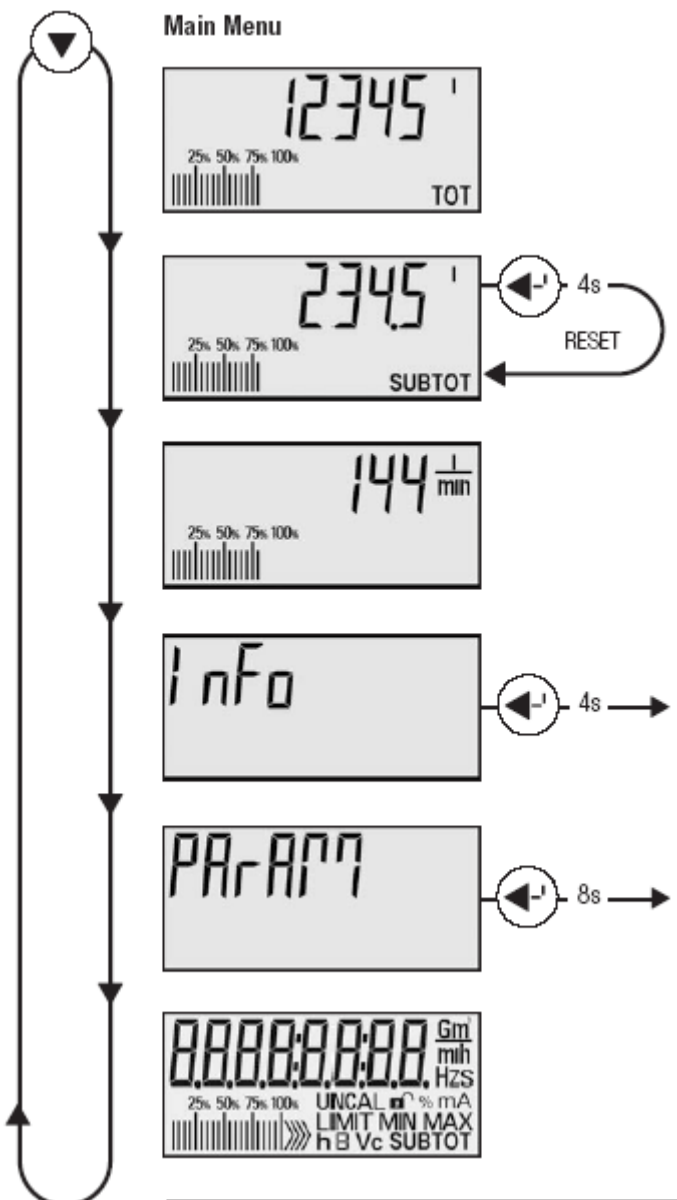
- a) Main Menu: displays measured data, accesses other menus, tests display segments and displays error messages (if present).
- b) Information Menu: displays additional information about the meter and operating status
- c) Parameter Menu: displays parameter settings for the display and output signals. To set these parameters, the device must be unlocked with the Service key. This is located in the connections compartment and is only accessible after the display module has been opened or unscrewed.



14.2 Operation

14.2.1 Main menu

The standard display of the Main Menu is the total volume. Use the Step key to go to the measured value for the resettable volume or the flow rate and other menu items, as follows:



Total volume [TOT] cannot be reset
Standard display adopted by the meter after a time-out. The flow indicator bar corresponds to the meter measuring range. It shows the flow rate by means of graduation marks, in steps of 5 per cent up to Qmax.

Subtotal volume [SUBTOT] can be reset
Reset: press the Enter key for 4 seconds. Reset must be enabled in the Parameter Menu. The flow indicator bar corresponds to the meter measuring range. It shows the flow rate by means of graduation marks, in steps of 5 per cent up to Qmax.

Current flow rate
Besides being displayed numerically, this value is also shown in the display by a bar with graduation marks, each mark representing 5% of the maximum permitted flow rate.

Entry portal for the Information Menu
Display additional information about the device and operating status.
To access: press the Enter key for 4 seconds.
Time-out: 60 seconds

Entry portal for the Parameter Menu
Display and settings for device and operating parameters for display and outputs.
To access: press the Enter key for 8 seconds.
Time-Out: 60 seconds

Display test
All the segments are shown for 2 seconds for monitoring. This test is also performed after switching on the unit.

**Device errors**

If a device error is detected during the periodic self-test, this message is briefly shown on the display every 2 seconds. Measuring accuracy is impaired.



The meter may supply incorrect values. The Information Menu gives more information on the error.

The value displayed in "subtotal volume" [SUBTOT] can be reset to zero by pressing the Enter key for about 4 seconds, unless this function has been disabled in the Parameter Menu.

If a meter error is present, the [ERROR] warning appears on the display every 2 seconds. Details about the error are shown in the Information Menu.

14.2.2 Information menu

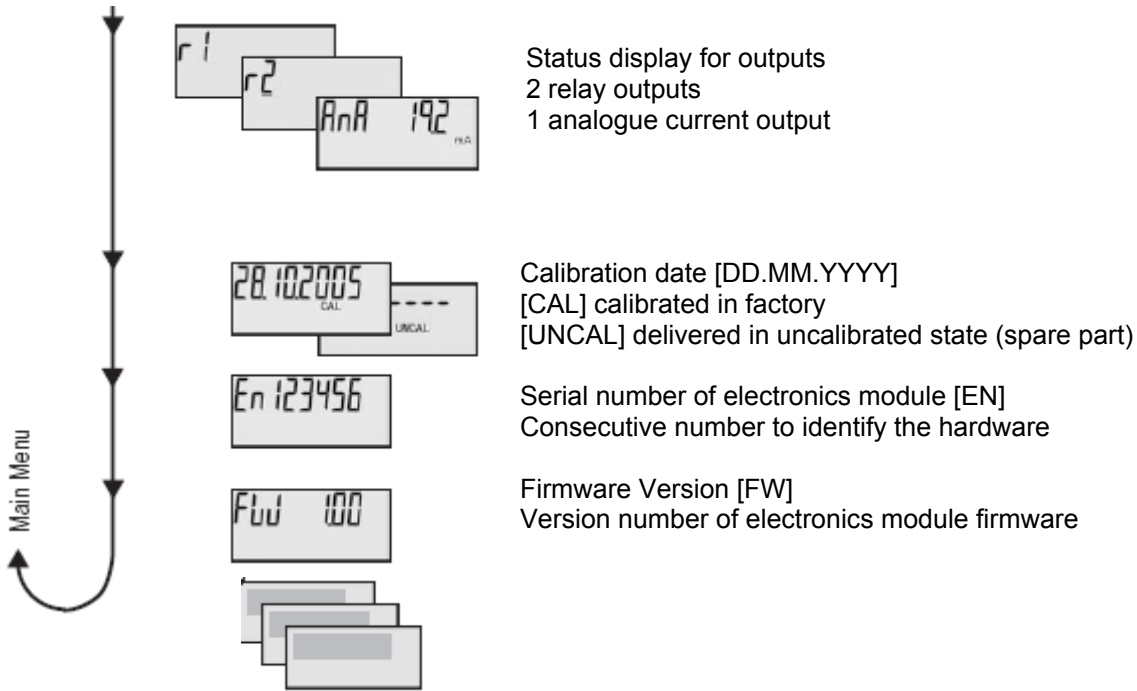
Select the [INFO] item from the Main Menu and then press the Enter key for approx.4 seconds to enter the Information Menu. Use the Step key to view the following additional information about the meter and the operating status:

Information Menu

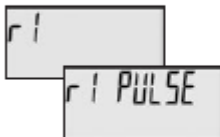

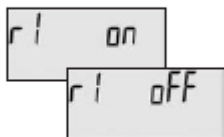
This is only shown when an error has been detected. CAUTION! Meter may supply incorrect measured values

E-Flow	E-ROM	Error status [E- . . .] [E-FLOW] flow overload [E-EEP] data error in EEPROM [E-ROM] data error in ROM [E-POWER] error in power supply [E-SENSOR] signal error For details, see "Error messages" page 29.
E-EEP	E-Power	
	E-Sensor	

- Hours in operation [HO]
 Total hours in operation for the meter in HH:MM format
- Hours in operation [H1]
 Hours in operation (HH:MM) in the optimal flow range, Qmin - QN
- Hours in operation [H2]
 Hours in operation (HH:MM) in the upper flow range, QN - Qmax
- Hours in operation [H3]
 Hours in operation (HH:MM) above Qmax
- Duration [H4]
 Duration (HH:MM) since last recorded flow
- Peak flow rate [MAX Q]
 Maximum value of flow rate since starting operation
- Nominal size DN15 ... DN50
 [CAL] calibrated nominal size of the flow sensor
- Measuring chamber volume [VC]
 [CAL] calibrated volume of the flow sensor




Status of RELAY 1
Only the function that is enabled in the parameter setting is shown

volume pulses	or frequency signal	or limiting value switch
		
Status of pulse output [R1] [PULSE] appears as long as the pulse signal is present at the output (With very fast pulse trains "PULSE" will be displayed continuously)	Status of frequency output [R1 . . . Hz] displays the current flow output frequency	Status of limiting value switch [R1 . . .] displays the current relay status [ON] switch closed [OFF] switch open

Only the second output enabled in the "Output selection" parameter setting is shown (relay 2 or analog)

Status of RELAY 2
Function as for relay, 1 see above

Status of pulse output [R2]	Status of frequency output [R2 . . . Hz]	Status of limiting value switch [R2 . . .]
or ANALOG status display		
	Status of current output [ANA ...mA] Displays the current value of the current output	

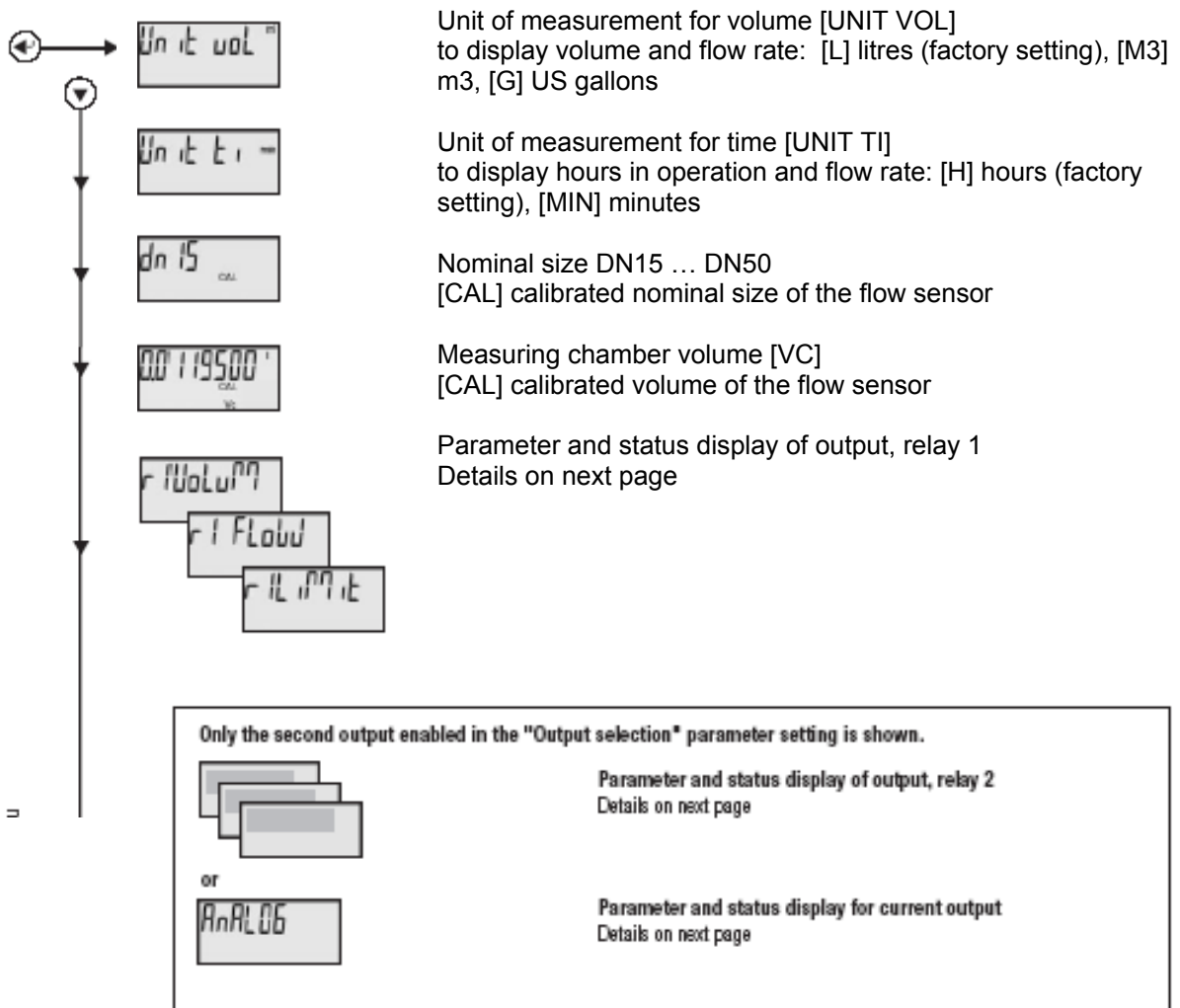


If both keys are pressed at the same time, or if no key is pressed for 60 seconds, the device returns to the standard display.

14.2.3 Parameter menu

Select the [PARAMETER] item from the Main Menu and press the Enter key for approx. 8 seconds to enter the Parameter Menu.

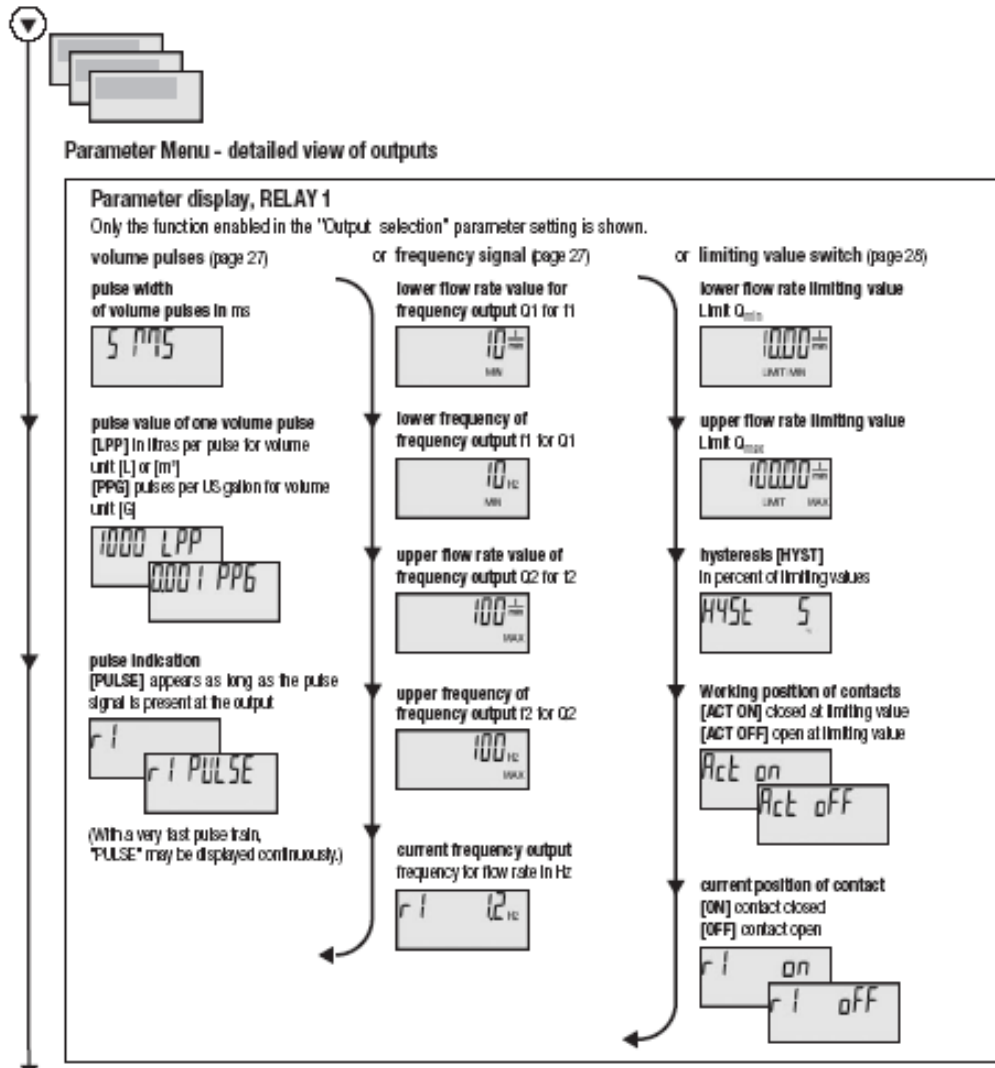
The menu structure for reading out parameters is shown below. Use the Step key to display all the parameters that are set. Submenus are available for the relay and power output menus; to enter them, press the Enter key.





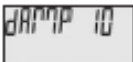
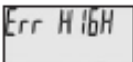



Disable volume subtotal reset [SUBTOT]
[SUB RES] Subtotal can be reset (factory setting)
[SUB.NO.RES] Subtotal cannot be reset


If both keys are pressed at the same time, or if no key is pressed within 15 minutes, the device returns to the standard display.



Only the second output enabled in the "Output selection" parameter setting appears (relay 2 or analog)
Parameter display, RELAY 2
 Only the function that is enabled in the parameter setting is shown:
 volume pulses or frequency signal or limiting value switch (for details see relay 1)
 or ANALOG parameter display

	lower flow rate value Q _{min} for 4mA
	upper flow rate value Q _{max} for 20mA
	Attenuation of current output [DAMP] [1] no damping [10] high damping
	Current output in case of an error [ERR...] [HIGH] 21,5mA, [LOW] 3,5mA, [OFF] no output
	current status of current output [ANA] displays the current value of the current output


Main Menu

 If both keys are pressed at the same time, or if no key is pressed within 15 minutes, the device returns to the standard display.

14.2.3.1 Parameter settings

In order to set the parameters, the device must first be unlocked with the Service key. This puts the device into Edit mode.

This is located in the connections compartment and is only accessible after the display module has been opened or unscrewed. The power supply must not be interrupted when this is done.

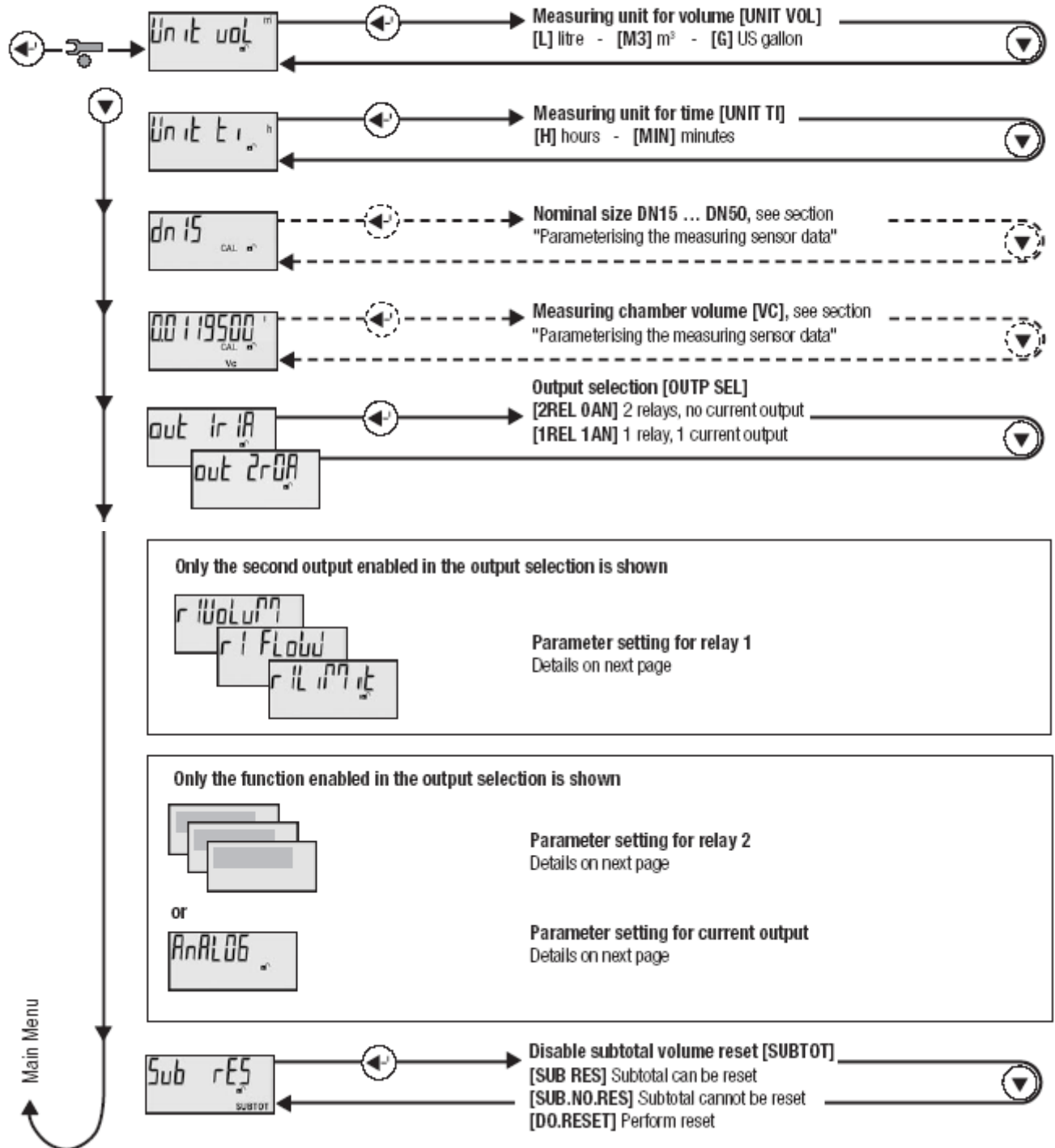
This unlocking procedure is only possible within the Parameter Menu and is done by pressing the Service key. Once the parameter setting is enabled, symbol  will be shown in addition to all the displays. On exiting the Parameter Menu, the Edit mode is automatically discontinued.

Parameter Menu

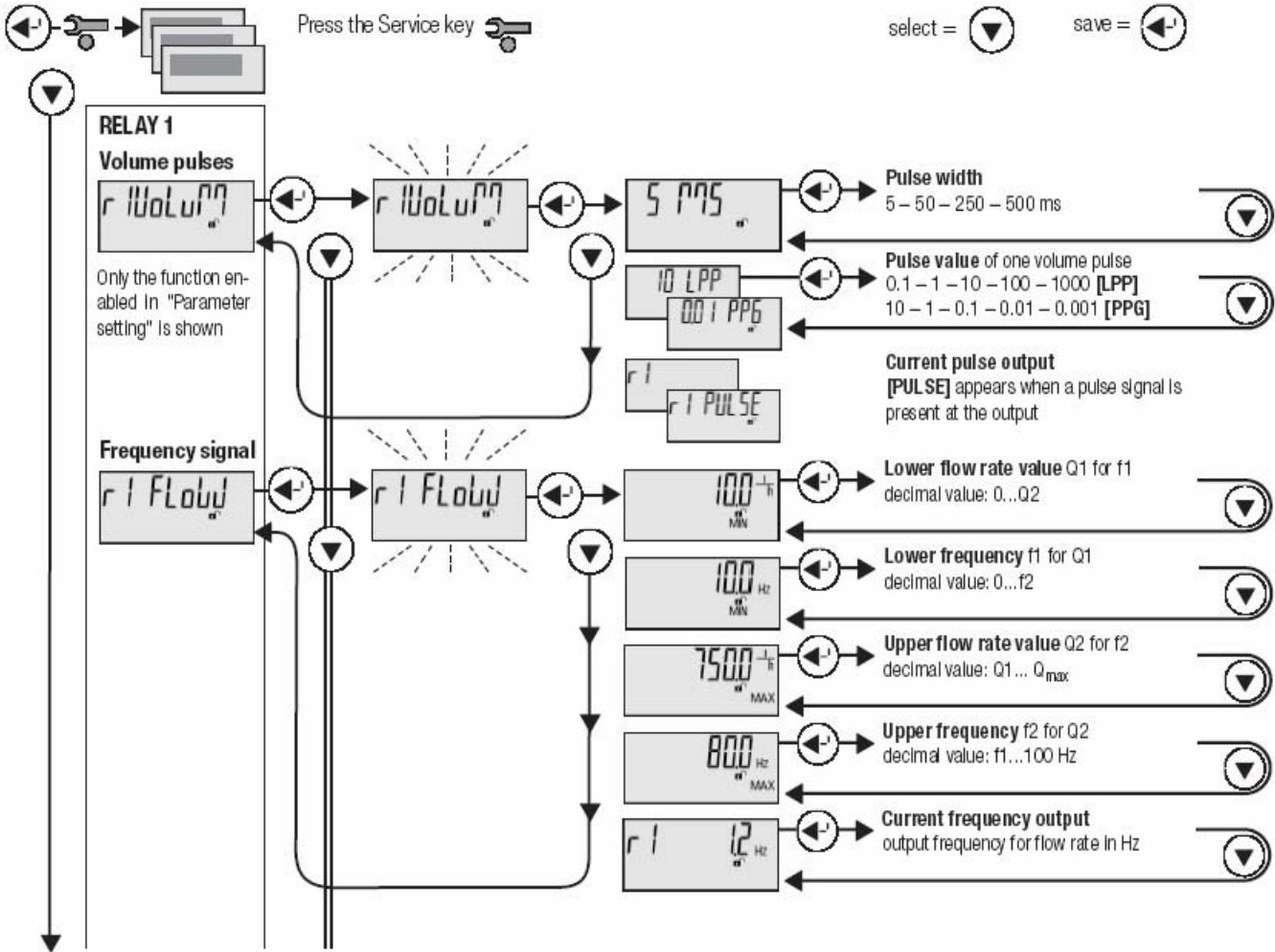
Press Service key =

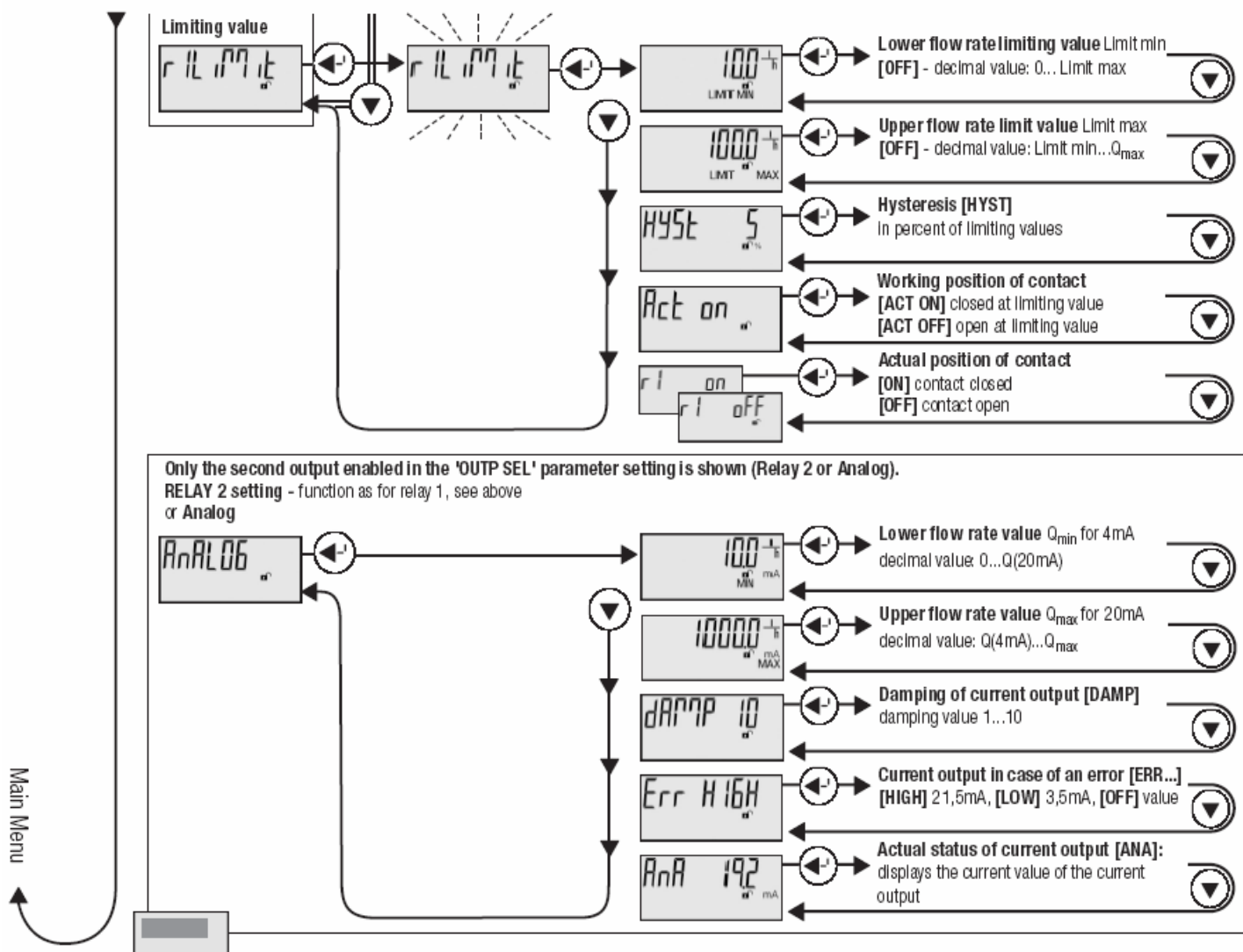
select =

save =



Parameter Menu - set outputs





In order to set the individual parameters, the relevant menu item in the Parameter Menu must be found, as above. Press the Enter key to enable editing. The value to be set starts flashing and may be changed.

Selections are available for most of the menu items. Use the Step key to select a desired value and press the Enter key to save it. A saved value no longer flashes.

If discrete numerical values are to be entered as individual digits (e.g. flow rate values), proceed from the smallest decimal place to the largest. The digit to be set will flash. Use the Step key to select the value (0-9) and press the Enter key to accept. Then set the next higher decimal place.

The number of decimal places is fixed. For litres and gallons, one decimal place is specified; four decimal places are specified for m³.

For the limiting value settings, the function of the upper or lower limiting value switch can be disabled if necessary. To do this, an "OFF" selection is also offered when the lowest decimal value for the flow limit is entered.

If no key is pressed within 15 minutes, the device returns to the standard display and the Edit mode is discontinued. Any entries that have not been completed by pressing the Enter key are rejected.

14.2.3.2 Parameterising the display

In order to set the parameters, the device must be unlocked with the Service key. See the section on Parameter setting.

Setting the unit of measurement for volume [UNIT VOL]

Possible settings and subsequent parameters derived from them are as follows:

- litre [UNIT LIT]: pulse value in litres per pulse [LPP], flow in [l/time]
- cubic metres [UNIT M3]: pulse value in litres per pulse [LPP], flow in [m³/time]
- US gallons [UNIT USG]: pulse value in pulses per gallon [PPG], flow in [gal./time]

The set unit of measurement is shown as an index.

Setting the unit of measurement for time [UNIT TI]

Possible settings and subsequent parameters derived from them are as follows:

- hour [UNIT TI h]: flow rate in [Volume/h]
- minute [UNIT TI min]: flow rate in [Volume/min]

The set unit of measurement is shown as an index.

14.2.3.3 Parameterising the flow sensor data

In order to guarantee accurate measurement, the electronics on the flow sensor require adjustment. During calibration in the factory, the data for nominal size and the exact measuring chamber volume are entered for this purpose. These parameters cannot usually be changed again. They are displayed with the index [CAL] to document the calibrated condition of the instrument.

If the measurement transducer has to be replaced, it is possible to enter these two parameters manually in order to "marry" a new measurement transducer with the flow sensor. For spare parts for which the nominal size or measuring chamber volume can be changed, this is shown by the [UNCAL] index.

In order to set the parameters, the device must be unlocked with the Service key..

CAUTION: the settings for the nominal size or the measuring chamber volume can be changed within a maximum time window of 7 days after the first change, and a maximum of 4 changes can be made. After the time window has expired or after the fifth change to these two parameters, NO FURTHER CHANGES ARE POSSIBLE.

14.2.3.4 Parameterising the outputs

In order to set the parameters, the device must be unlocked with the Service key.

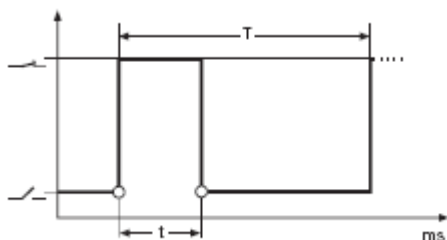
The outputs to be used must be enabled in the 'Output selection [OUTP SEL] in the Parameter Menu.

Only enabled outputs can be parameterised. The following alternatives are possible:

- 2 relay outputs (factory setting) or
- 1 relay output and 1 current output

Pulse output for summing the flow volume (totaliser)

Parameter Menu: volume function [R1VOLUM]



Parameters that can be set:

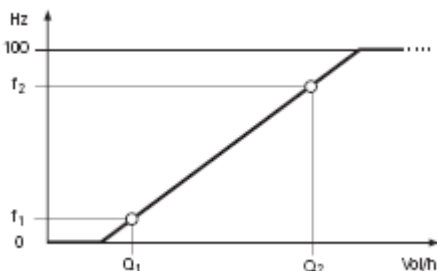
- Pulse width (t): 5 – 50 – 250 – 500 ms
=> The pulse width determines the smallest possible pulse value.
- Pulse value for litres, m³ [LPP]: 0,1 – 1 – 10 – 100 – 1000 m³ or Ltr/pulse
- Pulse value for US gallons [PPG]: 10 – 1 – 0.1 – 0.01 – 0.001 Pulses/USG
(Factory setting: 250 ms, 1 Ltr/pulse; DN40-50: 10 Ltr/pulse)
=> Based on the pulse width shown above, only those values are offered that can also display the maximum possible flow rate. If a lower pulse value is required other than those, a smaller pulse width must be selected.

Signal behaviour:

When the pulse value is reached, the solid state relay is closed for the duration of the set pulse width.

Frequency output depicting flow rate

Parameter Menu: flow rate function [R1 FLOW]



Parameters that can be set:

Frequency range and proportionality of the signal over the desired flow rate measurement range $Q_1 \dots Q_2$

- Lower flow rate [MIN]: $Q_1 \geq 0$ (factory setting: Q_{\min})
- Lower frequency [Hz]: $f_1 \geq 0$ (factory setting: 10 Hz)
- Upper flow rate [MAX]: $Q_2 \leq Q_{\max}$. (factory setting: Q_N)
- Upper frequency [Hz]: $f_2 \leq 100$ Hz (factory setting: 80 Hz)

=> The upper frequency must be larger than the lower frequency.

The upper flow rate value must be larger than the lower flow rate value.

Q_{\min} , Q_N and Q_{\max} are dependent on the nominal size of the meter.

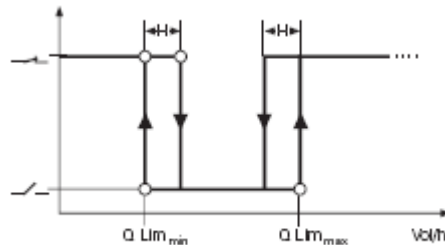
Signal behaviour:

- a) Value falls below the set lower flow rate value Q_1 :
 - proportional decrease to 0 Hz, which is then maintained.
- b) Value exceeds set upper flow rate value Q_2 :
 - proportional increase to 100 Hz, which is then maintained.

No provision is made for error signals.

Switching output to signal a limiting value (Limit)

Parameter Menu: limiting value output [R1LIMIT]



Parameters that can be set:

- Lower flow rate limiting value [LIMIT MIN]:
[OFF] or $Q \text{ Lim}_{\min} \geq 0$
(factory setting: Q_{\min})
 - Upper flow rate limiting value [LIMIT MAX]:
[OFF] or $Q \text{ Lim}_{\max} \leq Q_{\max}$.
(factory setting: Q_N)
- => The upper flow rate limiting value must be larger than the lower flow rate limiting value. Q_{\min} and Q_{\max} are dependent on the nominal size.
- Hysteresis [HYST] (H): 0...10% of Q Lim
(factory setting: 1%)

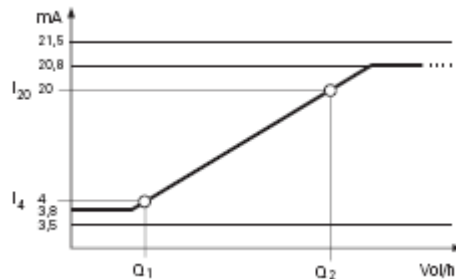
Working position of the semiconductor switch: active on – active off

Signal behaviour:

- a) For a flow rate lying between the lower and upper flow rate limiting values, the semiconductor switch is open in the "active on" working position. In the "active off" working position, it is closed.
- b) If the upper flow rate limiting value is reached or exceeded, the contact switches to the closed position. It switches back again as soon as the value falls below the upper flow rate limiting value by the hysteresis amount.
- c) If the lower flow rate limiting value is reached or if the value falls below this limit, the contact switches to the closed position. It switches back again as soon as the lower flow rate limiting value is exceeded by the amount of the hysteresis.

Analogue current output (4...20mA) depicting flow rate

Parameter Menu: analogue output [ANALOG]



Parameters that can be set:

Proportionality of the signal over a flow rate-range Q_1 to Q_2

- flow rate at 4mA [MIN mA] (I_4): $Q_1 \geq 0$
(factory setting: 0)
- flow rate at 20mA [MAX mA] (I_{20}): $Q_2 \leq Q_{max}$.
(factory setting: Q_N)

=> The upper flow rate value must be larger than the lower flow rate value.

Q_{min} , Q_N and Q_{max} are dependent on the nominal size.

Damping of the signal on rapidly changing measured values

- Damping value [DAMP] 1 (none) ...10 (maximum)

=> The higher the damping, the larger the relative error.

Signal level when a relevant meter error occurs

Error behaviour [ERR ...]: HIGH (21,5mA),LOW (3,5mA), OFF

Signal behaviour:

- Value falls below the set lower flow rate value Q_1 :
 - proportional decrease to 3.8mA which is then maintained.
- Value exceeds set upper flow rate value Q_2 :
 - proportional increase to 20.8mA which is then maintained.
- Error signal for measurement-relevant meter error (sensor, ROM, supply voltage, etc.):
 - For HIGH error behaviour: output 21.5mA
 - For LOW error behaviour: output 3.5mA
 - For OFF error behaviour: no error signal, continued output of computed value.

14.3 Error messages

The electronics perform a self-test about every 5 minutes. If an error is detected which impairs the reliability or accuracy of the measurement, the [ERROR] warning will appear every 2 seconds on the display.

The error is shown in detail in the Information Menu:

- [E-FLOW] maximum permitted flow rate (Qmax) exceeded
The meter is mechanically overloaded and is no longer measuring accurately.
Action: reduce the flow rate or use the next higher nominal size.
- [E-POWER] supply voltage is too low
Faulty data processing, meter supplies incorrect measured values.
Action: check the voltage supply and eliminate the cause of the error (if applicable).
- [E-EEP] error when reading or saving data to EEPROM, faulty data backup.
Totaliser value may be incorrect.
Action: measurement transducer must be replaced. Please contact the supplier.
- [E-ROM] error when reading data from the ROM
Faulty data processing, meter supplies incorrect measured values.
Action: measurement transducer must be replaced. Please contact the supplier.
- [E-SENSOR] signal error from flow sensor to measurement transducer
Meter supplies incorrect measured values.
Action: measurement transducer must be replaced. Please contact the supplier.

14.4 Maintenance

Check connections periodically for tightness and if necessary tighten again.

For control and cleaning, the measuring chamber and the ring piston of the meters DN15 - 50 can be removed without dismantling the meter from the pipe.

The cleaning and revision cycle depends largely on the conditions of operation. Under favourable conditions 5 - 10 years suffice.

Check the units for corrosion. When ancillary equipment is used, observe their mounting and operation instructions.

Please, contact Auramarine Ltd for spare parts.

15 VISCOSITY SENSOR, TYPE VISCOSENSE2



Always use personal protective means when working with hot, aggressive and toxic process liquids.

Always use insulated tools when working on electrical installations.

The ViscoSense2 sensor body will heat up to the process temperature; do not touch instrument while process is running.

Never try to open the back of the sensor. This will damage the wire and sensor .

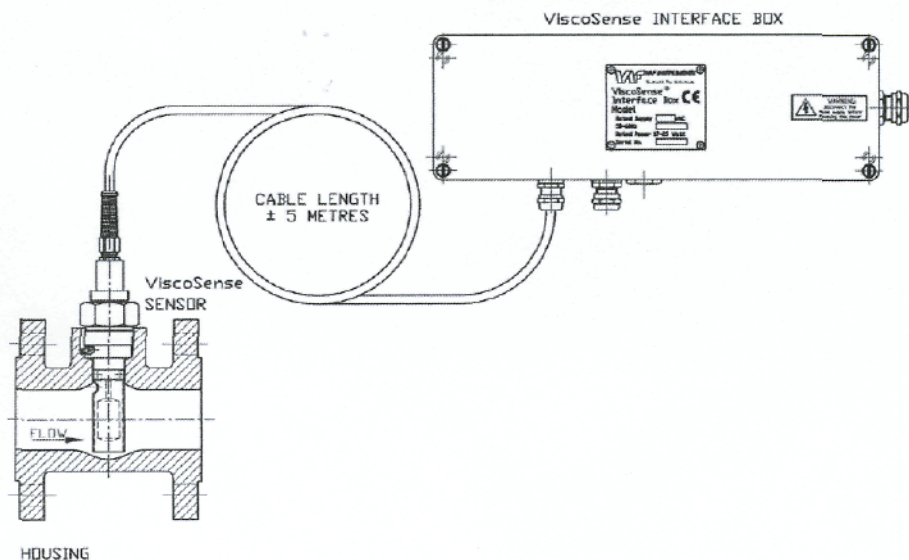


Fig 1 ViscoSense2 components

The sensor housing is made of ductile iron and has flanges for direct mounting in the fuel line. The sensor itself is made of stainless steel and is mounted in the housing. Two parts of the sensor, the pendulum and flowtube have a special teflon coating. It is supplied with 5 metres of signal cable for connection to the interface box.

The ViscoSense2 Interface box is a wall mount electronic unit, processing the signals from and to the sensor. It provides 4..20 mA signals for remote read-out of viscosity and temperature for a controller or other system elements.

The operating principle of the sensor is that of a torsion pendulum. The sensor consists of a stainless steel driver / sensor head (1), attached to the base plate (2) by means of a tubular torsion spring (3). In the head, one pair of piezo elements (driver piezos) (4) actuates the pendulum at its torsional resonance frequency, while another pair (the receiver piezos) probe the actual movement of the head. In a low viscosity medium, like air the resonance frequency is in the range of 1600 Hz. In a high viscosity medium the movement of the head is damped by the liquid. Consequently, the resonance frequency slightly shifts towards lower frequencies, whilst the width of the resonance peak increases, which is a measure for the viscosity. A flow tube (5) is placed around the pendulum, to protect it against mechanical damage. The flowtube inlet ensures a constant new supply of liquid for a correct measurement.

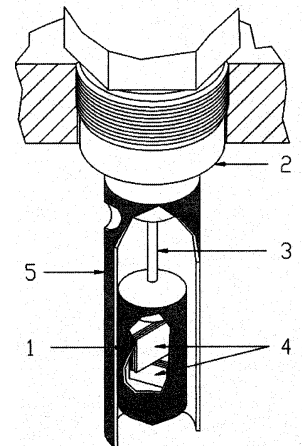


Fig 2 ViscoSense2 sensor

15.1 Operation

15.1.1 Initial start-up

1. Fill complete fuel system with diesel oil.
2. Open block valves (K and M) and bypass valve (L)
3. Allow diesel oil to enter the fuel system
4. Vent the fuel system.
5. Start the booster pump in the fuel system and after app 15 minutes close bypass valve (L)
6. Switch on power supply to the ViscoSense2 system.
Depending upon the viscosity of the liquid, it can take up to 30 seconds before the first reading appears. This is due to the automatic signal gain control.
7. Gradually change over to HFO.

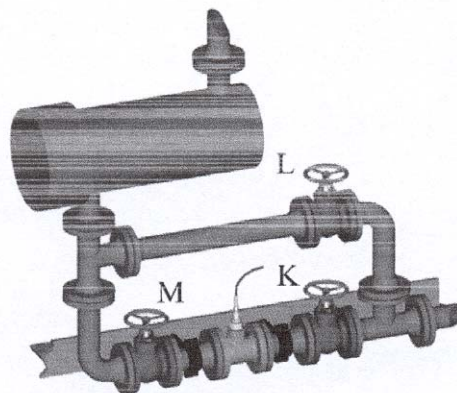


Fig 3

15.1.2 Routine start-up

Make sure that the power is on. No other special actions on the ViscoSense22 unit are required.

15.1.3 Shutdown on diesel oil

No special actions on the ViscoSense2 unit are required.

15.1.4 Shutdown on heavy fuel oil

Maintain heat tracing on the ViscoSense2 sensor housing after shutdown to prevent clogging of the fuel to the sensor internal parts.

15.2 Maintenance

15.2.1 Routine maintenance

Under normal conditions, the ViscoSense2 sensor requires no maintenance. "Normal" means;

- A clean operating environment
- ViscoSense2 interface box installed in accordance with the installation instructions given
- Operation accordance with manual
- Uninterrupted power supply at normal specified values

The flow should be in-between the maximum and minimum fluid flow rate. The ViscoSense2 housing should be placed in such a way, that no air can be trapped in the housing.

The fluid should be homogenous. It should not contain any air bubbles or foam. The fluid should not contain any chemicals or solid particals, that can damage teflon.

The ViscoSense2 sensor and interface box cannot be repaired onsite. They will be either exchanged for a spare unit or sent back to the manufacturer.

15.2.2 Cleaning



When removing the ViscoSense2 sensor from the piping system, precautions must be taken to prevent personal injuries and damage to the sensor and process installation.

General procedure

1. Change over to manual viscosity control
2. Shut off flow through the ViscoSense2 sensor by closing the valves on both sides of the sensor housing.
3. Switch off power supply to the ViscoSense2 interface box.
4. If possible, drain and empty the piping system.



Although the flow has been shut off, the ViscoSense2 sensor can still be hot and under pressure. Be careful when loosening flange bolts.

If the sensor is removed from a sensor housing which has not been de-pressurized, hot oil will spray out.

5. Unscrew the ViscoSense2 sensor from its housing by loosening nut (1, fig 4).
6. Take out the ViscoSense2 sensor.
7. **DO NOT REMOVE THE FLOW TUBE, DO NOT STICK ANY OBJECTS IN BETWEEN THE FLOW TUBE AND PENDULUM.**
8. Flush the space between the tube and the pendulum with diesel oil or non aggressive cleaning detergent.



Take care that the pendulum is not damaged or bent by mechanical force.

Do not use abrasive materials like sandpaper, files, etc. to clean the flow tube. This will damage the teflon coating.

15.2.2.1 Sensor assembly

1. Check the O-ring (2) before installing the ViscoSense2 sensor. Replace if necessary.

NOTE: Make sure not to damage the teflon coating during installation.

2. Carefully insert the ViscoSense2 sensor into the housing with the flow tube inlet facing the flow.

NOTE: Make sure the flow tube inlet is pointing towards the inlet of the sensor housing. If installed wrong, the sensor will not work correctly.

Check if the position of the hole inside the housing and the fixation pin on the sensor match.

3. Tighten the nut (1) by hand. If there is a temperature difference between the sensor and the housing, wait until they have the same temperature before tightening the nut.
4. Tighten the nut (1) with a wrench. Recommended torque is 100 Nm.



Make sure that all bolts and screws are tightened correctly before re-pressurising the system.

5. The ViscoSense2 system is now ready for operation.

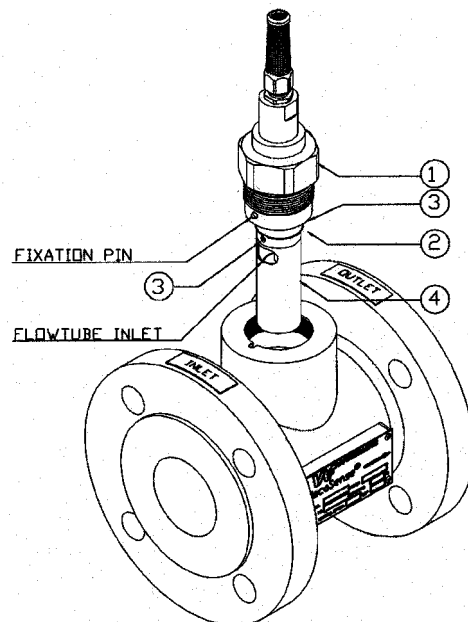
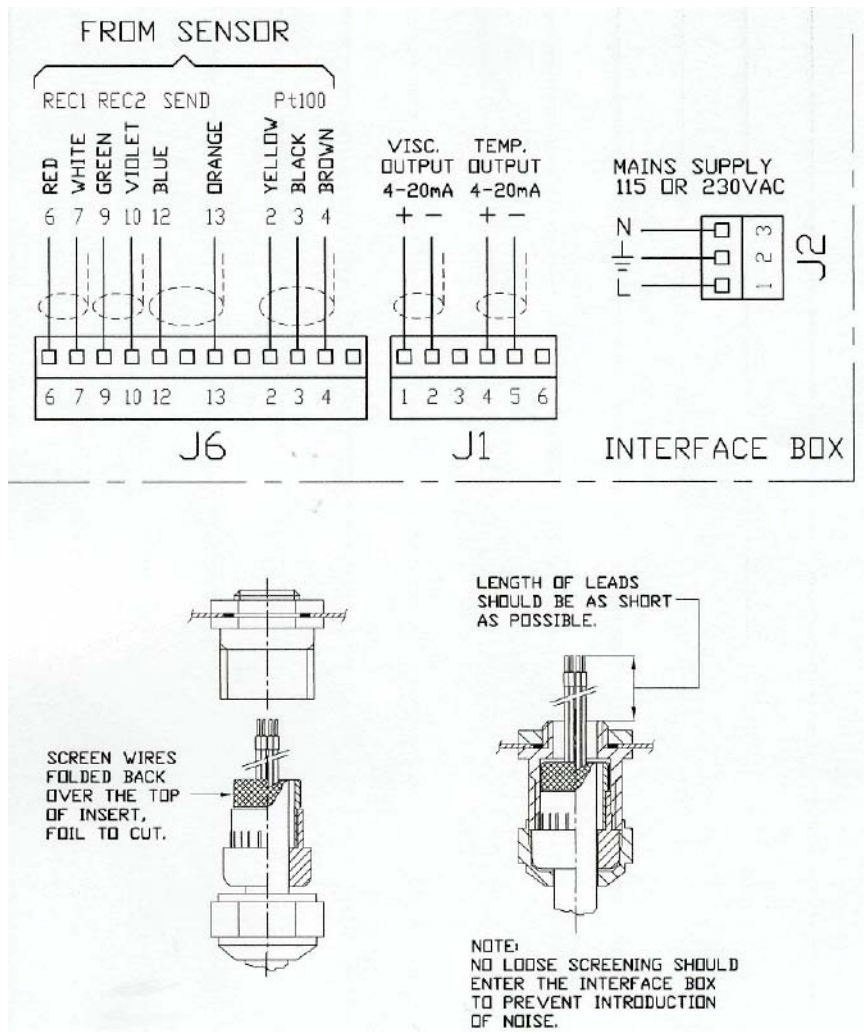


Fig 4 ViscoSense2 sensor assembly

15.2.3 Electrical connections



15.2.4 Trouble shooting and repair

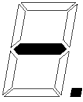



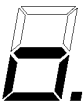

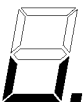
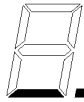
The ViscoSense2 sensor and interface box cannot be repaired onsite. They will be either exchanged for a spare unit or sent back to the manufacturer.

When taking the interface box out of service, disconnect power to the box. The ViscoSense2 sensor should be taken out of the sensor housing and cleaned. To protect the pendulum from damage due to mechanical shocks, the transport locking cap should be carefully placed in between the flow tube and the pendulum. The sensor must be wrapped in protection material to protect it from damage. Both the sensor and the interface box must be stored in a cool and dry place.

15.2.5 Diagnostic information

The printed circuit board inside the ViscoSense2 controller has a provision for diagnostic indication. Failures and errors are displayed by a blinking digit or character on a 7 segment LED. Dependent on the type of failure, error or warning, the viscosity and/or temperature outputs will go to 0, 4 or 20 mA, or will remain functioning normally.

If there is no failure, error or warning, the display indicates the state of the program by displaying a symbol (not blinking) on the display. The following symbols are displayed during normal operation:

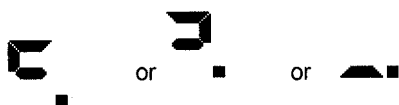
Display	Description	Display	Description
	Power on		Changing U-send setpoint
	Initialising hardware		Measuring at +45° (Left -3 dB point)
	VCO frequency measurement while phase is +45°		Measuring at -45° (Left +3 dB point)
	Waiting for U_receive to settle after changing setpoint		Adjusting phase

The decimal point at the bottom of the display is always on after power is on. This point is only turned off while the ViscoSense2 is writing to EEPROM and if no measurement is possible due to extensive external vibrations.







Normally the ViscoSense2 electronics will try to restart the unit if a faulty situation occurs. However, if the fault is persistent, contact Auramarine Ltd and give a detailed description of the problem that occurred and the diagnostic information indicated at the 7 Segment LED.

The faults indicated in the table below are listed in order of priority. The faults on top of the list have the highest priority. This means that faults with a lower priority can be overwritten by faults of a higher priority.

At power-on the system is explicitly tested for failures indicated by display messages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. During normal operation these tests (except 2) run at the background.



followed by

Display message	Viscosity output mA	Temperature output mA	Recovery action	Fault description
	0	0	Delay & retry	15 V power failure. Supply drops below 13 V
	0	Actual	Delay & retry	Pendulum not oscillating
	0	Actual	Delay & retry	Oscillation error
	4 4	20 4	None None	Temperature out of range (overflow) Temperature out of range (underflow)
	20 4	Actual Actual	None None	Viscosity out of range (overflow) Viscosity out of range (underflow)
	Actual Open loop	Open loop Actual	None None	Temperature output open loop Viscosity output open loop
Not all segments working after power on	Actual	Actual	Not applicable	7 - segment display defective

Any other figure or letter indicates an error in the electronics or software.

15.2.6 General trouble shooting

Problem	Possible cause	Corrective action
No viscosity signal	No supply to interface box	Check supply. Check fuses. Check electrical connections.
	Current loop connection broken	Check electrical wiring of 4-20 mA output signal
	Air entrapped in the fuel system	Vent the system
	ViscoSense2 malfunctioning	Check diagnostic led
No temperature signal	No supply to interface box	Check supply. Check fuses. Check electrical connections.
	Current loop connection broken	Check electrical wiring of 4-20 mA output signal
	ViscoSense2 malfunctioning	Check diagnostic led
Viscosity output is lower than expected	Actual viscosity is lower than expected. E.g. bunker calculator only gives approx. value. Dilution with MDO. Temperature is higher than expected.	None (For laboratory check of viscosity).
	Range settings ViscoSense2 and readout unit do not match	Check mA signal and range settings
	Air entrapped in the fuel system	Vent the system
Viscosity output is higher than expected	Actual viscosity is higher than expected. E.g. bunker calculator only gives approx. value. Temperature is lower than expected.	None (For laboratory check of viscosity).
	Range settings ViscoSense2 and readout unit do not match	Check mA signal and range settings
	Fuel is not pure, well mixed liquid	Vent the system
	Sensor is damaged or fouled	Clean and inspect the sensor

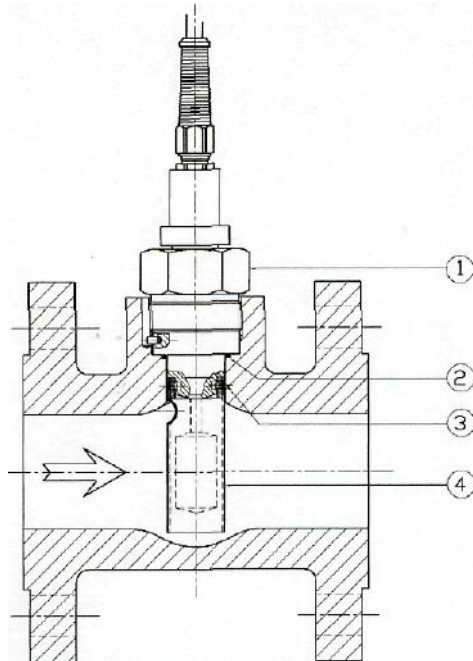
Viscosity output is max range	The viscosity in the sensor housing is higher than the max range	Heat up the fluid
	Actual viscosity is higher than expected. E.g. bunker calculator only gives app value	None
	ViscoSense2 interface box is malfunctioning	Check diagnostic led
	ViscoSense2 sensor is malfunctioning	
	Range settings ViscoSense2 and readout unit do not match	Check mA signal and range settings
	Sensor is damaged or fouled	Clean and inspect the sensor

15.2.7 PI setting errors (for additional viscosity controller)

The heater in the booster system are controlled by a viscosity controller. In order to get a good working viscosity system an optimum adaptation of the control parameters (P=proportional band Pb %), I=integral action time Ti min) is necessary.

Problem	Possible cause	Corrective action
Oscillating temperature with distinct initial overshoot	Pb too low	Increase Pb
Set point is reached very slowly after initial exceeding	Pb too high	Decrease Pb
The set value is reached very slowly without overshooting	Ti too high	Decrease Ti
High initial overshoot followed by fading oscillation	Ti too low	Increase Ti

15.2.8 Parts list



Ref. No	Qty	Part Number	Description & Material
1	1	0279-0096	ViscoSense2 sensor
2	1	0630-3022	O-ring, ID 25.12xØ 1.78mm
3	2	1743-0404	Hex. socket set screw M4x4 mm, DIN916
4	1	0342-0027	Flow tube

16 HEAT EXCHANGER, TYPE MX

16.1 General Description

Vesta MX heat exchangers are of the shell and tube type with u-bend tubes. All heaters have been hydrostatic pressure tested before delivery. Vesta MX heat exchangers have been type approved by all major classification societies.

16.2 Operation

16.2.1 Commissioning

Before start-up it is important to make sure that all connections are securely tightened. Before start-up it is equally important that the heater is filled 100% with liquid and that all connecting pipes are thoroughly air-vented.

NOTE: Remember to retighten the air ventilation plug.

16.2.2 Initial start-up



Fluid flow through the heat exchanger must be established before the heating medium is applied.

Operate the heater for one hour, stop, and retighten all screws.

16.2.3 Output

The output of the heater is subject to the supply of heating media at the inlet steam valve. The steam pressure/heating media temperature applied is to be according to heater size calculation. The output is furthermore subject to correct type of steam trap being used. Correct layout of the condensate system avoids negative effect of counter pressure.

16.2.4 Conservation during shut down periods

Corrosion occurrences in shut down periods are mainly caused by oxygen. The corrosion occurs if non-distilled or alkaline water remains in the heat exchanger. However, even when fully emptied, heaters are exposed to corrosion caused by water residues or condensation. Hence, heaters out of service should be protected against corrosion.

If the heater is out of service for an extended period of time – in particular during winter seasons with frost – it must be carefully emptied. Open the air escape valve and check for clogging.

16.3 Maintenance and cleaning



During disassembly, inspection, reassembly and testing it is important that all safety measures are observed.

The fluids in the systems can be both hot and flammable. Therefore it is important during disassembly and cleaning that proper depressurising, isolation and draining is performed, as well as spillage control. The mandatory pressure test is to be carried out with great care.

Insulation and splash guards must be fitted during recommissioning.

16.3.1 Regular cleaning periods

The heater should be cleaned regularly every six months by removing the tube insert, or at any time there is a decrease in output not related to other causes.

NOTE: The heat exchanger must be emptied before removing the tube section.

Check if any deposits have collected on the tubes.

16.3.2 Cleaning of tubes

Cleaning of the tube system from the outside is carried out after removing the tube insert using a sharp liquid jet (citric acid or water).

Cleaning of the tube system from the inside is carried out after removing the cover by flushing the tubes with e.g. citric acid.

16.3.3 Heavy contamination

If the heater is heavily contaminated with carbon deposits, the manufacturer recommends the heater chemically cleaned with a carbon remover.

After the cleaning has been completed, the heater must be flushed carefully with fresh water and allowed to dry afterwards.

16.3.4 Checking the safety valves

Once every year the safety valve must be checked for correct setpoint.

16.3.5 Dismantling and reassembling of the tube section

The tube section is inserted into the heater and fastened tightly between the shell flange and the end flange. The back end of the tube section is not fixed.

The primary connection for heating media must be dismantled before dismantling the tube section for inspection, cleaning, etc. The tube flange has threaded holes for dismantling screws and for mounting eyebolts for lifting devices.

Gasket surfaces are to be cleaned and protected against damage. New gaskets are to be fitted every time the flange connection has been dismantled.

NOTE: Fluid flow through the heat exchanger must be established before the heating medium is applied.

Tighten all main flange bolts according to below schedule. Operate the heater for one hour, stop, and retighten all bolts according to the table below.

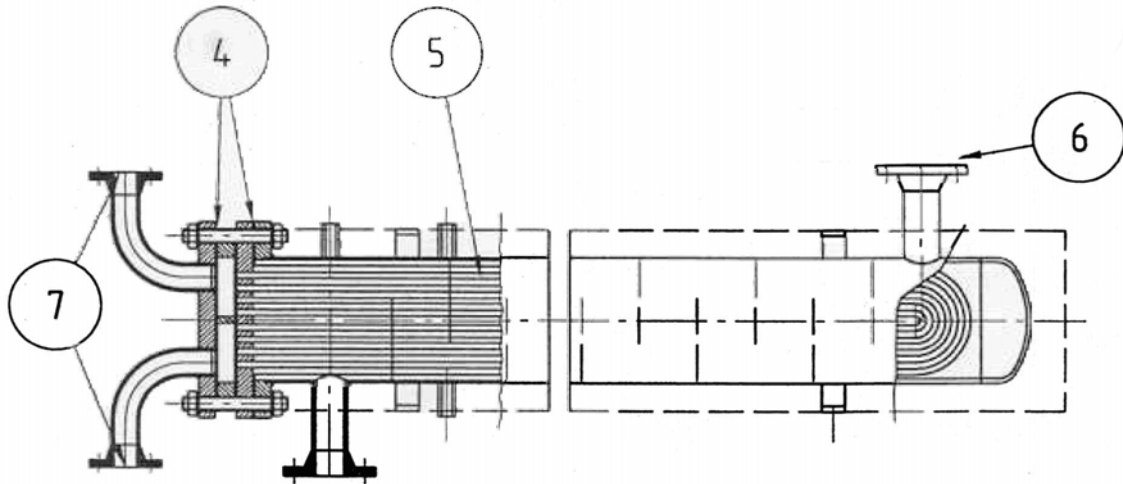
NOTE: A pressure test should be carried out to prove tight joints.

Heater	No bolts	Size	Torque (Nm)	Tightening schedule
MX10	8	M16	50	1 4 7 2 5 8 3 6
MX15	8	M20	83	1 4 7 2 5 8 3 6
MX20	12	M20	79	1 7 11 4 9 2 6 12 5 10 3 8
MX25	12	M24	137	1 7 11 4 9 2 6 12 5 10 3 8
MX30	12	M24	186	1 7 11 4 9 2 6 12 5 10 3 8
MX40	16	M27	245	1 9 5 13 8 16 12 4 15 7 3 11 6 14 10 2

Heater main flange bolts tightening schedule (dry values) – T16 types

16.4 Spare parts

When ordering spare parts, please state the serial number of the heat exchanger (located on the nameplate). For spare parts and further information, please contact Auramarine Ltd.



- 4 Flange gaskets
- 5 Tube insert
- 6 In and outlet flange gaskets
- 7 Steam and condens flange gaskets

17 ELECTRIC MOTOR, TYPES 7A*, 7B*, 14BG*



Electric motors have dangerous voltage carrying and rotating components.

The surfaces of the motor become hot.

All work involved in the transport, connection, commissioning and regular maintenance must be carried out by qualified, responsible specialists (note VDE 0105; IEC 364).

Improper behaviour may result in serious injury and damage to property.

The applicable national, local and works regulations and requirements must be complied with.

Utilization in areas subject to explosion hazard is not permitted, unless expressly intended for this purpose.

17.1 General information

The motors are rated for ambient temperatures of -20° C to +40° C and site altitudes <1000m above sea level. Any contradictory information on the rating plate must be observed. The conditions on site must correspond to all rating plate specifications.

When motors with roller bearings for increased cantilever force are operated the value of cantilever force must be minimal 30% of permissible cantilever force. Operating with smaller cent lever force is the cause of bearing faults.

A canopy is recommended for designs with the shaft end pointing downwards, and with the shaft end pointing upwards a cover must be provided by the customer to prevent foreign bodies from falling into the fan.

Do not obstruct ventilation! Discharged air, also from neighbouring equipment, must not be sucked in again immediately.

Checking of bearing grease must be carried out when motors are stored longer than 12 months. When storage conditions are the cause of grease depreciation (presence of condensate, consistency change) the grease must be exchanged. Grease exchange must be carried out no later than in three year interval.

17.2 Operation and maintenance

Vibration levels of $V_{rms} < 3,5 \text{ mm/s}$ ($P_N \leq 15 \text{ kW}$) or $V_{rms} \leq 4,5 \text{ mm/s}$ ($P_N > 15 \text{ kW}$) are quite acceptable in the coupled state.

If deviations from normal operation occur - e.g. increased temperatures, noises, vibration - the motor should be switched off in the event of doubt. Determine the causes and contact Auramarine Ltd if necessary. Do not disconnect protective equipment, even under test operation.

Under dirty operating conditions, clean the air channels regularly. Open any closed condensate water holes from time to time!

For motors without regreasing facilities, bearing or grease replacement must be carried out according to the table below or after 3 years, whichever is sooner.

Bearings with regreasing facilities must be regreased when the motor is running. Please note the greasing plate!

Some of the motors have a separate nameplate with information about the bearings and the lubrication intervals.

If the motors have separate ventilation, the separately-driven fan must be switched on throughout motor operation.

17.2.1 Lubrication

In the case of motors operating under special conditions, such as vertical motor position, frequent operation at maximum speed n_{max} , heavy vibration, sudden load changes and frequent reversing operation, the bearing should be changed at considerably more frequent intervals than at the operating hour stated above.

Motor size	Poles	Bearing Drive end	Bearings Non drive end				
4AP 56 7AA 56	2 to 8	6200-ZZ C3 6201-ZZ C3	6200-ZZ C3 6201-ZZ C3	The motors are permanently lubricated; the grease lifetime is for CT 25°C			
4AP 63 7AA 63		6201-ZZ C3 6201-ZZ C3	6201-ZZ C3 6201-ZZ C3	* 2-pole motors 20 000 h * 4-pole motors and higher 40 000 h			
7AA 71 7AA80 7AA90 7BA/7AA100		6202-ZZ C3 6204-ZZ C3 6205-ZZ C3 6206-ZZ C3	6202-ZZ C3 6204-ZZ C3 6205-ZZ C3 6206-ZZ C3	The bearing lifetime is the grease lifetime for enclosed bearings (ZZ). The nominal bearing lifetime is > 100 000 h for a coupling drive.			
7AA112 7BA112 7AA132 7BA132 7AA160		6306-ZZ C3 6306-ZZ C3 6208-ZZ C3 6308-ZZ C3 6209-ZZ C3	6306-ZZ C3 6306-ZZ C3 6208-ZZ C3 6308-ZZ C3 6209-ZZ C3	At speeds up to 1800 rpm: 15000 hours At speeds above to 1800 rpm: 7500 hours.			
7BA160 14BG size 180 14BG size 200 14BG size 225 14BG size 250			6309 C3 6310-C3 6312 C3 6313 C3 6315 C3	6309 C3 6310-C3 6312 C3 6313 C3 6315 C3	Lubrication 160-180 160-180 200-225 200-225 250 250	Poler 2 4,6,8 2 4,6,8 2 4,6,8	Interval 40°C 4000h/20g 8000h/20g 4000h/20g 8000h/20g 4000h/25g 8000h/25g
14BG size 280		2	6217 C3	6217 C3	280	2	4000h/25g
14BG size 280		4 to 8	6317 C3	6317 C3	280	4,6,8	8000h/30g
14BG size 315		2	6316 C3	6316 C3	315	2	3000h/30g
14BG size 315		4 to 8	6319 C3	6319 C3	315	4,6,8	6000h/40g

Type of grease for standard machines: (Fa. ESSO / UNIREX N 3).
Compensatory greases must conform to DIN 51825 - KL3N at least. In this case the lubrication intervals at $KT > 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ are to be reduced.

Special grease are introduced on the lubricating data plate.

17.3 Electrical connection

Work is only permitted to be carried out by qualified specialists on the stationary motor, while disconnected and prevented from being switched on again. This also applies for the auxiliary power circuits (e.g. Anti-condensation heaters).



Check that the equipment is potential-free!

If the tolerance limits are exceeded that are specified in EN 60034, part 1 / IEC 34-1 (voltage $\pm 5\%$, frequency $\pm 2\%$, shape of curve, symmetry) the heating effect is increased and the electromagnetic compatibility is affected. Please note the specifications on the rating plate and the connection diagram in the terminal box.

Connections must be made in such a way as to ensure that a permanently safe electrical connection is maintained (no protruding wire ends) use the corresponding cable end pieces. Create a safe earth continuity connection.

Clearances in air between bare live parts themselves and between bare live parts and earth must be $\geq 5,5 \text{ mm}$ ($U_{\text{rated}} \leq 690 \text{ V}$).

It must be ensured that the terminal box does not contain foreign bodies, dirt or humidity. Seal any unused cable entry openings against dust and water.

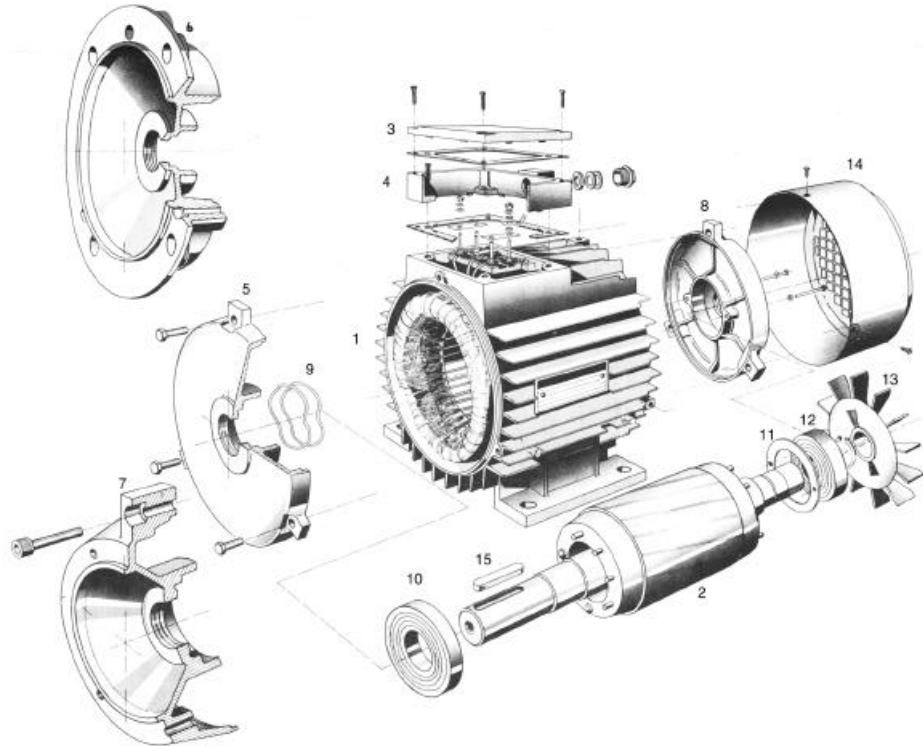
Secure the featherkey on test operation without drive components. For motors with brakes, check that the brakes are operating perfectly before commissioning.

Tightening torques for terminal board connections

	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12	M16
Tightening torque (Nm)	0,8...1,2	1,8...2,5	2,7...4	5,5...8	9...13	16...20	36...40

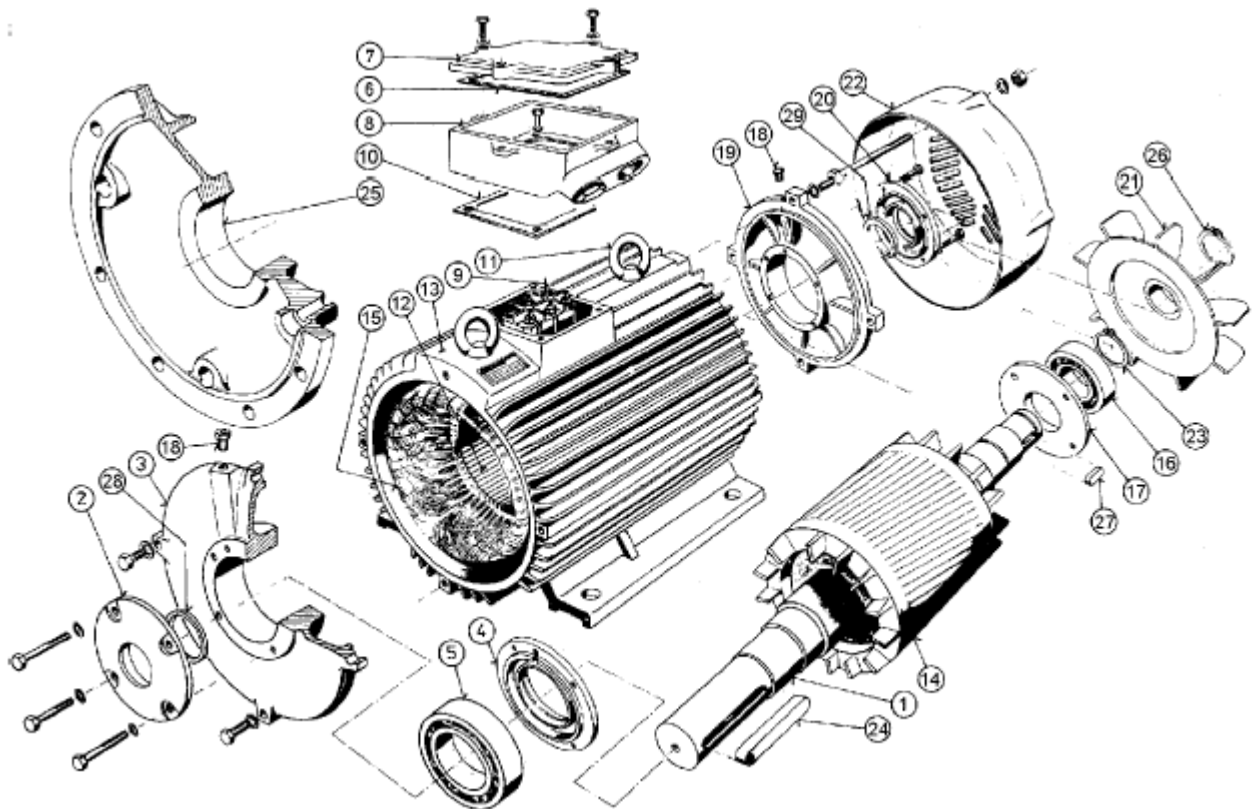
17.4 Spare parts

Frame sizes 63-160



1. Stator - complete with winding
2. Rotor
3. Terminal box cover
4. Terminal box
5. Endshield B3, drive end
6. Endshield B5, drive end
7. Endshield B14A, drive end
8. Endshield, non-drive end
9. Anti-bump washer
10. Bearing, drive end
11. Bearing, cover
12. Bearing, non-drive end
13. Fan
14. Fan cover
15. Key

Frame sizes 180-315



1. Shaft
2. Bearing cap, drive end
3. Rear endshield
4. Bearing cap, drive end internal
5. Bearing, drive end
6. Sealing of the terminal board cover
7. Terminal board cover
8. Terminal box
9. Terminal board
10. Sealing of the terminal box
11. Eye bolt
12. Stator core
13. Frame
14. Rotor core with the cage
15. Stator winding
16. Bearing, non-drive end
17. Bearing cap, non-drive end internal
18. Lubricating nipple
19. Front endshield
20. Bearing cap, non-drive end
21. Fan
22. Fan cover
23. Retaining ring (of the bearing on the shaft)
24. Key
25. Flange shield
26. Retaining ring (of the fan)
27. Key of the fan
28. Shaft sealing ring, drive end
29. Shaft sealing ring, non-drive end

18 AC ELECTRIC INDUCTION MOTORS

18.1 Maintenance

Induction motors require very little maintenance. A regular regime of inspection is recommended to ensure minor problems do not escalate to break downs. Typical intervals would be 2000 hours of operation or 3 months, whichever is sooner.

Checklist:

- No visible damage ie fans cracked, fan cowls bent, foot cracked etc
- No accumulation of dust or fibres on the frame or around the fan inlet
- No significant corrosion of the lifting lugs/eyebolts
- No excessive vibration
- No loose fasteners
- Cables and earths are sound
- Sealing of the motor and gland plate in good condition
- Insulation resistance adequate, imperative this is checked after a prolonged shut-down

NOTE: Fumex smoke extraction motors should be rewound after 5 years of operation.
Regrease required, particularly large output 2 pole motors.
Bearing condition.

18.1.1 Periodic maintenance

- Remove the cover and the fan which is keyed, clamped, pinned or knurl located to the shaft extension.
- Loosen and remove bearing cover screws and end shield bolts/studs. The end shields should then be eased off their spigots. The rotor can now be carefully withdrawn from the stator, taking care not to damage the stator bore and both stator and rotor windings.

Having dismantled the motor, maintenance can be carried out to remove all dirt. For this purpose, the use of an air line supplying dry compressed air under comparatively low pressure is best, as a high velocity air-stream can force dirt into the spaces between the windings and insulation, etc.

Grease-removing solvents should only be used very sparingly to avoid damage to impregnating varnish or insulation.

Motors should be re-assembled in the reverse order from dismantling, remembering to ease end shields onto bearings and spigots. **Do not use force.**

Before starting, check that the rotor revolves freely. Ensure that the electrical connections are correct and terminal nuts tight.

18.1.2 Wound rotor

Brushes should be inspected every 1000 running hours or at three monthly intervals if this is a shorter period of time. The inspection should include checks for brush wear and tensioning.

Built up of carbon dust should be removed using a suitable dust extraction unit.

Replacement of brushes is recommended when the brush is approximately a quarter of the way down the brush holder. On calliper type designs the brushes should be replaced when 1/4" (5mm) of brush remains. It is important that the correct grade of brush is being used as this significantly affects operation.

18.1.3 Hazardous area motors

In addition to the conditions referred to, special requirements apply to motor types Ex N, Ex nA, EEx e, EEx d, EEx de. Refer to the approval certificate and appropriate codes of practice eg BS 5435.

18.2 Replacing non-drive end bearing

This instruction relates to W-DA100 - W-DA180 frames fitted with internal circlip.

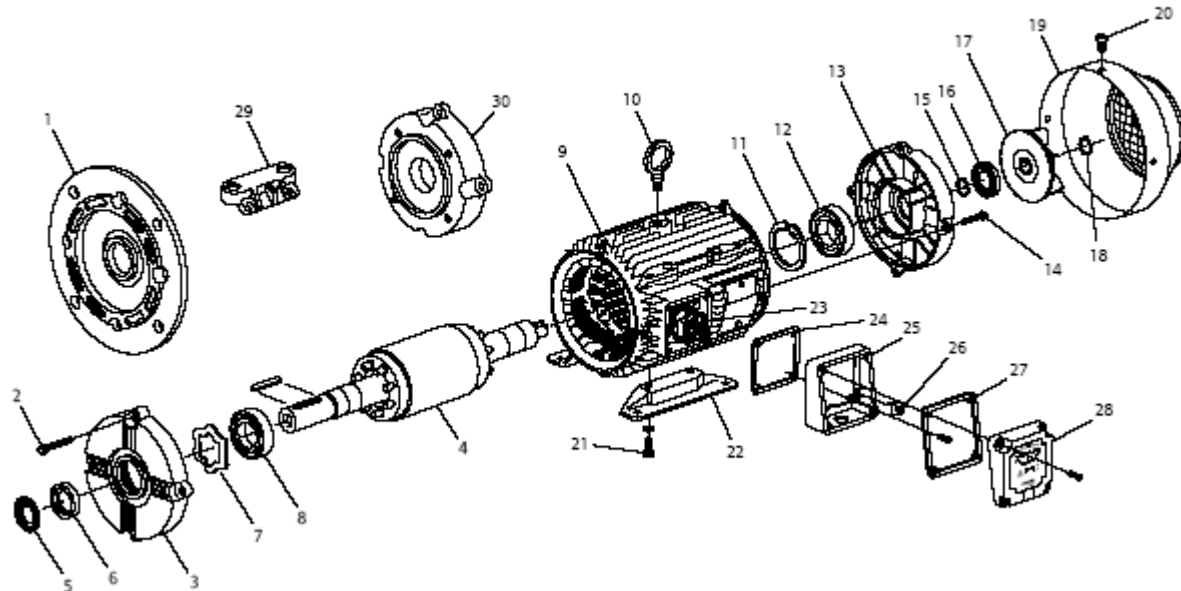
18.2.1 Bearing removal

1. remove fan cover and fan.
2. remove Non-Drive End shield fixing bolts and withdraw Non-Drive End shield with rotor assembly from stator.
3. remove Non-Drive End oil seal levering with a screw driver.
4. remove bearing retaining external circlip from the shaft.
5. press shaft through and out of the bearing inner race, leaving the bearing inside the end shield.
6. experience shows that the bearing housing and circlip will not be damaged.
7. using reverse action circlip pliers, remove internal circlip from bearing housing.
8. bearing can easily be removed using hand tools bearing can easily be removed using hand tools.

18.2.2 Bearing replacement

1. place end shield on flat surface with inside facing upwards and insert the replacement bearing.
2. fit internal circlip. Note that the bevel on the circlip must be away from the bearing.
3. heat new end shield bearing assembly using bearing induction heater or hotplate type bearing heater.
4. push/press the end shield/bearing assembly onto the shaft, using the bearing inner race as an abutment, until the bearing is located against the shaft shoulder
5. allow to cool.
6. refit external circlip to secure bearing.
7. fit new oil seal with its open side facing outwards. Take care not to damage the oil seal lip.
8. reassemble motor.

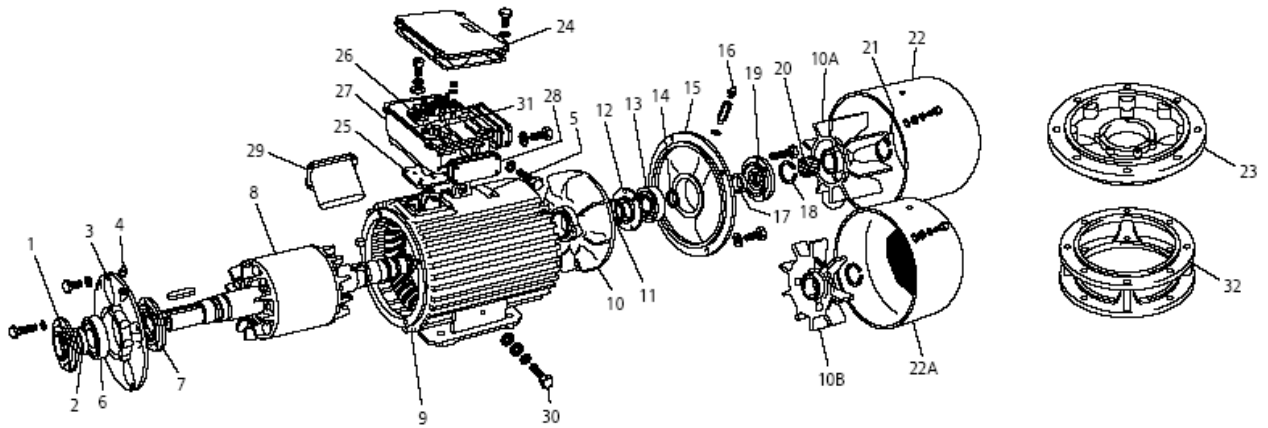
18.3 Spare parts



Aluminium construction Frame sizes DA63, W-DA71 to W-DA180*

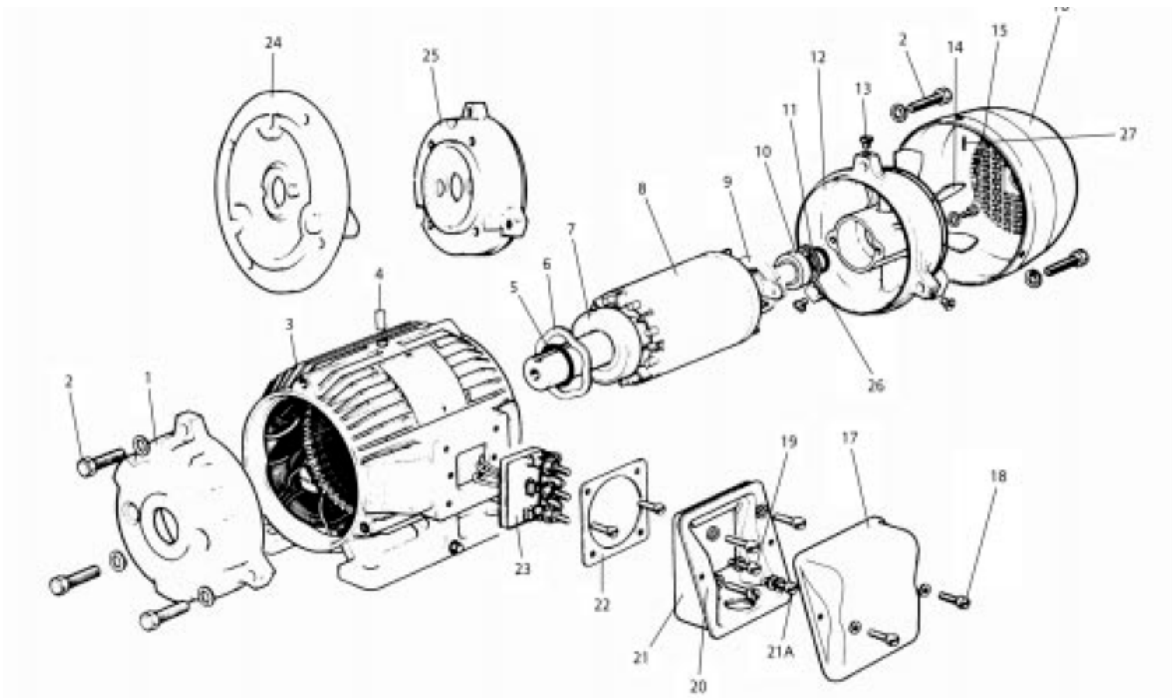
1	Aluminium flange endshield, frames 100-132, cast iron flange frames 160-180	16	Non-drive end oil seal
2	Endshield fixing bolt	17	Fan
3	Drive end endshield	18	Fan circlip
4	Rotor assembly	19	Fan cover
5	Flinger	20	Fan cover screw and washer
6	Drive end oil seal	21	Foot fixing bolts and washer
7	Preload washer	22	Detachable feet
8	Drive end bearing	23	Terminal board
9	Stator assembly with or without feet	24	Terminal box to frame gasket
10	Eyebolt (when fitted)	25	Terminal box
11	Bearing retention circlip	26	Internal earth terminal
12	Non-drive end bearing	27	Terminal box lid gasket
13	Non-drive end endshield	28	Terminal box lid
14	Endshield fixing bolt	29	Pad mounting bracket
15	Bearing circlip	30	Face endshield

This drawing typifies the range W-DA100DW-DA180



Steel construction, frame sizes 7-DS225 to 7-DS355

1	Drive end outer bearing cap	18	Fan circlip (replaced by shaft shoulder on some sizes)
2	Drive end oil seal (Labyrinth seals on Energy Efficient motors)	19	Non-drive end outer bearing cap
3	Drive end endshield (foot mounted)	20	Tolerance ring
4	Grease nipple	21	Fan circlip
5	Nameplate	22	Fan cover, for low noise option
6	Drive end bearing	22A	Fan cover
7	Drive end inner bearing cap	23	Flange endshield
8	Rotor assembly	24	Terminal box lid
9	Stator frame with feet	25	Terminal box gasket
10	Bi-directional internal fan	26	Terminal board
10A	Bi-directional external fan, for low noise option	27	Terminal box
10B	Bi-directional external fan	28	Detachable gland plate (frame sizes 225-250)
11	Fan circlip	29	Angled cable entry (frame sizes 280-355)
12	Non-drive end inner bearing cap	30	External earth terminal
13	Non-drive end bearing	31	Thermistor connection block
14	Non-drive end bearing circlip	32	Adaptor for skirt mounting
15	Non-drive end endshield		
16	Grease nipple and extension pipe		
17	Non-drive end oil seal (Labyrinth seals on Energy Efficient motors)		



Cast iron construction, frame sizes DF80 to DF100

1	Drive end endshield	15	Non-drive end inner bearing cap screws
2	Endshield fixing bolts	16	Fan cover
3	Stator assembly with or without feet	17	Terminal box lid
4	Pack peg	18	Terminal box lid screws
5	Drive end oil seal (when fitted)	19	Internal earth terminal
6	Preload washer	20	Terminal box lid gasket
7	Drive end bearing	21	Terminal box
8	Rotor assembly	21A	Terminal box fixing screws
9	Non-drive end inner bearing cap	22	Terminal box to frame gasket
10	Non-drive end bearing	23	Terminal board
11	Non-drive end oil seal (when fitted)	24	Flange endshield
12	Non-drive end endshield	25	Face endshield
13	Fan cover screws and washer	26	Bearing circlip
14	Fan	27	Fan locating pin

19 SCREW PUMP, TYPE ACE



Before any work, read this instruction carefully! Failure to comply with these instructions may cause damage and personal injury!

All work carried out on the pump has to be performed in such a manner that risks for personal injury are observed!

When handling liquids that may harm skin, use gloves and/or protective clothing.

Before any maintenance work, ensure that the driver is de-energised and the pump hydraulically isolated.

Connecting and disconnecting of electric cables must be done by personnel authorised to do such work.

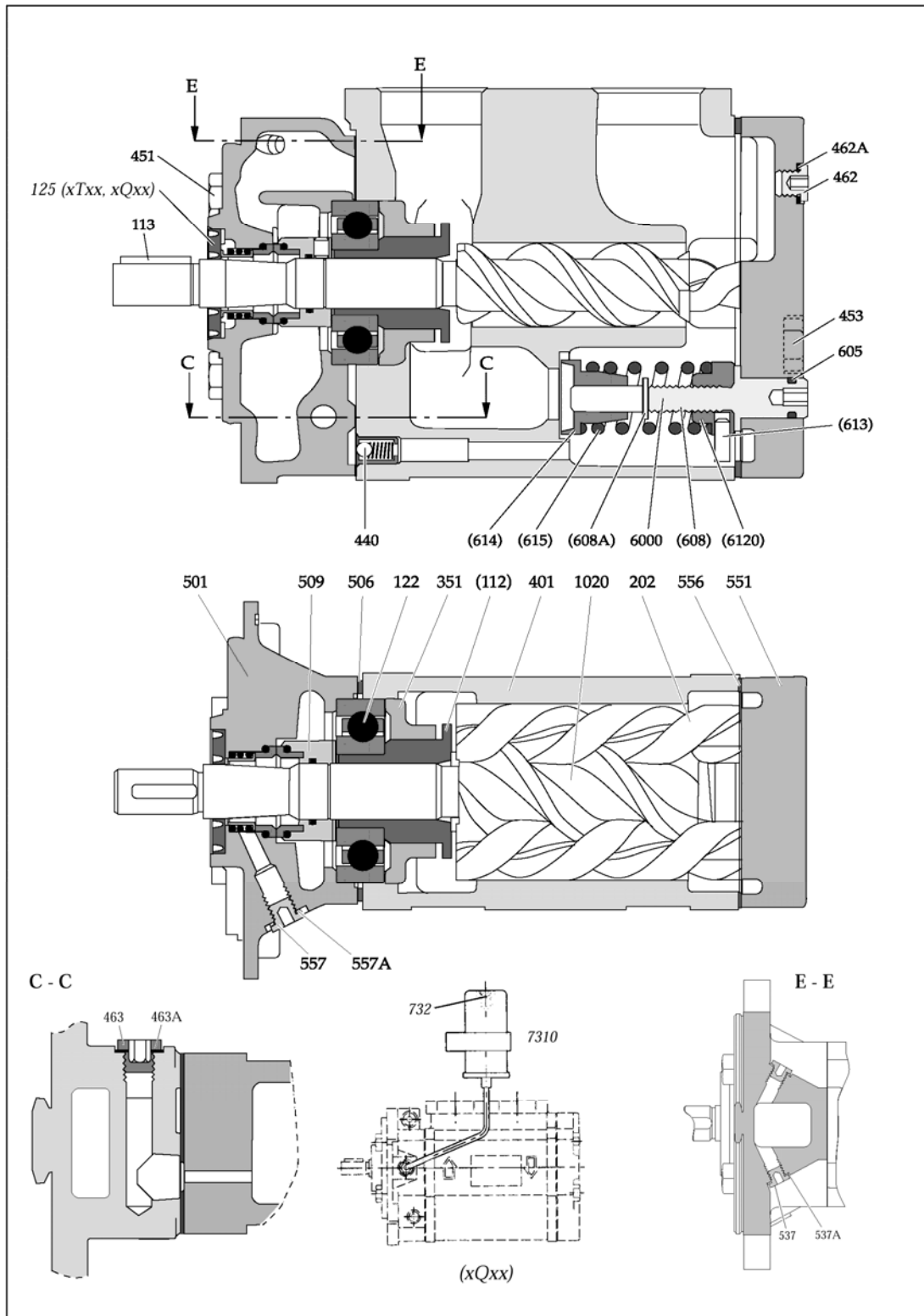
When handling liquids, which may involve fire hazards, appropriate precautions to avoid danger are to be taken.

In case of failure for a system with elevating pressure fluid jets may cause injury and/or damage.

Oil leakage may make the floor slippery and cause personal injury.

If the pumps operating temperature exceeds 60°C, let the pump cool off before any service, maintenance or dismantling work is commenced to avoid bum injury.

Sectional view of ACE3 screw pump



19.1 Start-up of ACE and ACG pumps

19.1.1 Before starting

After installation and whenever it can be assumed that the pump has been emptied, the pump must be thoroughly filled with liquid. See figure below.

For ACE Generation 3, ACG Generation 6 and ACF Generation 4 delivered after 1997, the pumps has been fitted with deaeration plugs making venting of the shaft seal compartment easy before start-up. In installations with positive suction pressure: After opening the inlet and outlet valves, simply open the deaeration plug a few turns until oil sips out. Tighten the plug.

In installation with negative suction pressure: After opening the inlet and outlet valves, remove the deaeration plug and fill the shaft seal compartment with oil. Fit and tighten the plug. See fig. 16. Note! Not applicable on LPQ/ABQ.

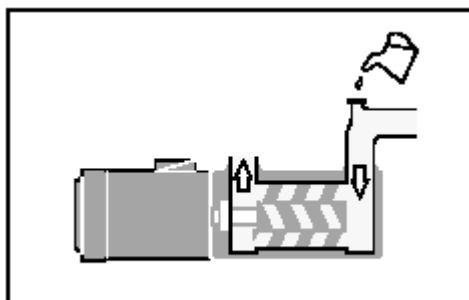


Fig. 15 Filling the pump

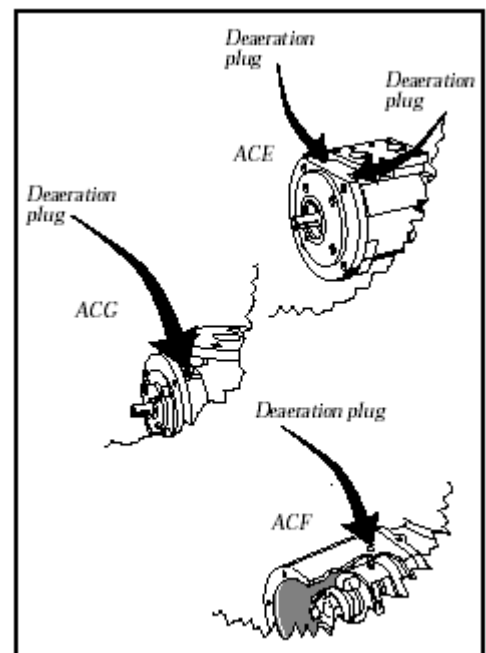


Fig. 16 Deaeration plugs



Make sure the prime mover is locked out and cannot be started accidentally.

Rotate the shaft by hand while filling the pump to ensure that the rotor bores and the shaft seal cavity is filled. On the smaller pumps (LPD, ACD, ACE, ACG/UCG), this is done by rotating the electric fan motor after removing the fan cover.



Do not forget to fit the motor fan cover again before making start of motor possible.

Starting a dry pump is likely to cause damage, especially to the shaft seal.

19.1.1.1 Direction of rotation

When the pump is ready to be started, switch the motor briefly on and off and check that the drive motor rotates in the correct direction as indicated by the rotation arrow.

The arrow is placed on different spots depending on the pump series.



Do not mix up with arrow for inlet and outlet!

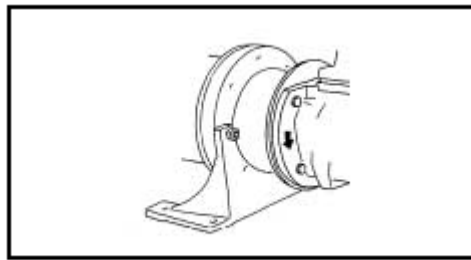


Fig. 17 Direction of rotation

19.1.2 Starting ACE and ACG pumps

Check that all valves necessary for the operation are fully opened in both discharge and suction lines. The first time, the pump should be started with the adjusting spindle of the pressure relief valve tightened to half of the available turns (the valve setting is increased when the spindle is turned clockwise). By monitoring the pressure gauge it can be determined when the suction line is primed and the pump begins to work. Should the pump not operate normally soon after start, stop the pump within half a minute. Start again after about 3-5 minutes (the shaft seal must have time to cool off) and run for half a minute. This procedure may need to be repeated a couple of times if the suction line is extremely long. Should the pump still not work, it must be assumed there is a problem in the system that needs to be remedied. Check the suction line calculation or see "Trouble shooting", which is explained later.



Pumps with external ball bearing including grease nipple, must be regreased after one hour of running, while the pump is operating.

19.1.2.1 Setting the pressure relief valve

The setting of the opening pressure is made as follows: Tighten the valve spindle by rotating clockwise to the maximum extent. The system pressure is regulated by throttling to required value. The pressure relief valve is eased until the pressure is just beginning to decrease by turning the spindle CCW. The valve is now preset for desired opening pressure. Open the throttling valve entirely.

NOTE: The set screw on LPD is hidden behind a plate.

19.1.2.2 Adjusting the tuning

The tuning adjustment, which is a standard feature on ACF/UCF and LPQ (option on ACG/UCG and ABQ) pumps, is a device for minimizing the effects of dissolved and free air in lube oil systems. The tuning principle is described in the Product Description. The tuning should be adjusted while the pump is working under normal operating conditions. This is done by turning the tuning spindle with an Allen key (size 8 mm for ACG/UCG, 12 mm for ACF/UCF and LPQ) to a position where the noise level comes to a minimum.

Setting of tuning of the ACG/UCG and ACF/UFC:

1. Before starting the setting, check that the setting screw (8 mm: ACG/UCG, 12 mm: ACF/UCF, socket head cap screw on the discharge side) are closed.

Turn the screw CCW until the noise level becomes the lowest (if turned too much the noise will increase again)

Once set, the tuning needs no further adjustment, providing the operating conditions stay the same.

NOTE: It is not possible to accidentally turn the tuning spindle too far.



If operating temperature exceeds 60°C (149°F), appropriate measures to avoid skin contact shall be provided.

Use hearing protections whenever high noise can be expected from pump, motor and/or environment.

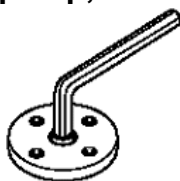


Fig 18: Adjusting the tuning

19.2 Maintenance

The intervals for inspection and replacement of wear parts vary greatly with the properties of the pumped liquid and can only be determined by experience. Pumping liquid, which contain abrasive materials or liquid that is corrosive, will significantly reduce service life and call for shorter service intervals. Wear will normally show as abnormal:

- Vibration
- Noise
- Loss of capacity
- Reduction in flow/pressure
- Leakage

For maintenance the following spare part sets are recommended:

Set:	To be used:
G057	Joint kit
For dismantling the pump	

G053	Minor kit
For service	

G054	Major kit
For repair after damage or greater wear	

Ordering example: For IMO-pump ACE 032N3 NVBP, serial number 456789: Shaft seal pos. G050 p/n 189964. Valve element pos. G070 p/n 189873.

19.2.1 Inspection of shaft seal

Excessively leaking shaft seals (more than 10 droplets per hour) should be changed without delay, as the leakage normally will grow worse and cause additional damage.

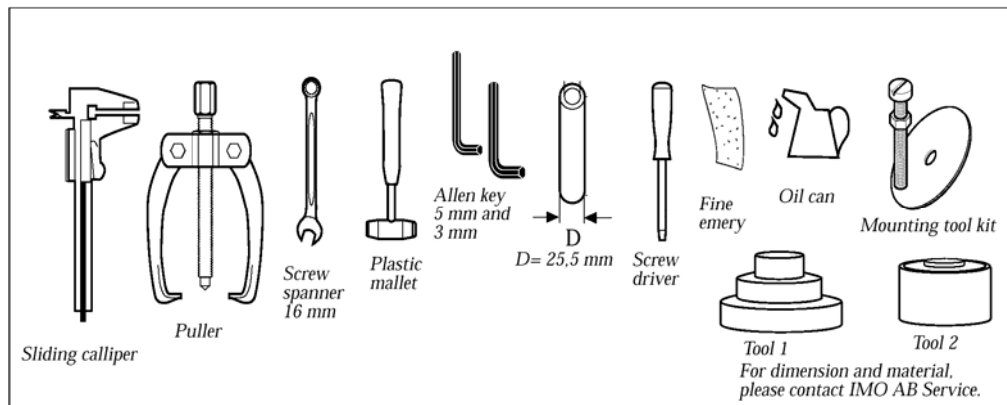
In installations, where unplanned shutdowns must be avoided, it is advisable to dismantle the pump for a thorough inspection and thereby change out shaft seal and ball bearing every three years as a max. period.

It is recommended always to have the spares included in minor spare part kit available.

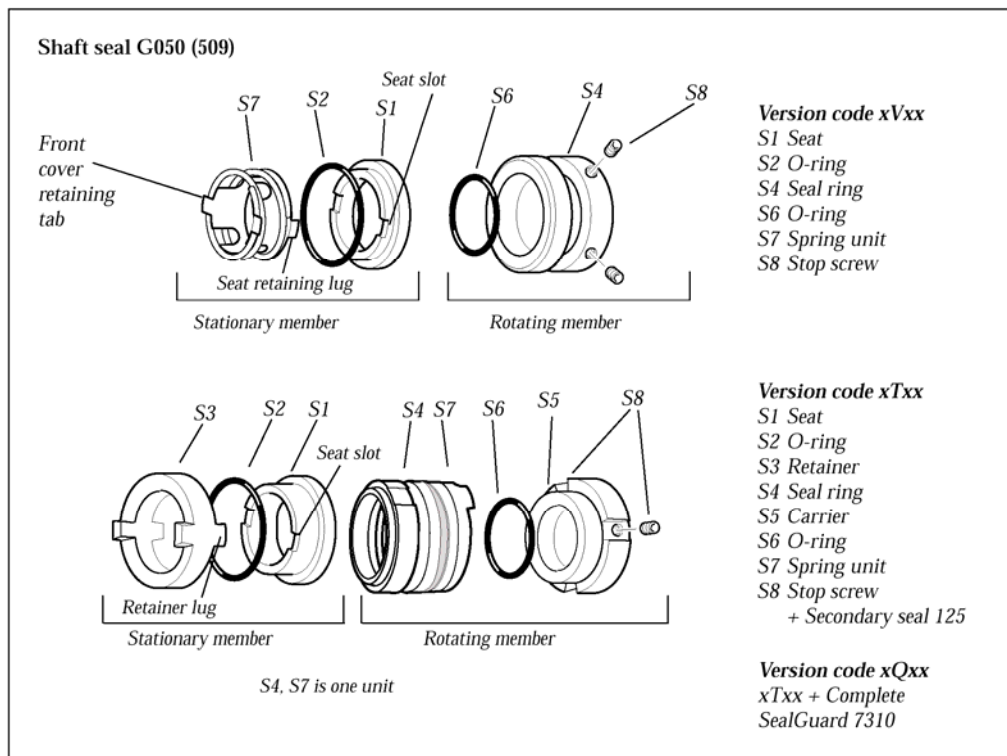
19.2.2 Inspection of rotors

A quick inspection of the idler rotors can be made simply by removing the rear cover. Note that the driver must be de-energised and the pump hydraulically isolated before the rear cover is removed. If a more thorough investigation is needed, proceed as under "Dismantling/Re-assembly".

Useful tools



19.2.3 Shaft seal - assembly drawing



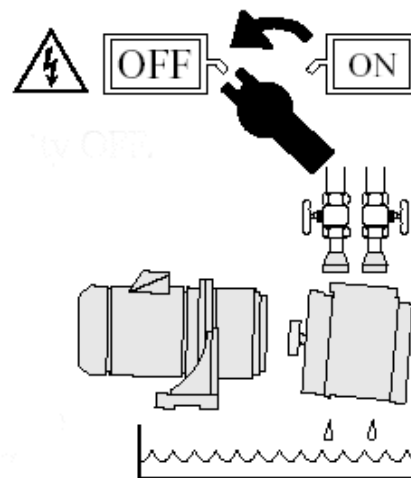
19.2.4 Dismantling

A.

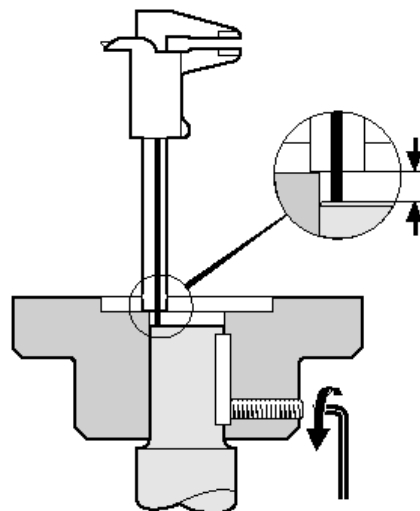
- Turn the electricity OFF
- Close the valves
- Remove the pump from the system.

ATTENTION

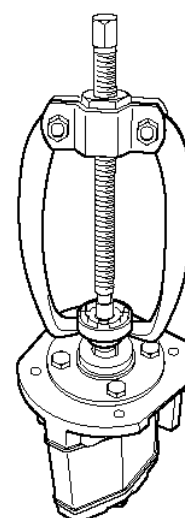
Use appropriate vessels to collect oil spillage when removing and opening the pump

**B.**

- Note the position of the shaft coupling
- Release the stop screw

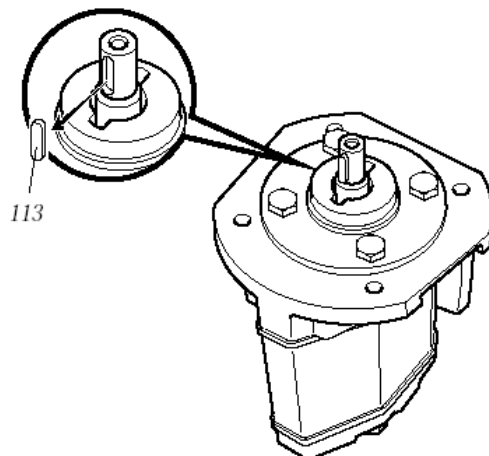
**C.**

- Remove the shaft coupling

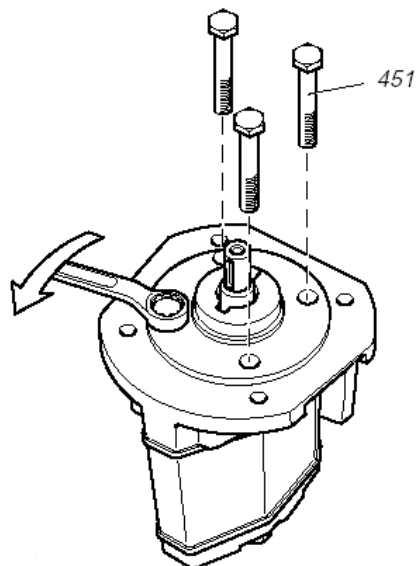


D.

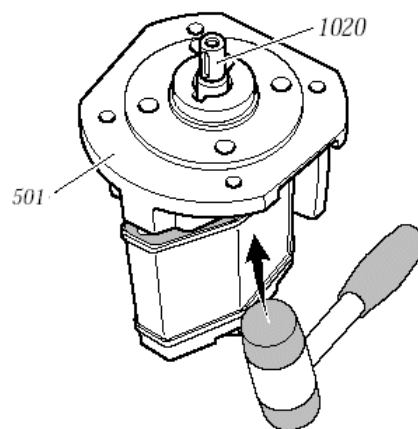
- Remove the key 113

**E.**

- Remove the screws 451

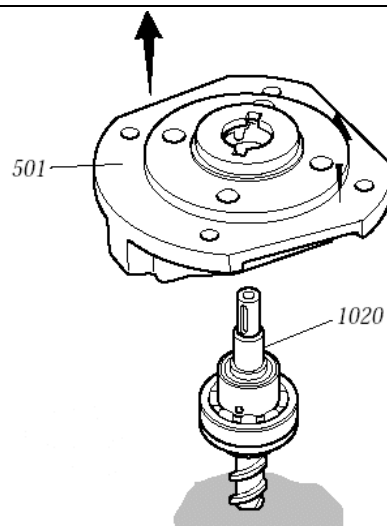
**F.**

- Remove the front cover 501 and power rotor 1020

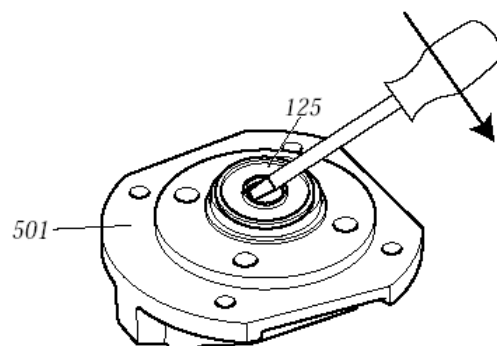


G.

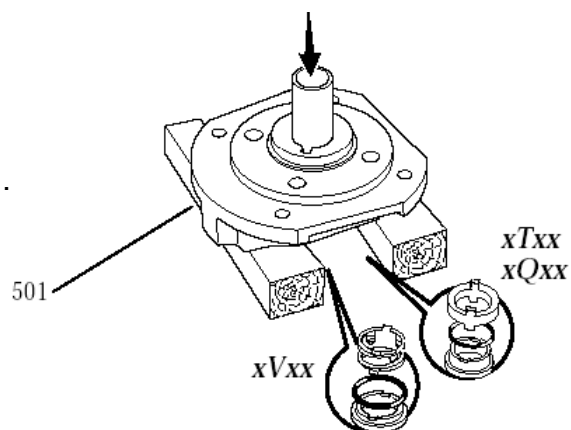
- Separate the front cover 501 and the power rotor 1020.

**H. xTxx and xQxx**

- Remove the secondary seal 125 with a suitable screw driver.

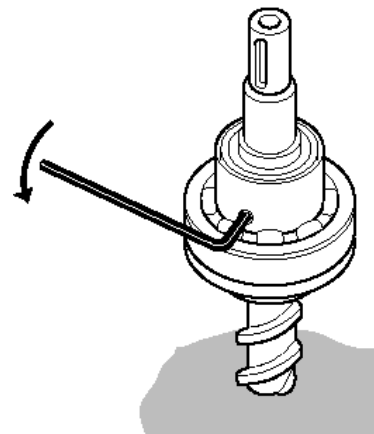
**I.**

- Place the front cover 501 on a pair of wooden pieces.
- Press out the shaft seal, stationary member with a suitable tool.

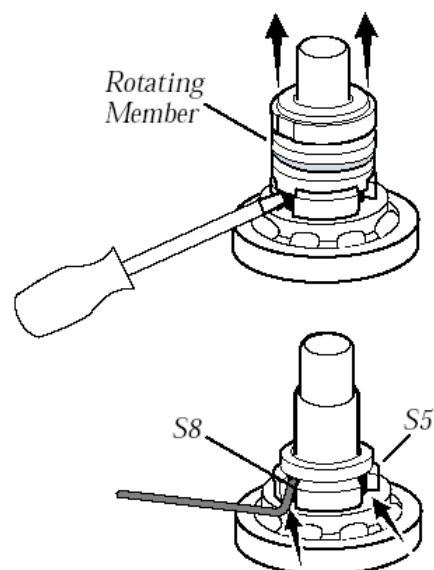


J-xVxx.

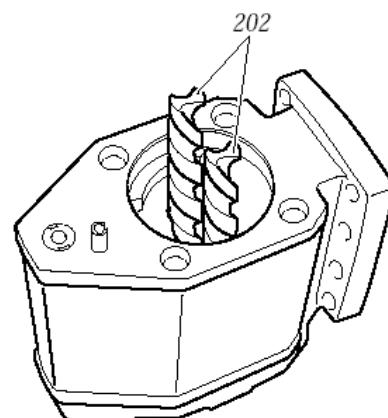
- Loosen the shaft seal rotating member.

**K. xTxx and xQxx**

- Insert two suitable screw drivers in the carrier S5 slots and gently push the rotating member S4, S7. off the rotor shaft
- Loosen the two stop screws S8 (3mm Allen key) on the carrier S5 and pull it off.

**L.**

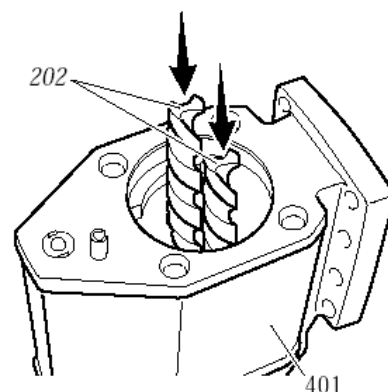
- Remove and inspect the idler rotors 202.



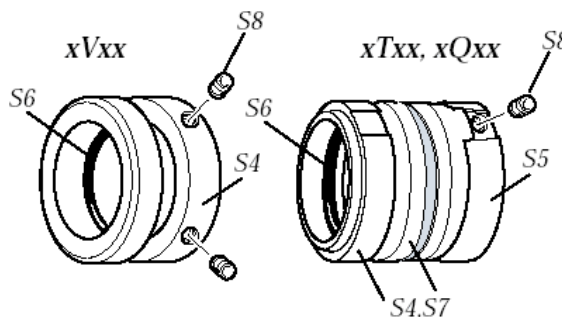
19.2.5 Re-assembly

A.

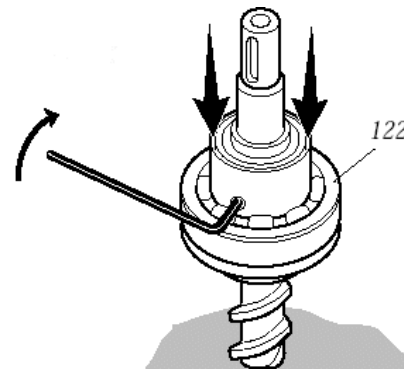
- Lubricate the idler rotors and fit them into pump body 401

**B.**

- Un-pack a new shaft seal 509
- Check that the O-ring S6 is in place.

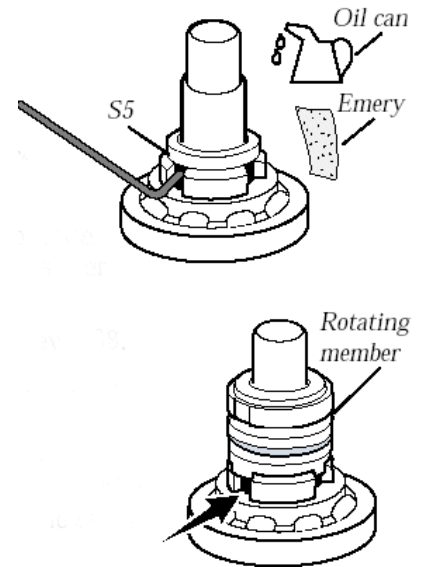
**C. xVxx.**

- Polish the power rotor shaft 1020 with a fine emery And oil.
- Fit the rotating member above the ball bearing 122 and lock it with its stop screws S8.



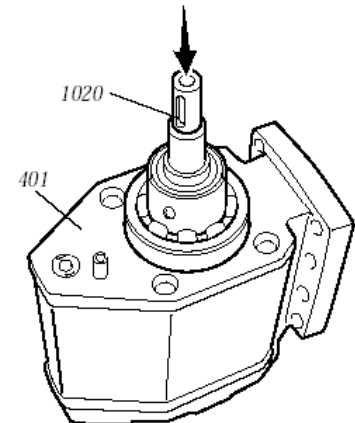
D. xTxx and xQxx.

- Polish the power rotor shaft 1020 with a fine emery and oil.
- Fit the carrier S5 tight against the ball bearing. Make sure the carrier is not fitted upside down.
- Firmly tight the two stop screws S8.
- Lubricate the O-ring S6 in the rotating member with oil.
- Press the rotating member S4, S7 gently on to the rotor shaft and make sure the driving lugs enters the slots in the carrier S5.



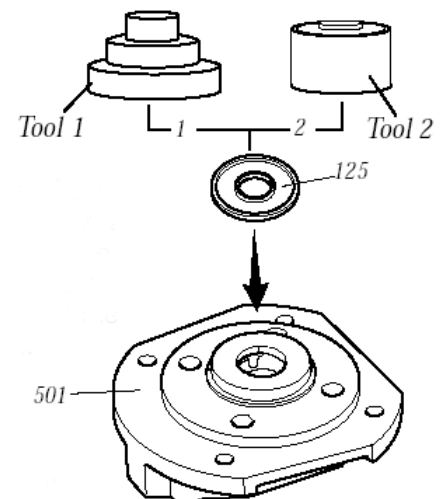
E.

- Insert the Power rotor 1020 into the pump body 401.



F. xTxx and xQxx

- Press the Secondary seal 125 in place with a suitable tool in two steps as shown. Use a column drill machine as a press tool.



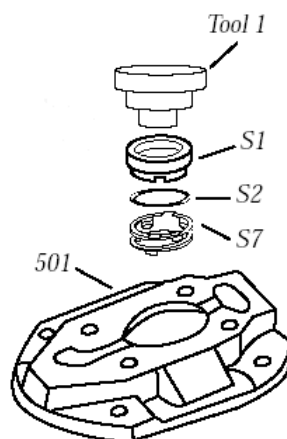
NOTE!

Tool nr 2 has one end for sizes 025, 032 and one end for size 038.

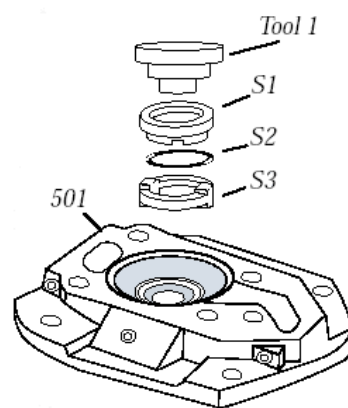


G. xVxx

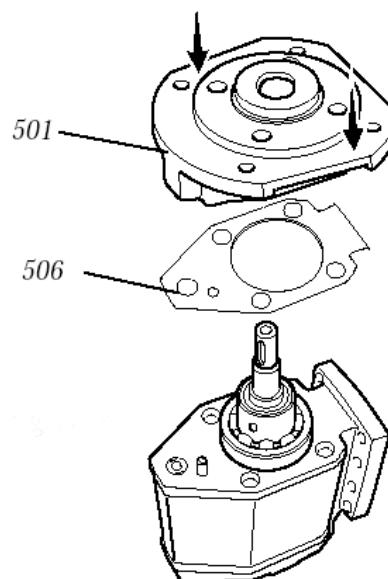
- Fit the spring unit S7 in place.
Note the position for the Seat slots and lugs
- Lubricate the O-ring S2 and put it on the seat S1.
Fit the seat S1 on top of the spring unit.
Watch position of the Seat slots and lugs.
- Press the seat gently into the recess in the front cover 501 with a suitable tool as shown.
- Turn the front cover 501 up-side down. The seat shall now remain in the cover.

**H. xTxx and XQxx**

- Fit the retainer S3 in place. Note the retainer lugs and cover slots.
- Lubricate the O-ring S2 and put it on the seat S1.
Fit the seat S1 on top of the retainer.
Watch the position of the seat slots and lugs.
- Press the seat gently into the recess in the front cover 501 with a suitable tool as shown.
- Turn the front cover 501 up-side down. The seat shall now remain in the cover.

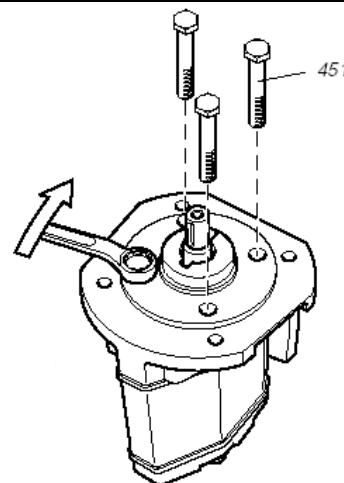
**I.**

- Replace the gasket 506.
- Carefully fit the front cover 501 on the pump.

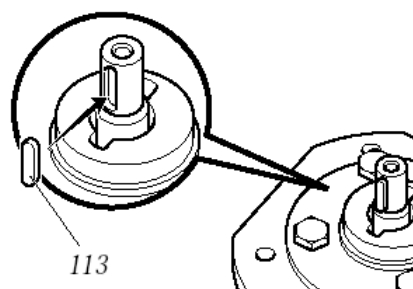


J.

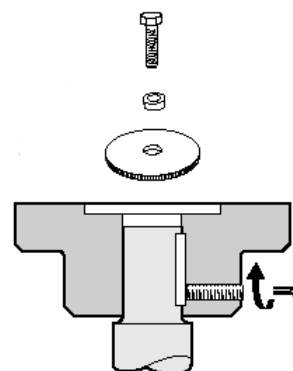
- Fit the screw 451.
- Tighten them crosswise, step by step to avoid deformation on bearing outer ring and seal damages.
- Turn the shaft to check that it moves without too much force.

**K.**

- Fit the key 113 back in place.

**L.**

- Press on the shaft coupling to its original position.
- Tighten the stop screw
- Install the pump back into the system and proceed According to instructions under "Start-up"





19.3 Pressure relief valve

ATTENTION spring tension

Release spring tension by turning set-screw 6120 CCW as much as possible.

Loosen and remove the screws 453.

Separate the valve element from the rear cover 551.

If necessary, replace the gasket 556 and the O-ring 605.

Reassemble the parts in reverse order. Be careful to tighten the screws 453 crosswise.

Readjust the valve pressure according to the "Installation and start-up", which is explained later.

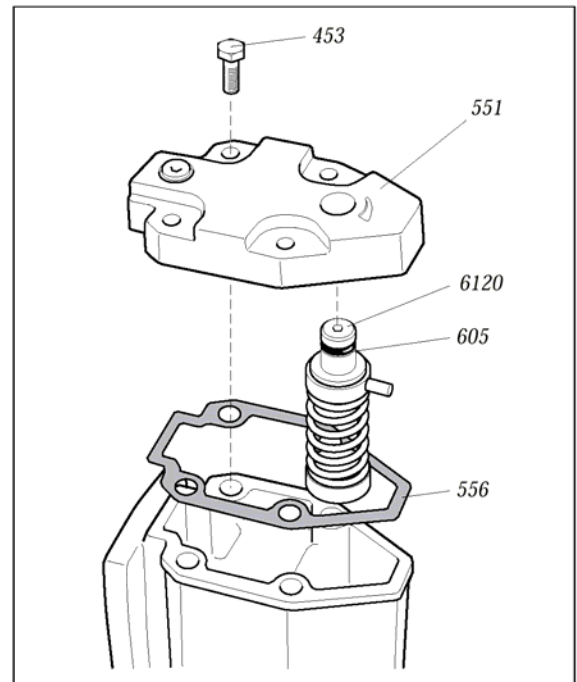


Fig. 29

19.4 Recharging of Sealguard

- 1) Disconnect the pipe connector (4) from the dispenser (2). Remove the check valve (3).
- 2) Remove the cover disk (10). Remove the gas generator (9) from the dispenser (2) with a 21 mm socket. Dispose the generator in the recycling system for batteries, where available. Push the piston to its "filled" position, and fill the dispenser with high-temperature resistant engine oil. Fit the check valve (3) and the connector (4) to the dispenser.
- 3) Feed oil into the hose (5) and seal compartment, for example with an oil-filled grease gun. Reconnect the hose (5) to the connector (4).
- 4) Fit a new gas generator (9) to the dispenser (2). Tighten with appr. 2 Nm. Clip on the cover disk (10).
- 5) Turn the gas generator set knob (3 mm Allen key) to no. 6, which will make the oil last for about three months.

ATTENTION

The SealGuard can be readjusted or switched off during operation.

Depending on temperature and setting, it can take from hours to a couple of days after starting, until oil is being dispensed.

**NOTE!**

For longer periods of stand-by, the gas generator set knob could be set to zero to avoid unnecessary oil consumption.

Keep away from open fire when removing the gas generator.

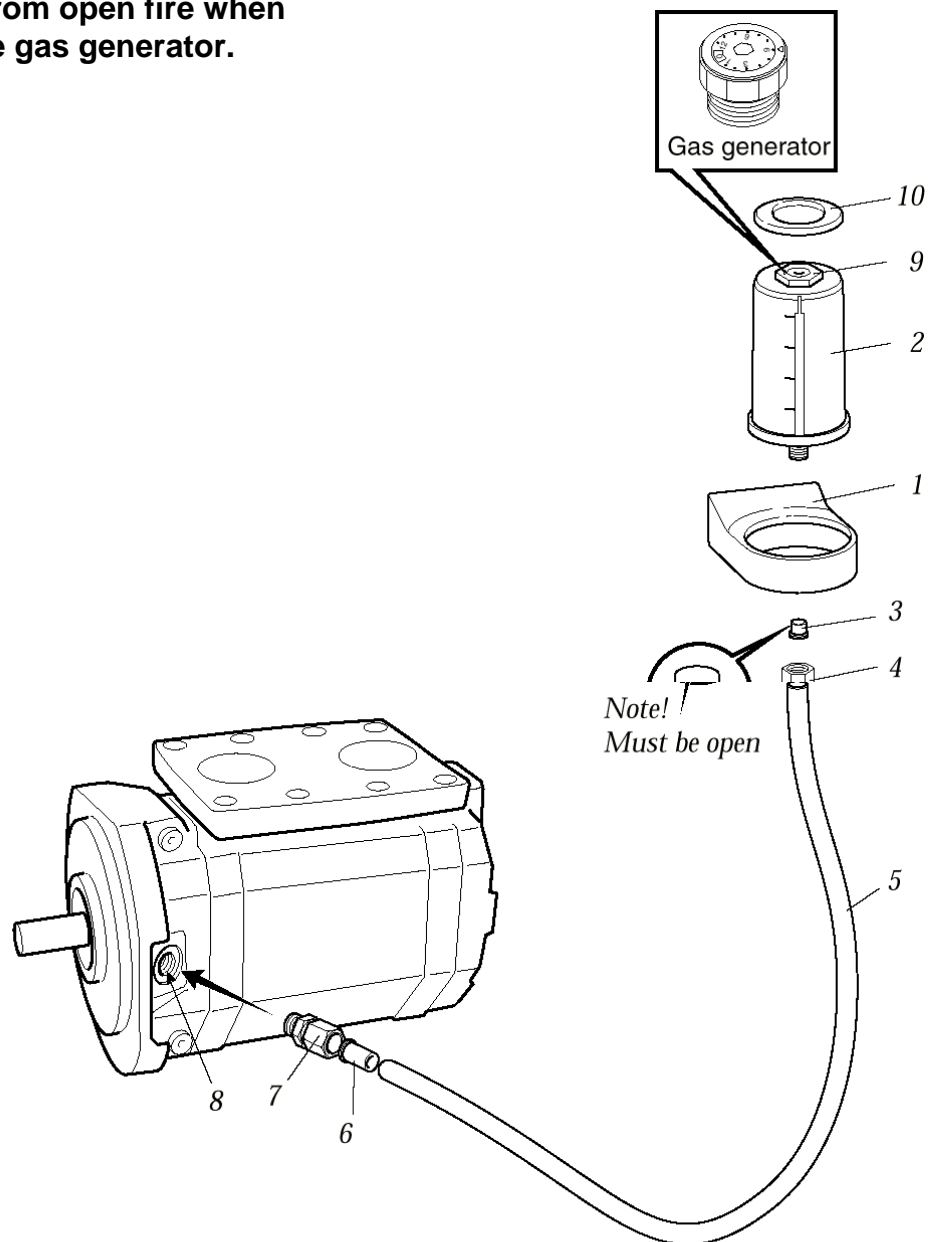


Fig. 30

19.5 Trouble shooting

Problem	Cause	What to do
Wrong direction of rotation.	Electric cables to motor wrongly connected.	Reverse the terminal connection on electric motor. Connecting and disconnecting of electric cables must be done only by personnel authorised to do such work.
The pump cannot be primed.	Wrong direction of rotation. Suction line is not open or pressure drop in the suction line is too high. Major air leakage into the suction line. The pump cannot evacuate the air through the discharge line due to excessive counter pressure.	See above. Check all components in suction line. The inlet condition should be checked with a vacuum gauge at the pump inlet. Check the suction line. See the chapter on "Deaeration".
No flow.	The pump is not primed. The pressure relief valve is set below the counter pressure.	See above. Readjust the pressure relief valve to a value above counter pressure.
Flow too low.	The pressure relief valve is set too low (Discharge pressure also low). Something is restricting the flow in the suction line (this would usually cause noise). The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of compressible gas, such as free air (this would usually cause noise).	Readjust the pressure relief Valve Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.). See the chapter on "Noise and Vibration".
Pressure too low.	The pressure relief valve is set too low. Counter pressure in the discharge line is too low due to a major leakage. The valve piston is stuck in open position. Something is restricting the flow in the suction line (this would usually cause noise). The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of compressible gas, such as free air (this would usually cause noise). A too small pump has been chosen.	Readjust the pressure relief valve. Check the components in the discharge line inclusive the recipients. Check the valve. See "Maintenance and Service" instruction for respective pump. Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.). See the chapter on "Noise and Vibration". Contact Auramarine Ltd.

Disturbance	Cause	What to do
Pressure too high.	<p>The pressure relief valve is set too high.</p> <p>The oil is too cold (or has higher viscosity than anticipated).</p> <p>Counter pressure in the discharge line is too high.</p>	<p>Readjust the pressure relief valve.</p> <p>Reduce the pressure setting until operational temperature has been reached.</p> <p>Check the discharge line.</p>
Drive motor difficult to start or tends to stop by tripping the motor overload relay.	<p>Counter pressure too high.</p> <p>Liquid too cold.</p> <p>Motor is undersized for the prevailing conditions.</p> <p>Electrical power supply faulty.</p> <p>Motor overload relay set too low or is faulty.</p> <p>Incorrect setting of Y/D starter</p>	<p>See above: Pressure too high.</p> <p>Readjust the pressure relief valve to a lower value. Thus the power consumption for the pumping is relieved and overloading due to the high viscosity may be avoided. When the liquid has reached normal temperature and thus flows easily, the relief valve is reset to normal pressure.</p> <p>Check the motor.</p> <p>Check the motor and motor connection.</p> <p>Readjust or replace the relay</p> <p>Readjust the setting of starting sequence. The time before the motor overload relay is tripped should not exceed 10-15 seconds.</p>
<p>Noise and vibrations.</p> <p>Monitor the pump function and shutdown if any sign of malfunction is noticed.</p>	<p>The flow to the pump is insufficient.</p> <p>Insufficient support of pipe work.</p> <p>Bad alignment.</p> <p>Air leakage into the suction line.</p> <p>Free air in the liquid or gas cavitation.</p> <p>Faulty electrical supply.</p>	<p>See chapter: The flow is too low.</p> <p>Check for pipe vibrations in the pump connections. Check that the pipes are sufficiently clamped.</p> <p>Check alignment.</p> <p>Check the suction line for air leakage.</p> <p>For pumps with Tuning: Adjust the Tuning. If this does not help or for pumps without Tuning: contact your Auramarine Ltd.</p> <p>Check all three phases of the supply.</p>

19.6 List of components

Valid for all pump in sizes: Ace 025/032/38 Rotor diameter and Generation:L3/K3/N3



With version codes:

Also valid for pump options A101

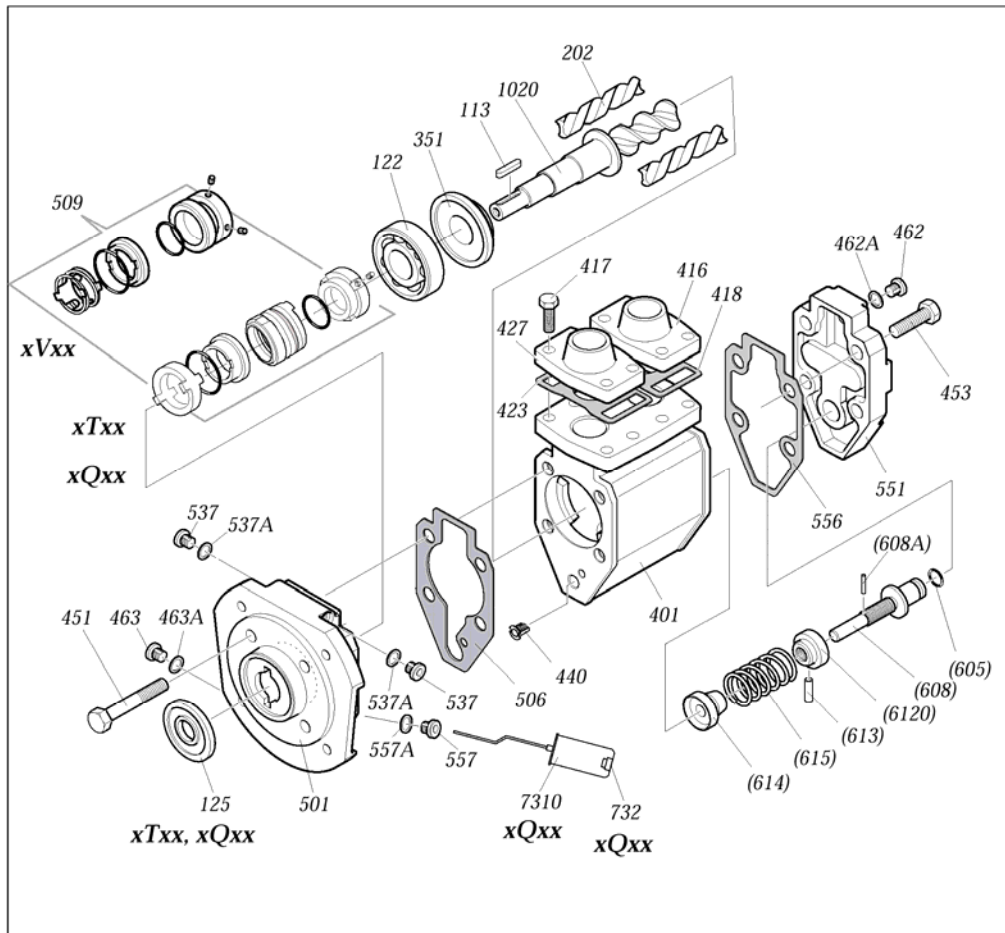
The version code is composed of the letters in the 4 columns

Example of pump designations std: ACE 025L3 NTBP

option: ACE 038N3 NVBP A101

Pos no	Denomination	Qty	Components included in spare parts sets								Notes	Explanations	
			G011	G012	G050	G053	G054	G057	G070	G082			
1010	Power rotor	1	x					(x)					
1020	Power rotor	1		x				x					G011:Rotor set
113	Key	1	x	x				x					
122	Ball bearing	1	x	x				x					G012:Rotor set
125	Secondary seal	1			x	x		x	x			1	
201	Idler rotor	2	x					(x)					G050 Shaft seal
202	Idler rotor	2		x				x					
351	Balancing brush	1	x	x				x					G053: Minor Kit
401	Pump body	1											
416	Suction flange	1											G054: Major kit
417	Screw	8											
418	Gasket to suction flange	1				x	x	x					G057:Joint kit
423	Gasket to discharge flange	1				x	x	x					G070:Valve element
427	Discharge flange	1											G082:Seal Guard kit
440	Return valve	1											
451	Screw	4											Notes:
453	Screw	4											1)Version NTBP
462	Plug	1											and NQBP
462A	Sealing washer	1				x	x	x					2) Version NQBP
463	Plug	1											3) Including
463A	Sealing washer	1				x	x	x					Gas generator
501	Front cover	1											
506	Gasket	1				x	x	x					
509	Shaft seal	1			x	x	x						
537	Deaeration plug	2											
537A	Washer	2				x	x	x					
551	Rear cover	1											
556	Gasket	1				x	x	x					
557	Plug	1											
557A	Washer	1				x	x	x					
605	O-ring	1				x	x	x	x				
608	Valve spindle	1					x			x			
608A	Tension pin	1					x			x			
6120	Set screw	1					x			x			
613	Pin	1					x			x			
614	Valve piston	1					x			x			
615	Valve spring	1					x			x			
7310	Compl. Seal Guard	1								x		2,3	
732	Gas generator	1								x		2	

Exploded view



19.6.1 Spare part sets

Item	Spare parts sets	Part numbers for pump size		
		025	032	038
G012	Rotor set CW-rotation (std)			
	Low lead-L3	190486	190485	-
	Low lead-K3	-	-	190482
	Normal lead-N3	190487	190484	190483
G011	Rotor set CCW-rotation			
	Normal lead-N3	190492	190491	190488
G050	Shaft seal-xVxx	189964	189964	189964
	Shaft seal-xTxx	190495	190495	190497
	Shaft seal-xQxx	190495	190495	190497
G053	Minor kit-xVxx	190501	190710	190500
	Minor kit-xTxx	190503	190712	190499
	Minor kit-xQxx	190503	190712	190499
G054	Major kit=G012(G011)+G053+G070			
G057	Joint kit-xVxx	190525	190714	190522
	Joint kit xTxx	190524	190713	190523
	Joint kit xQxx	190524	190713	190523
G070	Valve element	189873	189873	189873
G082	Sealguard-kit xQxx	190526	190526	190527
125	Secondary seal xTxx, xQxx	190469	190469	190468
732	Gas generator xQxx	190530	190530	190530

20 SCREW PUMP, TYPE ACE3 WITH MAGNETIC COUPLING

Oil leakage may make the floor slippery and cause personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions may cause damage and personal injury!

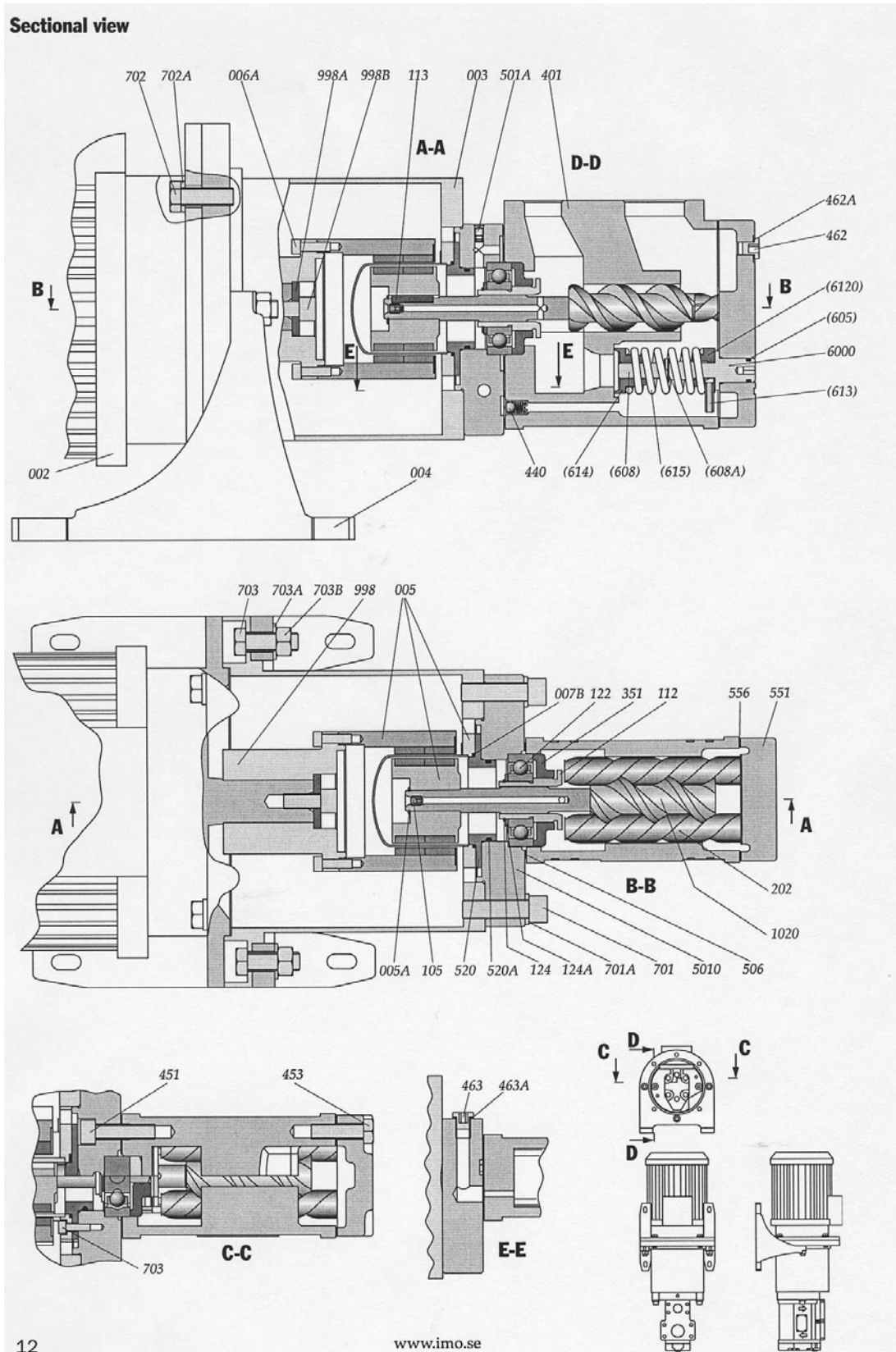
When handling liquids that may harm skin use gloves and/or protective clothing.

When handling liquids which may involve fire hazards appropriate precautions to avoid danger are to be taken.

Starting a dry pump is likely to cause damage to the pump and it's bearing and magnetic coupling.

If operating temperature exceeds 60°C (149°F), appropriate measures to avoid skin contact shall be provided.

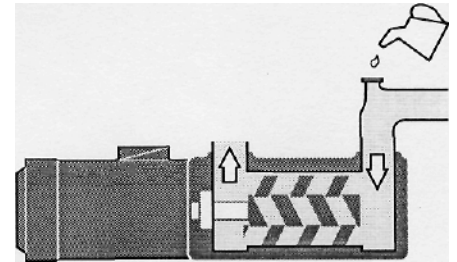
Use hearing protections whenever high noise can be expected from pump, motor and/or environment.



20.1 Start-up

20.1.1 Before starting

After installation and whenever it can be assumed that the pump has been emptied, the pump must be thoroughly filled with liquid (see fig.).



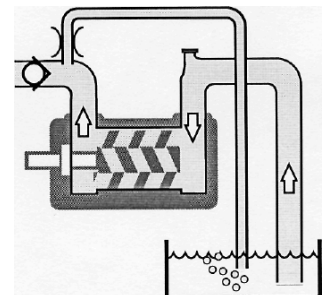
Make sure the prime mover is locked out and can not be started accidentally.

Rotate the shaft by hand while filling the pump, to ensure that the rotor bores and magnetic couplings are filled. This is done by rotating the fan on the electric motor after removing the fan cover.



Do not forget to fit the motor fan cover again before making start of motor possible.

If the suction pipe cannot be completely filled, it is important to ensure that the trapped air is evacuated without any pressure build up (see fig.).



Starting a dry pump is likely to cause damage to the pump and its bearing and magnetic coupling.

20.1.1.1 Direction of rotation

When the pump is ready to be started, switch the motor briefly on and off and check that the drive motor rotates in the correct direction as indicated by the rotation arrow. The arrow is placed on different spots depending on the pump series.



Don't mix up with arrow for inlet and outlet!

20.1.2 Starting

Check that all valves necessary for the operation are fully opened in both discharge and suction lines. The first time, the pump should be started with the adjusting spindle of the pressure relief valve tightened to half of the available turns (the valve setting is increased when the spindle is turned clockwise).

By monitoring the pressure gauge it can be determined when the suction line is primed and the pump begins to work. Should the pump not operate normally soon after start, stop the pump within half a minute. Start again after about 3-5 minutes and run for half a minute. This procedure may need to be repeated a couple of times if the suction line is long. Should the pump still not work, it must be assumed there is a problem in the system that needs to be remedied, see "Trouble shooting".

20.1.2.1 Setting the pressure relief valve

The setting of the opening pressure is made as follows:
Tighten the valve spindle by rotating clockwise to the maximum extent. The system pressure is regulated by throttling to required value. The pressure relief valve is eased until the pressure is just beginning to decrease by turning the spindle CCW. The valve is now preset for desired opening pressure. Open the throttling valve entirely.



If operating temperature exceeds 60°C (149°F), appropriate measures to avoid skin contact shall be provided.

Use hearing protections whenever high noise can be expected from pump, motor and/or environment.

20.2 Maintenance

The intervals for inspection and replacement of wear parts vary greatly with the properties of the pumped liquid and can only be determined by experience.

Pumping liquid which contains abrasive materials, or liquid that is corrosive, will significantly reduce service life and call for shorter service intervals.

Wear will normally show as unnormal:

- Vibration
- Noise
- Loss of capacity
- Reduction in flow/pressure



If the pumps operating temperature exceeds 60°C let the pump cool off before any service, maintenance or dismantling work is commenced to avoid burn injury.

For maintenance the following spare part sets are recommended:

G054 Major kit: For repair after damage or greater wear.

G057 Joint kit: For dismantling the pump.

Ordering example: For IMO-pump ACE 032N3 NKBP, serial number 456789:

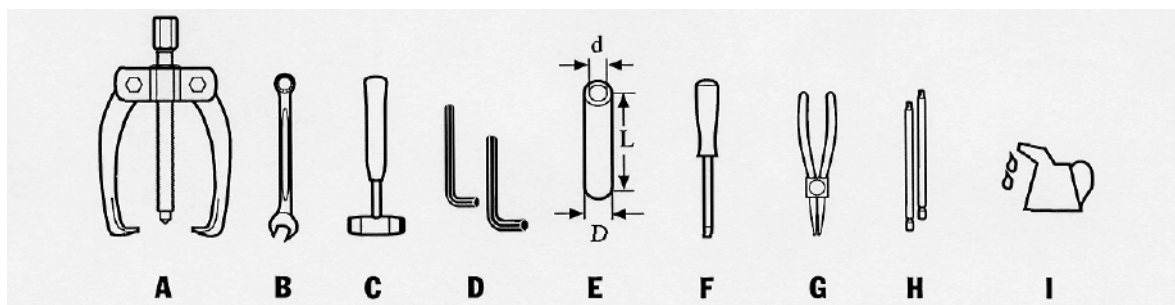
Ball bearing pos 122 p/n 173765 Valve element pos G070 p/n 189873

20.2.1 Inspection of rotors

A quick inspection of the idler rotors can be made simply by removing the rear cover. Note that the driver must be deenergized and the pump hydraulically isolated before the rear cover is removed.

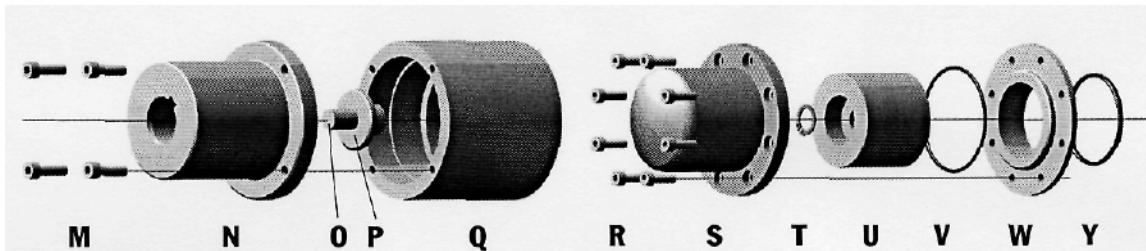
If a more thorough investigation is needed, proceed as under "Dismantling" and "Reassembly".

Useful tools



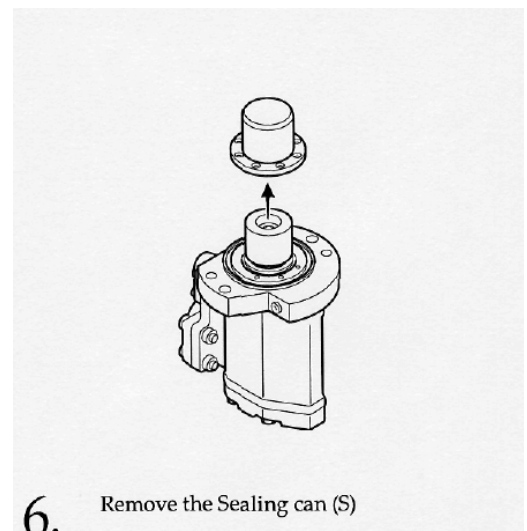
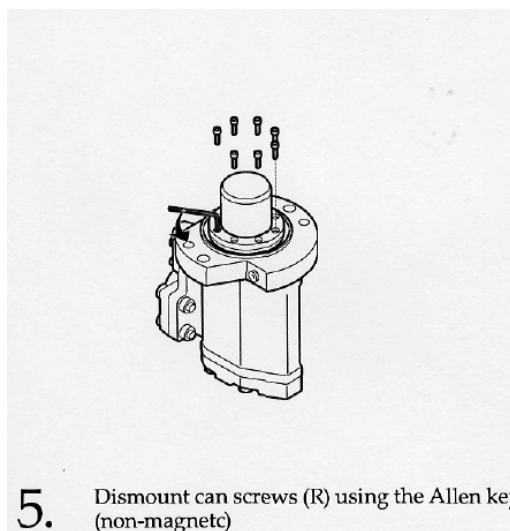
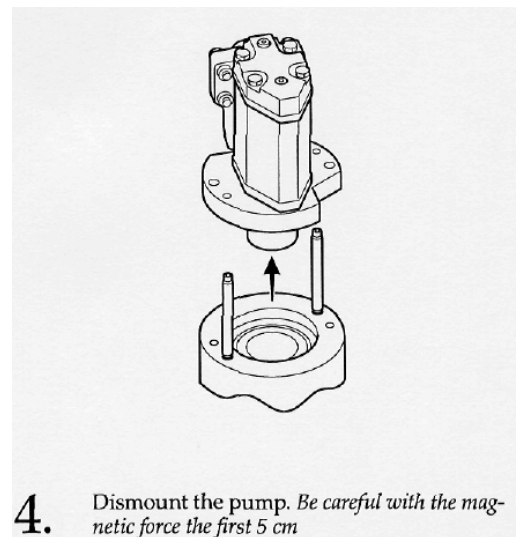
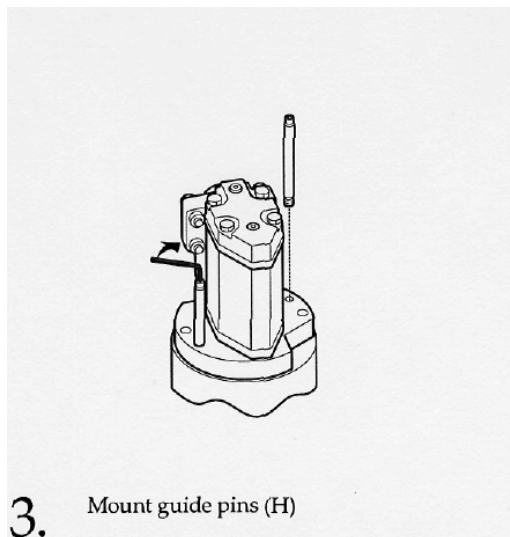
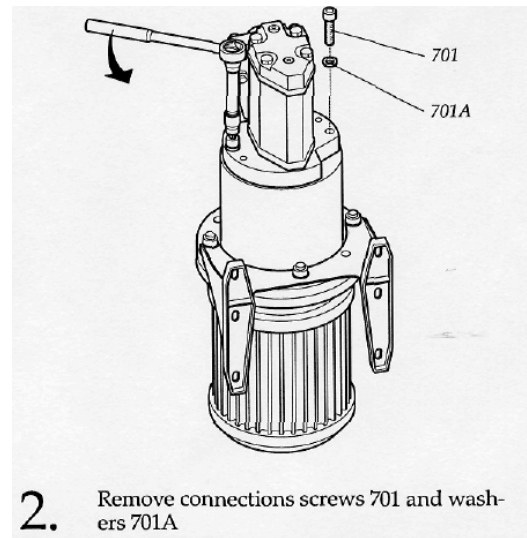
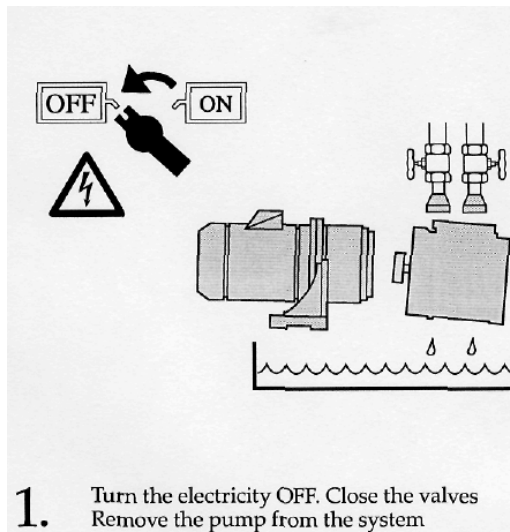
- A = Puller
- B = Screw spanner 16 mm
- C = Plástic mallet
- D = Alien keys (3 mm & 5 mm}
- E = Mounting sleeve, D=25,5 mm
- F = Screw driver
- G = Plier
- H = Guide pins
- I = Oil can

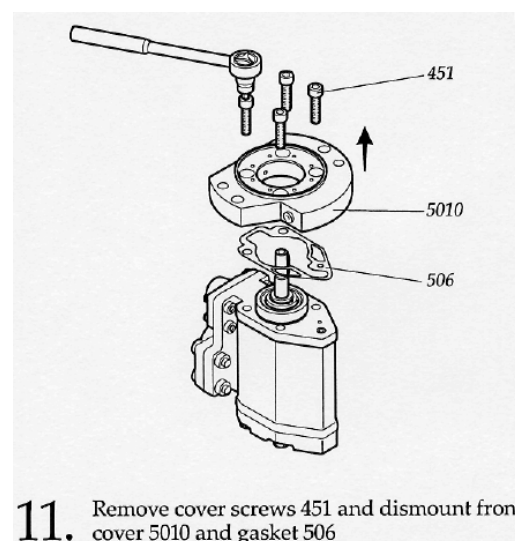
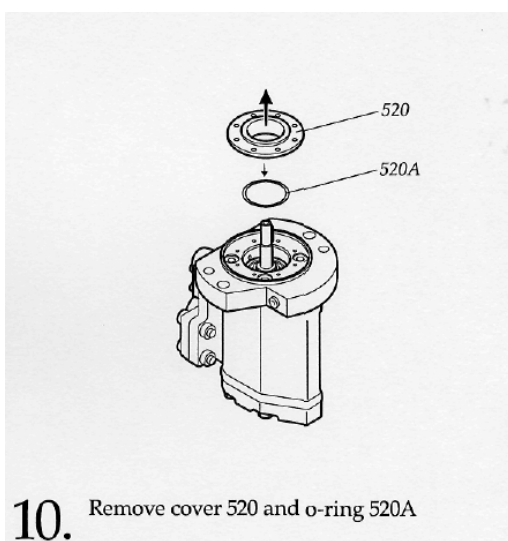
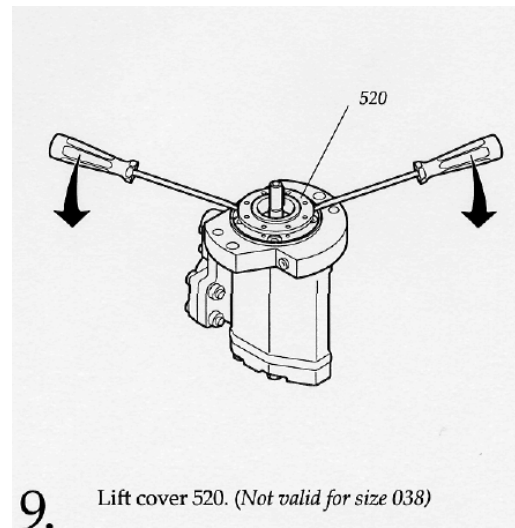
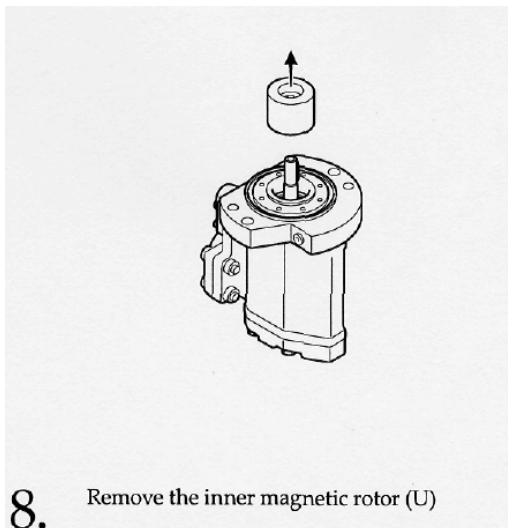
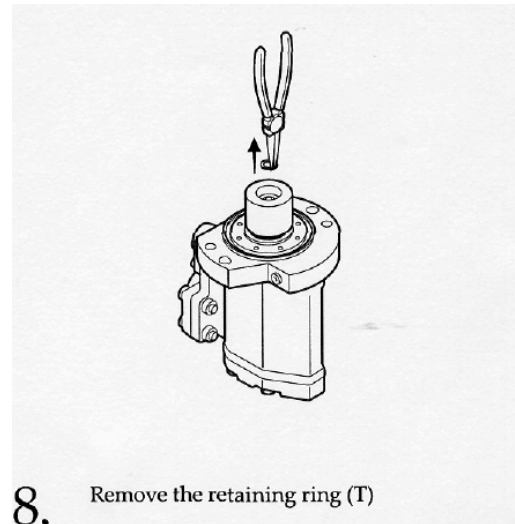
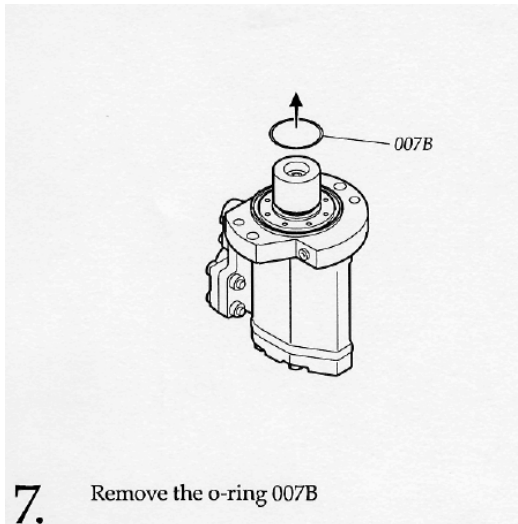
20.2.2 Magnetic coupling

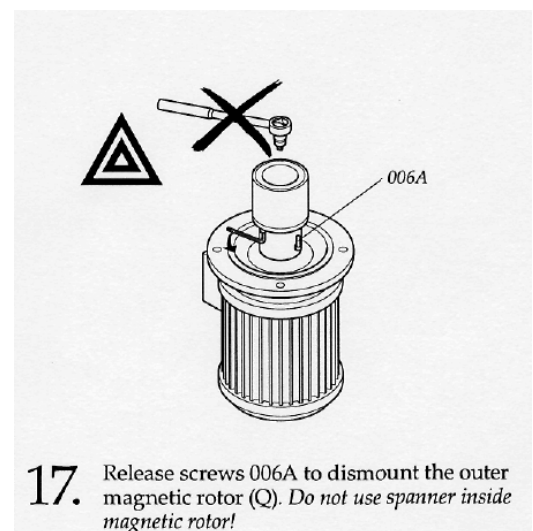
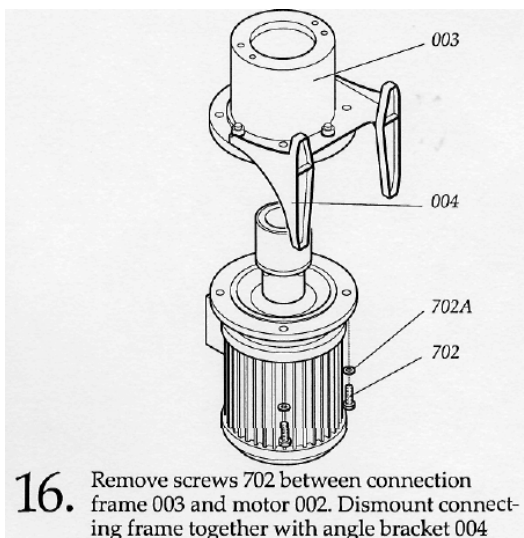
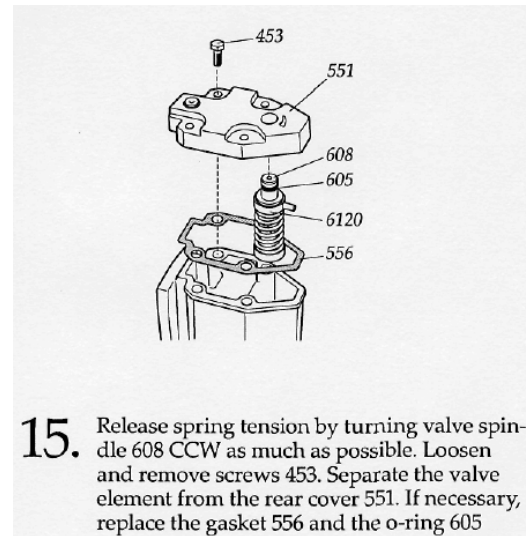
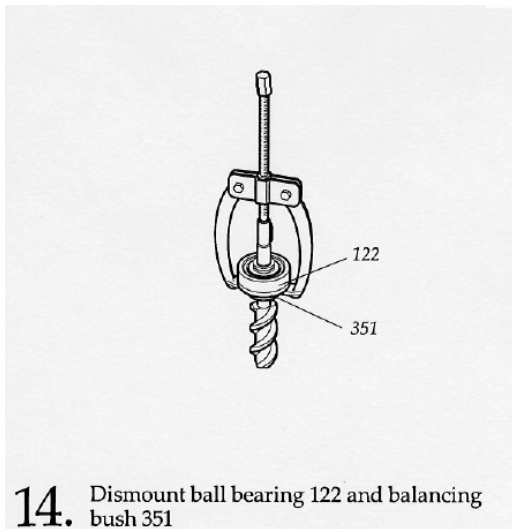
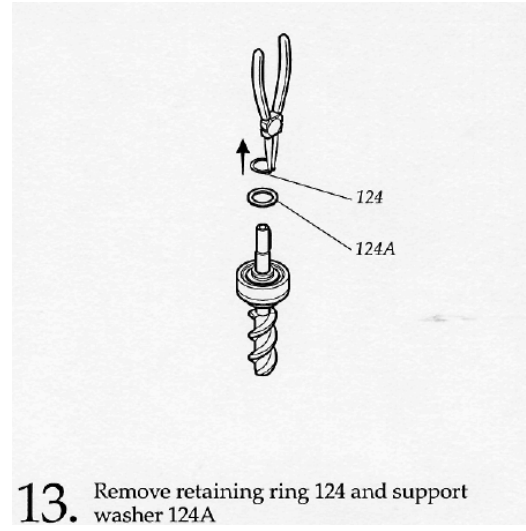
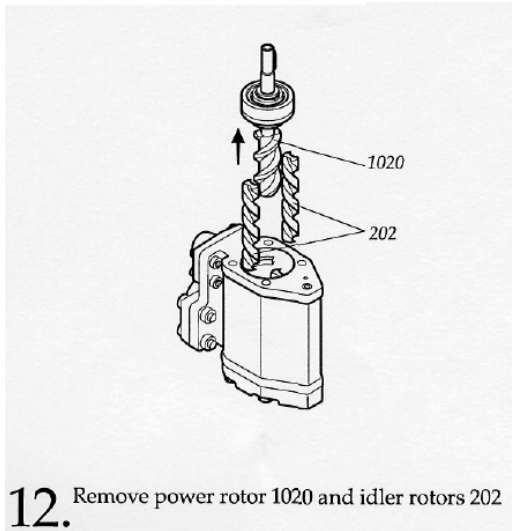


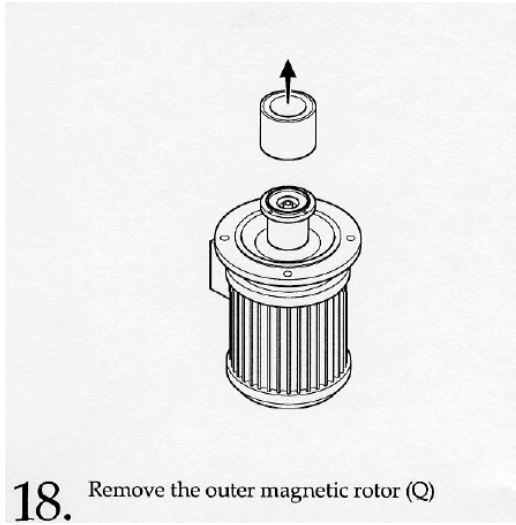
- M = Screws (006A)
N = Drivehub(998)
O = Screw (998B)
P = Washer (998A)
Q = Outer magnetic rotor
R = Can screws
S = Sealing can
T = Retaining ring
U = Inner magnetic rotor
V = O-ring (007B) W = Cover (520) Y = O-ring (520A)

20.2.3 Dismantling

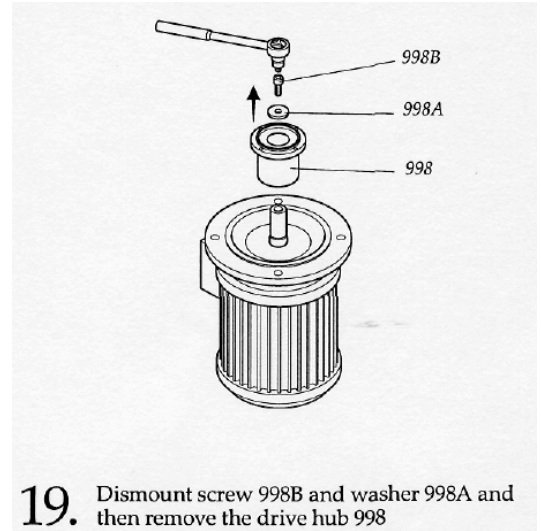






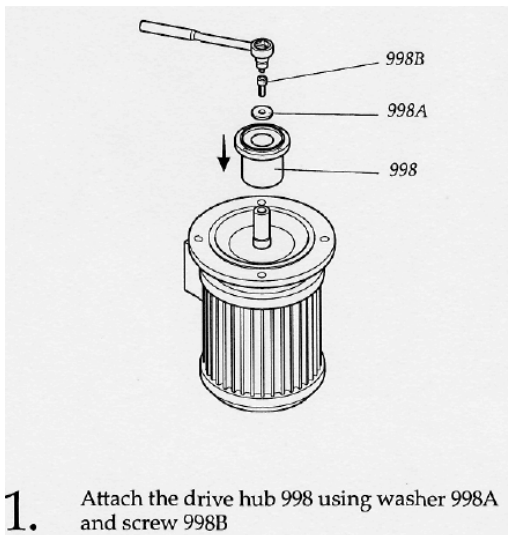


18. Remove the outer magnetic rotor (Q)

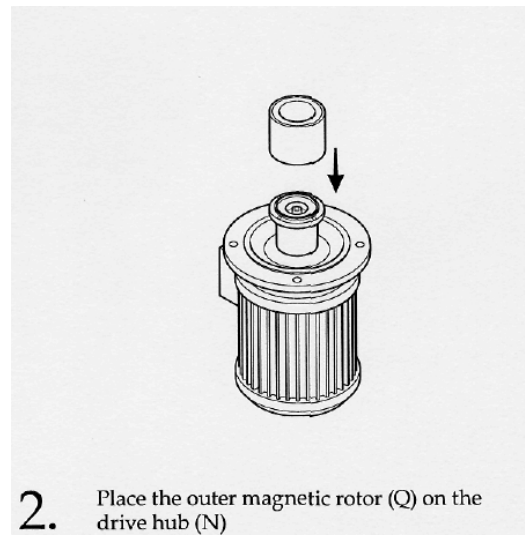


19. Dismount screw 998B and washer 998A and then remove the drive hub 998

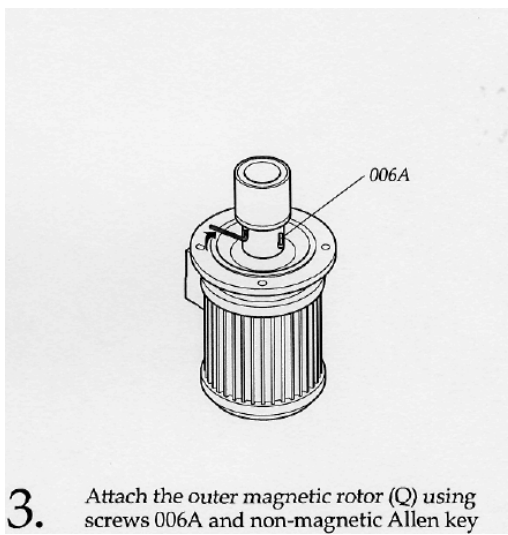
20.2.4 Reassembly



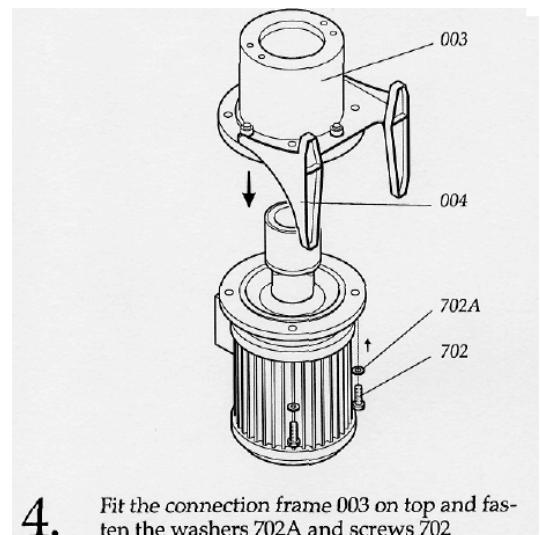
1. Attach the drive hub 998 using washer 998A and screw 998B



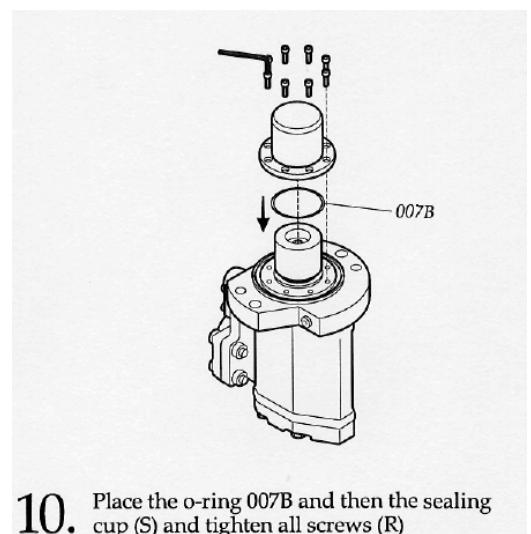
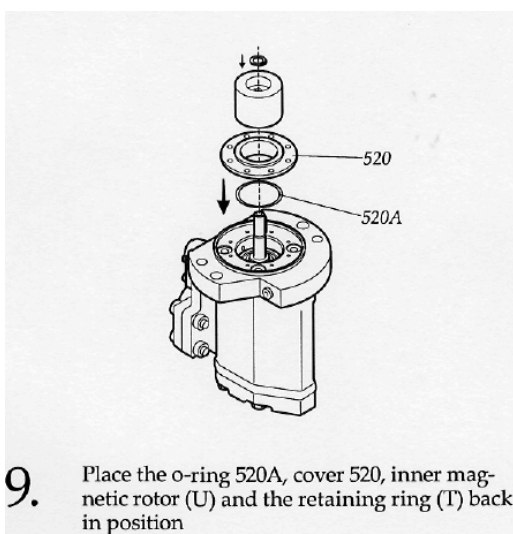
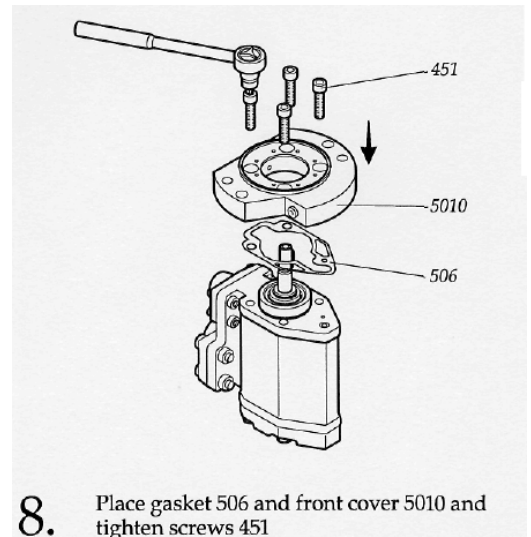
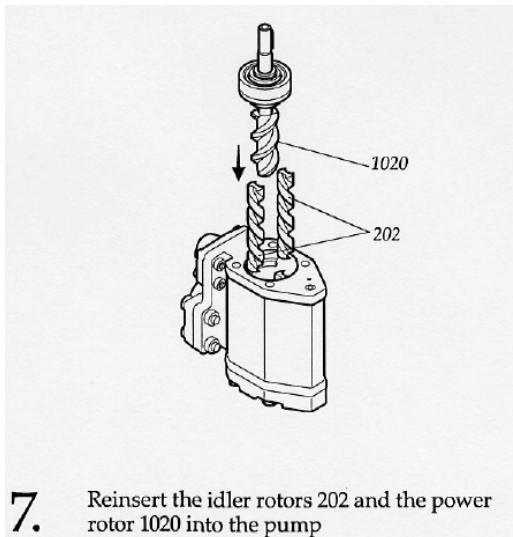
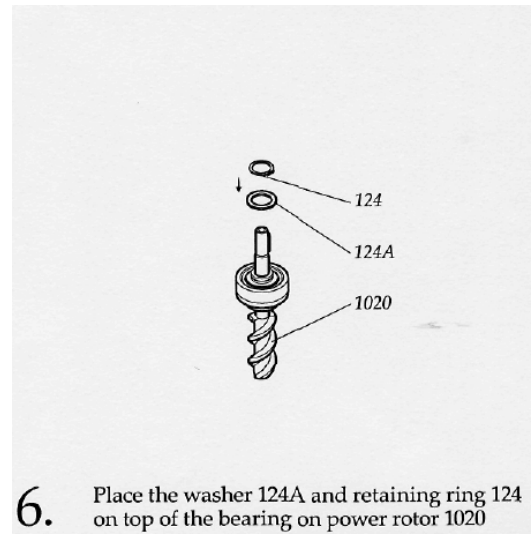
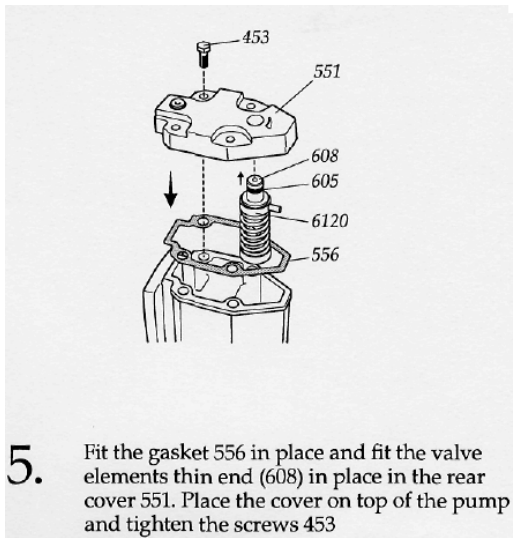
2. Place the outer magnetic rotor (Q) on the drive hub (N)

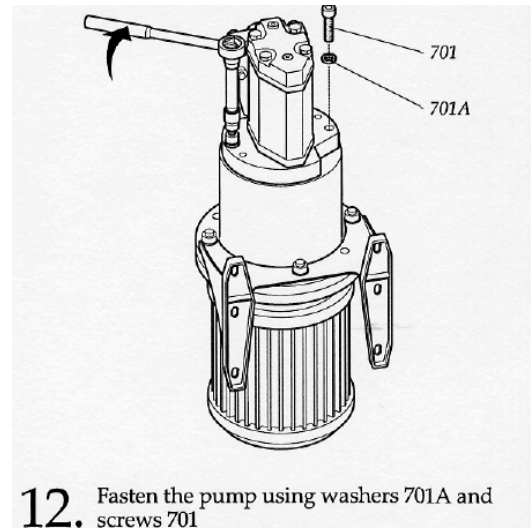
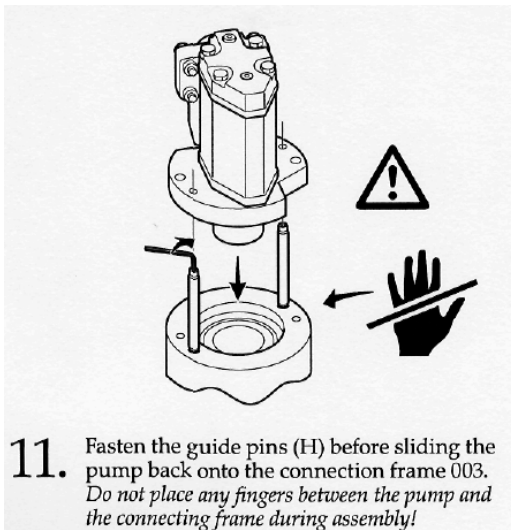


3. Attach the outer magnetic rotor (Q) using screws 006A and non-magnetic Allen key



4. Fit the connection frame 003 on top and fasten the washers 702A and screws 702





20.3 Trouble shooting

Problem	Cause	Action
Wrong direction of rotation	Electric cables to motor wrongly connected.	Reverse the terminal connection on electric motor. Connecting and disconnecting of electric cables must be done only by personnel authorized to do such work.
The pump cannot be primed	Wrong direction of rotation.	See above.
	Suction line is not open or pressure drop in the suction line is too high	Check all components in suction line. The inlet condition should be checked with a vacuum gauge at the pump inlet. Check oil viscosity.
	Major air leakage into the suction line	Check the suction line.
	The pump cannot evacuate the air through the discharge line due to excessive counter pressure.	In installations with negative suction head, where the pump might be started against a pressurized system, a deaeration pipe with an orifice (2-3 mm recommended) has to be installed. The deaeration pipe should be connected to the outlet pipe's highest point. This must also be installed when the pump is used as a stand-by pump.
No flow	The pump is not primed.	See above.
	The pressure relief valve is set below the counter pressure or outlet is blocked.	Check outlet line. Readjust the pressure relief valve to a value above counter pressure.
Flow too low	The pressure relief valve is set too low (Discharge pressure also low).	Readjust the pressure relief valve
	Something is restricting the flow in the suction line. (This would usually cause noise).	Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.).
	The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of compressible gas, such as free air. (This would usually cause noise).	See Noise and Vibration

Pressure too low	The pressure relief valve is set too low	Readjust the pressure relief valve.
	Counter pressure in the discharge line is too low due to a major leakage.	Check the components in the discharge line inclusive the recipients.
	The valve piston is stuck in open position.	Check the valve. See Installation & Service instruction for respective pump.
	Something is restricting the flow in the suction line. (This would usually cause noise).	Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.).
	The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of compressible gas, such as free air. (This would usually cause noise).	See Noise and Vibration
	A too small pump has been chosen	Contact Auramarine Ltd
Pressure too high	The pressure relief valve is set too high.	Readjust the pressure relief valve.
	The oil is too cold (or has higher viscosity than anticipated)	Reduce the pressure setting until operational temperature has been reached.
	Counter pressure in the discharge line is too high.	Check the discharge line.
Drive motor difficult to start or tends to stop by tripping the motor overload relay	Counter pressure too high.	See above: Pressure too high.
	Liquid too cold.	Readjust the pressure relief valve to a lower value. Thus the power consumption for the pumping is relieved and overloading due to the high viscosity may be avoided. When the liquid has reached normal temperature and thus flows easily, the relief valve is reset to normal pressure
	Motor is undersized for the prevailing conditions.	Check the motor
	Electrical power supply faulty.	Check the motor and motor connection
	Motor overload relay set too low or is faulty.	Readjust or replace the relay
	Incorrect setting of Y/D starter.	Readjust the setting of the starting sequence. The time before the motor overload relay is tripped should not exceed 10-15 seconds.

Noise and vibration Monitor the pump function and shut down if any sign of malfunction is noticed	The flow to the pump is insufficient.	See Flow too low
	Insufficient support of pipe work	Check for pipe vibrations in the pump connections. Check that the pipes are sufficiently clamped.
	Air leakage into the suction line	Check the suction line for air leakage.
	Free air in the liquid or gas cavitation	Contact Auramarine Ltd
	Faulty electrical supply.	Check all three phases of the supply.

20.4 Components

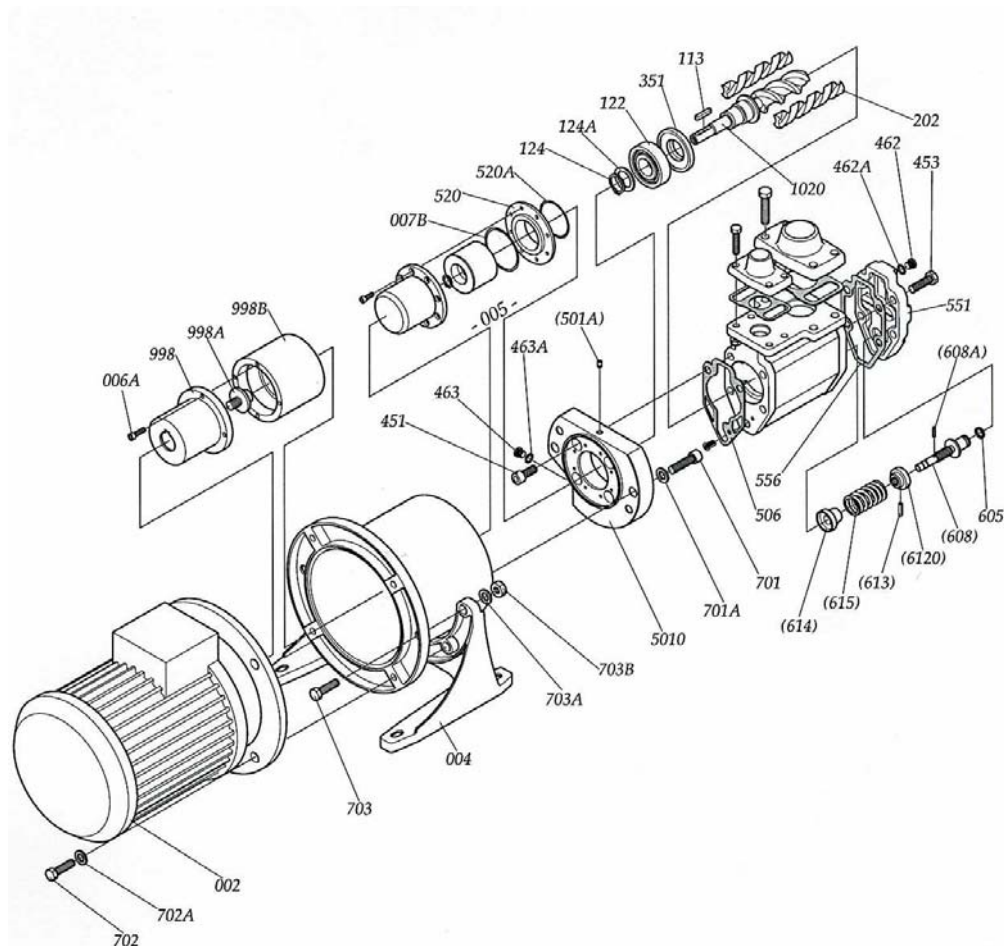
Valid for all pumps in sizes: ACE 025/032/038 Rotor diameter and Generation: L3/K3/N3

With version codes: { N { K { B { P The version code is composed of the letters in the 4 columns.

{ L Example of pump designations std: ACE 025L3 NKBP
{ M

Pos No	Denomination	Qty	Components included in spare parts set					Notes	Explanations:
			G012	G054	G057	G070	G098		
002	Motor	1							G012: Rotor set
003	Connecting frame	1							
004	Angle bracket	1							G054: Major kit
005	Magnetic coupling	1					x		
005A	Retaining ring	1		x	x			x	G057: Joint kit
006A	Screw	1							
007A	Screw	1							G070: Complete valve element
007B	O-ring	1		x	x			x	
1020	Power rotor	1	x	x					G098: Compl magnetic coupling
105	Nozzle	1	x	x				3	
112	Balancing piston	1	x	x				3	
113	Key	1	x	x					
122	Ball bearing	1	x	x					
124	Retaining ring	1	x	x					
124A	Support washer	1	x	x					
202	Idler rotor	2	x	x					
351	Balancing bush	1	x	x					
401	Pump body	1							Notes:
418	Gasket	1		x	x			1	
423	Gasket	1		x	x			1	1) Gaskets for counter flanges
440	Return valve	1							
451	Screw	1							2) Sizes 025-032 only
453	Screw	1							
462	Plug	1							3) Not sold seperately
462A	Sealing washer	1		x	x				
463	Plug	1							
463A	Sealing washer	1		x	x				
5010	Front cover	1							
506	Gasket	1		x	x				
520	Cover	1						2	
520A	O-ring	1		x	x			2	
551	Rear cover	1							
556	Gasket	1		x	x				
605	O-ring	1		x	x	x			
608	Valve spindle	1				x		3	
608A	Tension pin	1				x		3	
6120	Set screw	1				x		3	
613	Pin	1				x		3	
614	Valve piston	1				x		3	
615	Valve spring	1				x		3	
701	Screw	2							
701A	Washer	2							
702	Screw	4							
702A	Washer	4							
703	Screw	3							
703A	Washer	3							
703B	Nut	3							
998	Drive hub	1							
998A	Washer	1							
998B	Screw	1							

20.4.1 Spare parts



Item	Spare Parts sets	Part numbers for pump size		
		025	032	038
G012	Rotor set N-, K-lead	-	-	192246
	" L-lead	192242	192244	-
	Rotor set N-lead	192243	192245	192247
G054	Major kit K-lead	-	-	192252
	" L-lead	192248	192250	-
	" N-lead	192249	192251	192253
G057	Joint kit	192260	192261	192262
G070	Valve element	189873	189873	189873
G098	Magnetic coupling K	192254	192254	-
	" L	192255	192255	192258
	" M	-	192256	192259
122	Ball bearing	173765	173765	173591

21 PRESSURE LIMITING VALVE, TYPE SPVF



Personnel who are responsible for the installation, operation and the repair of the pressure limiting valve, must possess an appropriate qualification; this can have been obtained through training or relevant instruction. Such personnel must be acquainted with the contents of this instruction.

During all work, the prevailing national regulations relating to accident prevention and safety in the work place and, where appropriate, internal regulations of the operator, must be adhered to, even where these are not named in this introduction.

During all work and prior to installation, the connecting pipelines must be de-pressurised!

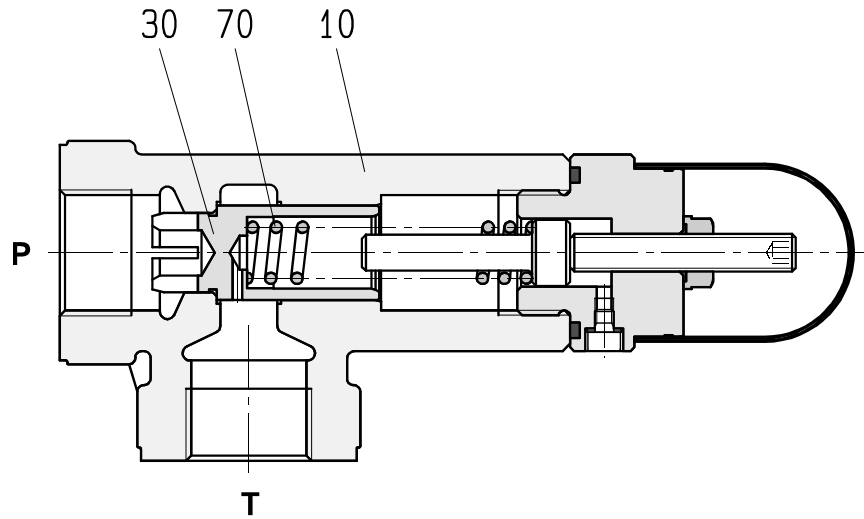
The operator must ensure that these operating instructions are accessible to the personnel concerned at all times.

Servicing and adjustments to the pressure limiting valve, which require it to be dismantled, are only to be carried out by trained and appropriately qualified personnel.

When dismantling the pressure-limiting valve, the components must be directly protected from damage and soiling.

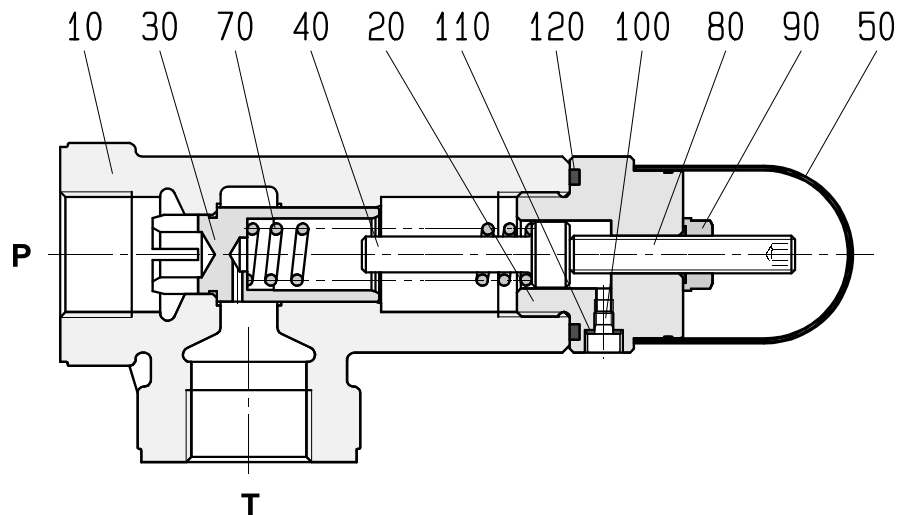
Fluids emerging from the valve must be collected and disposed of in such a way that there is no danger to personnel or to the environment. The currently applicable regulations must be observed

21.1 Description of operation



The directly controlled pressure-limiting valves are used to protect low-pressure circuits, up to a maximum pressure of 20 bar (SPVF 10, p max. 30 bar).

In a cast hydraulic housing 10, a valve spool 30 seals the pressure chamber P from the reservoir connection T, when acted on by the pressure spring 70. When the set pressure is reached, the valve spool 30 opens to create a connection between P and T. As the pressure in P falls below the set pressure value, the valve closes.



21.2 Constructions and spares

Item	Description	Item	Description	Item	Description
10	Housing	50	Protecting cap	100	Vent (bleed)
20	Plug	70	Pressure cap	110	Flat seal
30	Valve spool	80	Threaded rod	120	O-Ring
40	Spring guide	90	Hexagonal nut		

21.3 Adjustment

The pressure limiting valve is set to the pressure required by the customer. It may be necessary to carry out a check on the pressure setting during commissioning, since different flow rates, oil viscosities and pipe lengths can affect the response value. In such cases, a manometer should be connected directly to the valve oil pressure connection. Their characteristics are such that each of the four pressure springs available is only suitable for a limited range of setting pressures.

The pressure setting adjustment is made by removing the protecting cap 50 and loosening the hexagonal headed nut 90 on the threaded rod 80, by means of an internal hexagon ring spanner.

Rotation to the right increases the pressure setting, rotation to the left decreases the pressure. On achieving the desired pressure setting, the hexagon headed nut 90 must be tightened and the cap 50.

21.4 Venting

Pressure limiting valves only operate correctly when all the voids within the valve are filled with hydraulic fluid. If the installed attitude is incorrect, air may collect in the spring chambers and lead to hydraulic shock. In these circumstances the valve must be ventilated (bled). This is achieved by unscrewing the vent screw 100 through one turn. Venting should occur at low pressure and is complete when oil is discharged free of air bubbles. After venting, the vent screw is tightened again.

22 BALL VALVE, TYPES N2, N8 AND N9

22.1 Operation



During operation the ball valves must be in either complete OPEN or CLOSED position in order to ensure their smooth and efficient working and long duration of seats. Leaving the ball in half open position could eventually cause damage to the soft seats.

22.1.1 Manual operation

The opening and closing of the valve is done by turning the handle a quarter turn (90°)

- a.) valve is in open position when the handle is in line with the valve and pipe line
- b.) valve is in closed position when the handle is across the pipe line

22.1.2 Automated operation

Valve can be automatically operated by: A pneumatic actuators (DA or SR), B hydraulic actuators, C electrical actuators, D gear box (manually operated). In this case no stop is fitted on the valve since it is normally a part of the actuator.

22.2 Maintenance



Before starting the maintenance, be sure that all pressure on the pipe is relieved.

Open and close the ball valve at least once to release the pressure completely also from the valve body.

- the ball valves if correctly used, normally do not need any internal lubrication and maintenance. However, when necessary, ball , or seats can be replaced only by relatively qualified personnel following the instruction of the manual without needs to use any machinery
- for further information about the recommended spare parts please check drawing and contact Auramarine Ltd.

22.2.1 Steam leakage

If leakage is evident on stem packing area, it can be eliminated by increasing the tightness of the lock nut 2B. In case leakage is still persisting the replacement of the stem packing 3 is recommended. For handle nut and lock nut (2A-2B) tightness see table.

22.2.2 Body seals leakage

Check for the tightness of the body bolts 16 according to table in case it is still leaking, it is necessary to replace the body seals 11-18.

22.2.3 In line or seats leakage

Check that valve is in fully closed position if so and the leakage is persisting the valve must be disassembled to replace damaged parts.



Safety precaution before removing the ball valve line for disassembly

- a.) **check that all pressure is exhausted from the line (upstream and downstream) and half open the ball to ensure that no pressure is trapped in the body cavity. In other words it must be drained of all fluid/gas and pressure.**
- b.) **remove the valve from the line and cycle valve at minimum 1 full cycle to ensure that any pressure trapped is released.**
- c.) **If the fluid in the line and into the valve is toxic, inflammable, corrosive or damaging for any other reason, it is advisable to take following precaution during the valve repairing:**
 - **use protective eye mask or glasses**
 - **use gloves, overalls and suitable footwear**
 - **ensure that running water and fire extinguisher is easily available at any moment**

22.3 Valve disassembly to inspect and/or replace body seals, seats, packing and ball

- a.) set the valve in open position and take out all body bolts 16 and complete body from end connections
- b.) close the ball and remove seats 10, ball 9 and body seals 11-18, be careful not to damage the ball
- c.) remove handle nut A2, name plate, handle 1, stop washer 17, lock nut 2B, spring washer 4, gland packing 6
- d.) push the stem 5 into the body 12. Remove packing rings 7 from body and O'ring 8 plus thrust washer 7 from stem.

22.4 Inspection and replacement

With the valve completely disassembled, clean and examine all the following components:

- a.) surface of the ball: any surface defect, particularly in the seating area will be extremely detrimental to the performance of the valve and therefore the ball should be replaced if found defective.
- b.) seats: replacement or seats is recommended
- c.) stem seals and body seals: also to be discarded and replaced by a new one
- d.) remaining components of the valve: after cleaning it is required a careful examination for wear, corrosion and mechanical damages particularly on threaded components. If components are found defective they should be replaced.

22.5 Re-assembly

Clean inside of body and stem housing. A light oil/grease compatible with line fluid can be used on ball, seats and stem surfaces.

22.5.1 Stem re-assembly

- a.) replace thrust washer and O'ring 7-8 and then insert the stem from the inside body
- b.) install the packing ring 3, gland packing 6, spring washer 4 and lock nut 2B and tighten. To avoid rotation of stem, apply temporarily the handle.
- c.) install stop washer 17, handle 1, name plate, handle nut 2A and tighten (see values given in the table)

22.5.2 Ball, seats and seals re-assembly, types N8 and N9

- a.) insert the fourth seat into the body and then insert the ball
- b.) insert the seat-retainer 23 together with the seat 10 and retainer-seal 18 and then repeat the operations on the opposite way. **ONLY NOW** you can assemble the n. 2 end-caps and tighten.
- c.) repeat the operations on the third way (third and fourth in case of 4 ways).

22.5.3 Ball, seats and seals re-assembly, type N2

- a) place the stem in closed position and insert the ball in the same position
- b) rotated in open position and then insert the seats and body seals
- c) insert the center-piece between the end-caps and tighten bolts and nuts firmly (see values given in table)

22.6 Testing

- a.) after having completed the re-assembly check for the manoeuvrability of the valve and make sure that ball rotates freely
- b.) if facilities are available, test the ball valve to the appropriate specification

22.7 Automated ball valves

- a.) if the valve is automated, reinstall the actuator and please note that the handle is not used. If necessary, reset the stops. First set- the valve in open position and check that ball is fully open. Second set- the valve in closed position and check, adjusting if necessary, for the best closure.
- b.) **CAUTION! Valves with electrical actuators should be tested starting from valve in: HALF OPEN - HALF CLOSED POSITION. This is to ensure that electrical connection is all right and rotation is correct. In case of wrong position switch off electrical actuator immediately and change the direction. Limit and torque switches are ineffective if rotation is wrong.**

22.8 Tightness values for handle nut 2A-2B and body bolts 16, types N8 and N9

VALVE SIZE		HANDLE NUT 2 A LOCK NUT 2 B			BODY BOLTS PART NO. 16		
FULL BORE	RED BORE	DIMENSION	NM	INCH LBS	DIMENSION	NM	INCH LBS
1/4	/	M 10X1	8	70	M8X17	35	310
3/8	1/2	M 10X1	8	70	M8X17	35	310
1/2	3/4	M 10X1	8	70	M8X17	35	310
3/4	1	M 12X1.25	15	130	M10X22	50	440
1	1 1/4	M 12X1.25	15	130	M10X22	50	440
1 1/4	1 1/2	M15X1.5	25	220	M12X30	70	620
1 1/2	2	M15X1.5	25	220	M12X30	70	620
2	2 1/2	M15X1.5	25	220	M12X30	70	620
2 1/2	3	M22X1.5	40	355	M12X35	70	620
3	4	M24X2	50	440	M12X35	70	620

22.9 Tightness values for handle nut 2A-2B and body bolts 16, type N2

VALVE SIZE		HANDLE NUT 2 A LOCK NUT 2 B			BODY BOLTS PART NO. 16 AND NUTS PART NO 19		
FULL BORE	RED BORE	DIMENSION	NM	INCH LBS	DIMENSION	NM	INCH LBS
1/4	/	M 10X1	8	70	M8X47	35	310
3/8	1/2	M 10X1	8	70	M8X47	35	310
1/2	3/4	M 10X1	8	70	M8X51	35	310
3/4	1	M 12X1.25	15	130	M10X64	50	440
1	1 1/4	M 12X1.25	15	130	M10X75	50	440
1 1/4	1 1/2	M15X1.5	25	220	M12X88	70	620
1 1/2	2	M15X1.5	25	220	M12X95	70	620

22.10 Storage

Valves to be stored for a long time shall be checked by the quality control personnel every 6 months; every 3 months when valves are actuated.

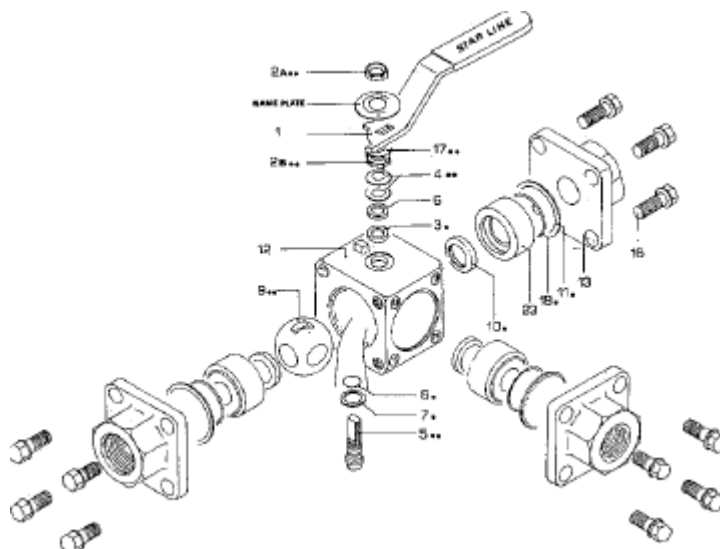
Maintenance during storage period:

- a.) internal surface must be inspected to check complete dust or other foreign parts absence
- b.) old rust or any dust must be removed by wiping with proper solvent
- c.) after cleaning, ball valves must be lubricated by using an adequate lubricant
- d.) ball valves must be operated for a least 2 complete cycles

22.11 Spare parts

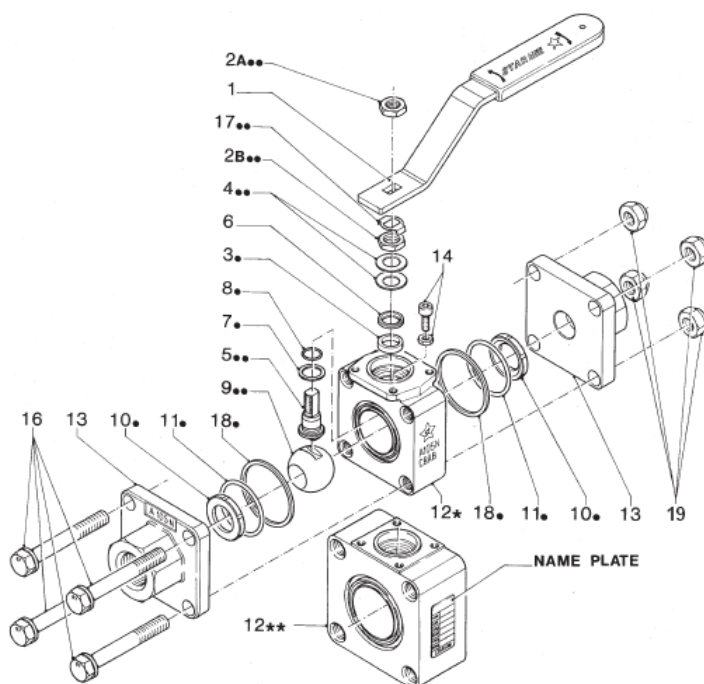
N8 and N9

Item NO	Q.TY	PART NAME
1	1	Handle
**2a	1	Handle nut
**2b	1	Lock nut
*3	1	Packing ring
**4	2	Spring washer
**5	1	Antistatic stem
6	1	Gland packing
*7	1	Thrust washer
*8	1	O-ring stem
**9	1	Ball
*10	4	Seats
*11	3-4	Body seal
12	1	Body
13	3-4	End connections
14	1	Stop-pin
16	16-20	Bolts
**17	1	Stop washer
*18	3-4	Retainer seal
23	3-4	Seat retainer



N2

Item NO	Q.TY	PART NAME
1	1	Handle
**2a	2	Nut
*3	1	Packing ring
**4	2	Spring washer
**5	1	Antistatic stem
6	1	Gland packing
*7	1	Thrust washer
*8	1	O-ring stem
**9	1	Ball
*10	2	Seats
*11	2	Body seal
12	1	Body
13	2	End connections
14	1	Stop-pin
16	4	Bolts
**17	1	Stop washer
*18	2	Body seal
19	4	Nuts



* suggested materials after 2 years service
** suggested materials after 5 years service

23 CONTROL VALVE, TYPES BR440-446



Before putting a new plant into operation or restarting a plant after repairs or modification, always make sure that:

- **All installation and assembly work has been completed!**
- **The personnel is qualified**
- **The valve is in the correct position for its function!**
- **Existing guards have been attached and in good order.**

23.1 Maintenance

Maintenance and maintenance intervals have to be defined by the operator according to the service conditions (see TRB 700).

When dismantling the valve the following points must be observed beside the general principals rules and TRB 700 governing the assembly work:

- pipe system must be pressureless
- medium must be cool
- plant must be drained
- piping system is purged in case of aggressive or caustic media
- the assembly work is performed only by qualified personnel

23.1.1 Packings with PTFE V-ring unit

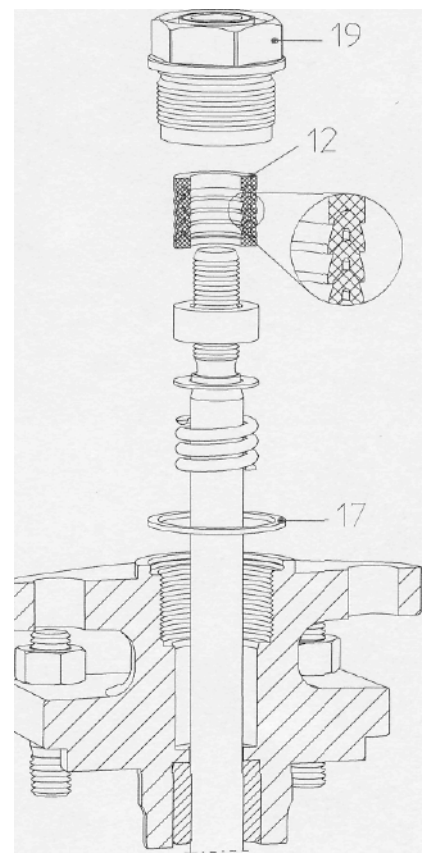
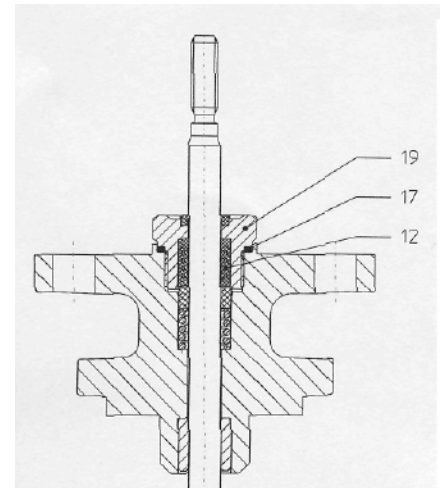
PTFE V-ring unit consists of 1 backing ring, 4 sealing rings, 1 cover ring

Owing to the installed compression spring, this spindle packing is self-adjusting. If the spindle starts leaking, the ring pack is worn out and must be replaced.

Replacing the PTFE V-rings:

- Remove the actuator (see operating instructions for actuator).
- When replacing PTFE V-ring unit (12), make sure that the parts are installed in the correct order and positions.
- Damaged spindles must also be replaced (see chapter Replacing the plug, spindle and seating for instructions) since a new ring pack will soon start leaking again with a damaged spindle.

NOTE: Gasket (17) must be replaced.

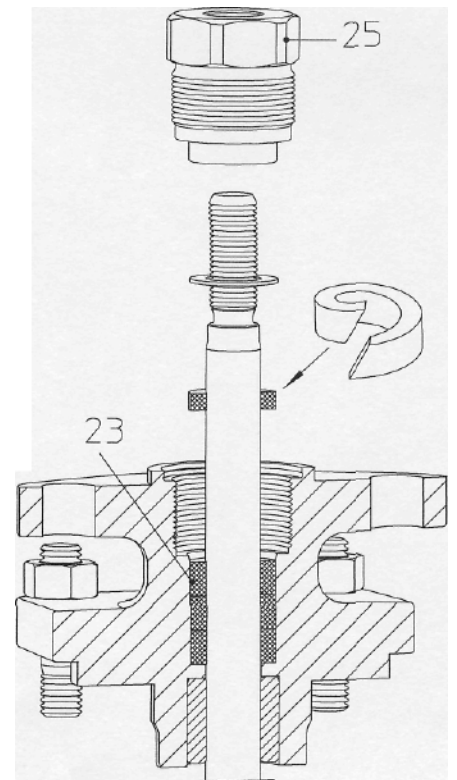
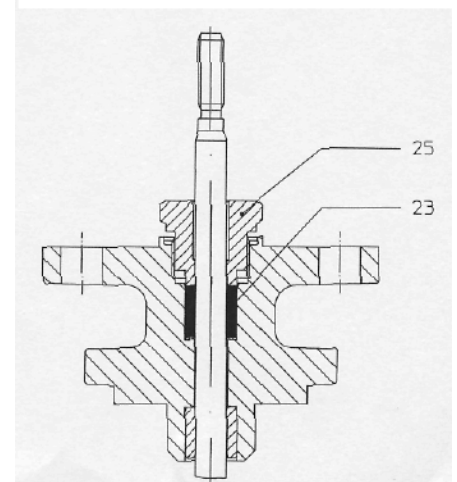


23.1.2 Stuffing box packings

Stuffing box packings require maintenance. If leaks develop, immediately tighten the screw joint (25) gradually until the packing stops leaking. The service life of stuffing box packings (23) can be increased by checking regularly leakage. If leaks can no longer be stopped by tightening the nuts, a new packing ring must be inserted into the gland.

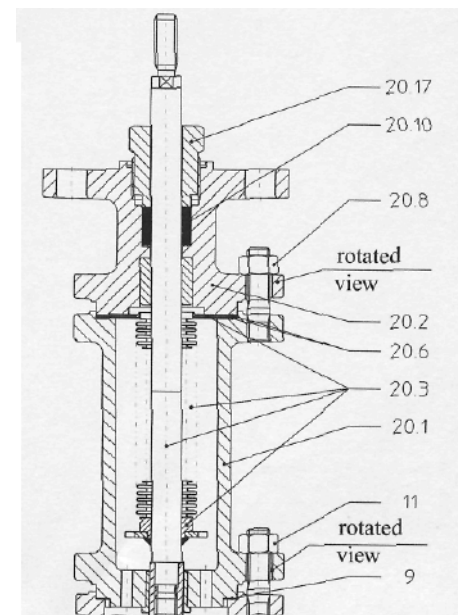
Replacing a stuffing box packing:

- Insert the new packing ring
- If a split packing ring is used, cut with a chamfer
- Damaged spindles must also be replaced since a new ring pack will soon start leaking again with a damaged spindle.



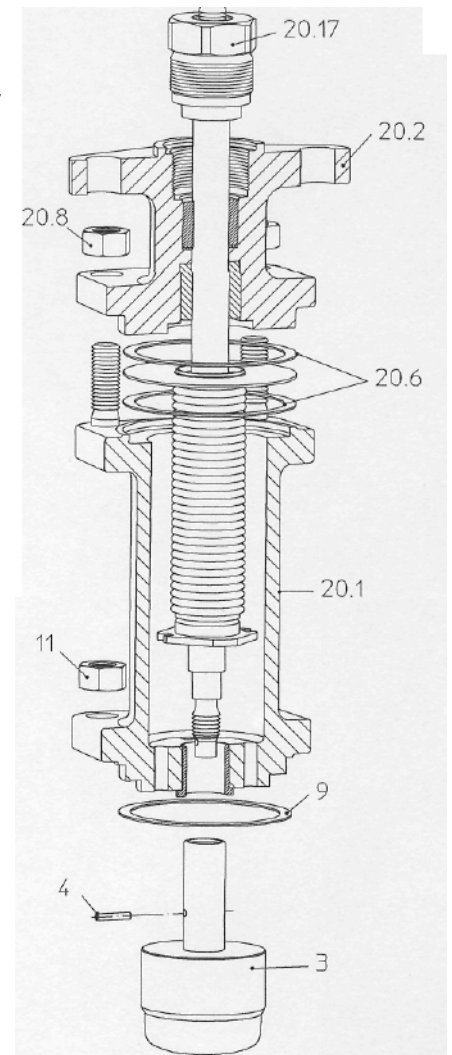
23.1.3 Bellow Seal

If the spindle leaks, the bellow seal is defective. The leak can initially be stopped by tightening the screw joint (20.17).



Replacing the bellow seal:

- Remove the actuator (see operating instructions for actuator).
- Slacken the screw joint (20.17) by about one turn.
- Remove the bellows housing by unscrewing the nuts (11).
- Remove the plug
- Detach the mounting bonnet (20.2) after unscrewing the nuts (20.8).
- Extract the spindle from the bellows housing.
- Drill new spindle with plug.
- Replace 2 seals (20.6) and 1 seal (9).
- Assemble in the reverse order. Screw on the nuts (11, 20.8) and tighten them crosswise (The spindle can only be replaced complete with bellows.)



23.1.4 Replacing the Plug, Spindle and Seating

- Remove the actuator (see operating instructions for actuator)

a) Control valves

- Detach the mounting bonnet (7).
- Slacken screw joint (19) by about one turn.
- Extract and replace the plug with spindle.
- Replace the gasket (9).
- Set the mounting bonnet cover in place and secure it with nuts (11) tightened crosswise.

Plug and spindle can only be replaced completely.

b) Control Valves with Bellow Seal

- Unscrew the nuts (11).
- Remove the bellows housing (20.1) with plug (3).
- Keep the spindle pressed down.
- Remove the clamping sleeve (4).
- Unscrew the plug (3).
- Fit the new plug in the reverse order.
- Drill the plug and insert new pin.

The spindle can only be replaced complete with bellows

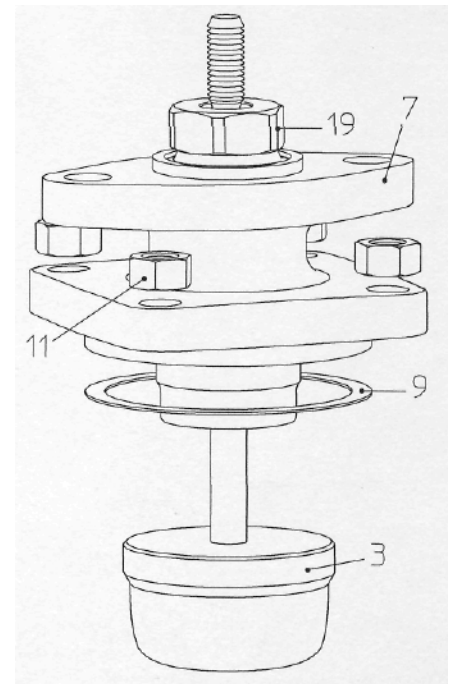
c) Replacing the Seating Ring (only Fig. 55.445 and Fig. 55.446)

The seating ring is screwed into the valve body and can be unscrewed for replacement or remachining. A special wrench is needed to remove the seating. It can be obtained from the manufacturer.

When fitting a new or reconditioned seating, clean thread and sealing taper in body and apply suitable lubricant.

See below for scat ring tightening torque's.

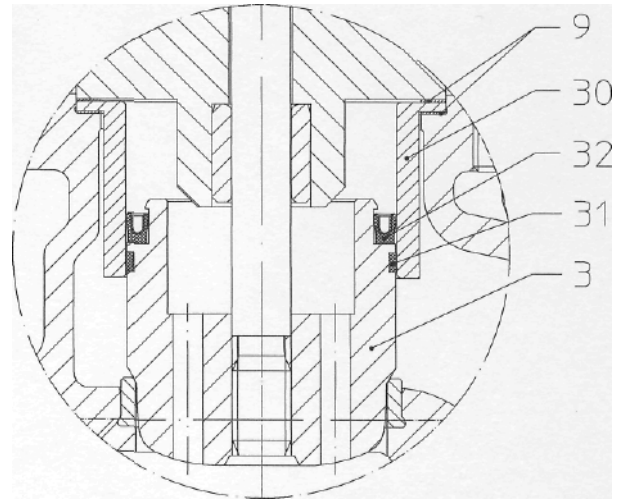
DN 15/20	100 Nm
DN 25/32	150 Nm
DN 40/50	350 Nm
DN65	480 Nm
DN80	660 Nm
DN100	980 Nm



d) Pressure-balanced Plug

Replacing the Seals

- Detach valve top part and remove plug (replace if necessary).
- Prise worn piston seal (32) out of groove in plug with suitable tool (e.g. screwdriver).
- Insert new piston seal, taking care that it is in the correct position
- Replace guide ring (31).
- Clean sliding surface of guide bush (30); smooth with fine abrasive if necessary.
- Before assembly, remember that two seals (9) must be replaced.
- Set valve top part in place.
- Tighten the hexagon nuts of the cover gradually crosswise.



Tightening torque for hexagon nuts:

Bolts	Torque
M10	20 Nm
M12	35 Nm
M16	80 Nm

23.2 Troubleshooting

Fault	Possible cause	Corrective measures
No flow	Valve closed.	Open valve (using actuator).
	Flange covers not removed.	Remove flange covers.
Little flow	Valve not sufficiently open.	Open valve (using actuator).
	Dirt sieve clogged.	Clean / replace sieve. Relieve pressure first!
	Piping system clogged.	Check piping system.
	Kvs value of valve unsuitable.	Fit valve with higher Kvs value.
Valve spindle moves in jerks.	Stuffing box sealing too tight (for valves with graphite packings).	Slacken screw joint (25/20.17) slightly. Valve must not start leaking!
	Valve plug slightly seized owing to solid dirt particles.	Clean internals, smooth rough spots.
Valve spindle or plug cannot be moved.	Seating and plug clogged with dirt; especially with V-port and perforated plugs.	Clean seating and plug with suitable solvent.
	Valve plug seized in seating or guide owing to deposits or dirt in medium.	Replace plug and seating; use parts made from different material if necessary.
Valve spindle leaking.	PTFE V-ring unit damaged or worn.	Replace ring pack
	In valves with packed stuffing boxes, tighten sleeve nut (25).	Tighten screw joint (25); replace packing if necessary.
	Bellows defective in valves with bellow seal.	Replace bellows unit.
Leakage too high when valve is closed.	Sealing surfaces of plug eroded or worn.	Replace plug
	Sealing edge of seating damaged or worn.	Replace seating (see point 8.5), (only Fig. ...445/446)
	Piston sealing ring worn (pressure-balanced valves).	Replace sealing ring.
	Seating and/or plug dirty.	Clean internals of valve.
	Pneumatic actuator not completely vented; spring force not fully effective.	Vent actuator air chamber completely.
	Actuator not powerful enough.	Install more powerful actuator. Check service data.

24 THRUST ACTUATOR, TYPE PREMIO



Before starting up a new system or restarting a system after repairs or conversion, check:

- **Correct completion of all installation/assembly work!**
- **Circuits of the system in accordance with DIN VDE regulations and regulations of the relevant power supply company as well as compliance with all safety regulations, especially TRB 700.**
- **Hood of thrust actuator assembled.**
- **Start up only by qualified personnel**

While in operation, the thrust actuator has moving and rotating parts as well as being integrated in an electrical network system. Improper handling or failure to observe the operating instructions or the valid regulations may lead to death, grievous bodily injury or substantial property damage!

When dismantling the thrust actuator the following points are to be observed:

- **Dismantlement of the thrust actuator from the fitting must only to be carried out by suitably qualified personnel.**
- **Regard TRB 700.**
- **The supply line for connecting up the thrust actuator must be in the dead state i.e. disconnected while dismantlement work is being carried out. After being disconnected, the mains power must be prevented from being switched back on again accidentally.**
- **The system must be run down (depressurised state) as the valve cone is not held without the thrust actuator and would thus be conducted by the system pressure.**

The thrust actuators are employed to actuate control or shut-off valves requiring a nominal linear stroke distance of up to 80 mm and thrust from 2.2 kN to 15 kN. The thrust actuators are set to the thrust forces specified in the technical data.

The thrust actuator, fitted with a yoke or columns, is mounted to the valve. Transfer of force is effected via a coupling safeguarded against torsion. The torsion safeguarding feature also serves as a lift indicator. The lift settings can be read off on a lift dial attached to the yoke or between the 2-ear clamps mounted to the column.

The electrical components are accommodated separately from the gearbox underneath a sealed hood, thus being protected against operating and environmental effects. Following removal of the hood, easy access is provided to the switch gear and indicating feature. The rotary motion of the motor is transmitted to the spindle nut by means of spur gear. The drive spindle, which is safeguarded against torsion, screws its way into the spindle nut and thus performs a pull or push motion

depending on the sense of rotation. In the final positions of the valve, the spindle nut is pressed against a set of springs so as to produce closing force.

The motor is switched off by means of two load-dependent switches and one stroke-dependent switch. The load-dependent switches will also switch off the motor if foreign bodies have lodged themselves between the valve seat and cone. The load-dependent switches serve to protect the valve and thrust actuator against damage.

24.1 Manual operation

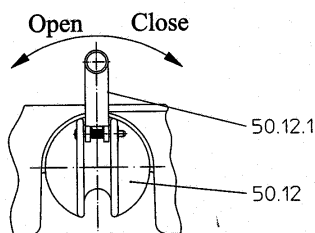
24.1.1 2.2 - 5 Kn



The handwheel always rotates during motor-driven operation (running indicator). Never activate manual operation while the motor is running. Injury hazard!

In the manual operating mode pay careful attention in the final positions that the handwheel is only turned to the point where the torque switch trips (audible click) as otherwise damage will be caused to the thrust actuator! Since the handwheel always follows during motor-driven operation (running indication), never operate by hand while the motor is running -potential injury hazards!

With the motor in the stationary state, the thrust actuator can be run in the open and closed state with the handwheel firmly meshed with the gear.



Proceed as follows:

- Swing out lever (50.12.1) from handwheel (50.12).
- Turning in clockwise direction--> closes valve.
- Turning in counter-clockwise direction--> opens valve

24.1.2 12 - 15 Kn



Do not attempt to engage manual operation until the motor has stopped. Switching over while the motor is running may damage the thrust actuator.

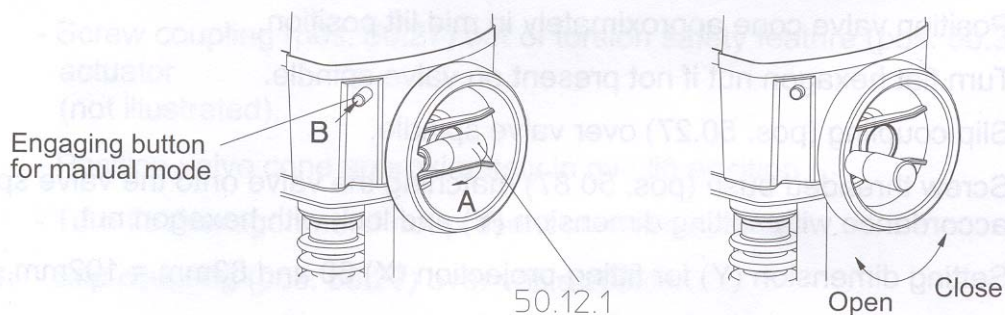
In the manual operating mode pay careful attention in the final positions that the handwheel is only turned to the point where the torque switch trips (audible .click) as otherwise damage will be caused to the thrust actuator!

With the motor in the stationary state, the thrust actuator can be run in the open and closed state with the engageable handwheel.

Proceed as follows:

- Fold the turning handle out of the handwheel (A)
- Turn the handwheel slightly and push in the engaging button for manual mode (8)
→ the button engages
- Turning in clockwise direction → closes valve
- Turning in counter-clockwise direction → opens valve

The motor is no longer in mesh when the handwheel is engaged. The handwheel is automatically disengaged when the motor starts and the motor is once more in mesh.



24.2 Settings



The thrust actuator may only be operated for a short time without the hood for unavoidable setting operations to the potentiometers, travel switches and the electrical options. While these operations are in progress, the thrust actuator has hazardous, live, uninsulated parts exposed as well as moving and rotating parts.

Improper execution of the setting operations or lack of care may cause death, grievous bodily injury or substantial property damage.

Operation of the thrust actuator without the hood for any purpose other than that described above is strictly prohibited.

24.2.1 Torque and travel switches -standard feature

As standard, thrust actuators are equipped with a load-dependent travel switch for the closing direction (S1), a load-dependent travel switch for the opening direction (S2) and a stroke-dependent travel switch for the opening direction (S3). The load-dependent travel switches (S1, S2) switch off the motor as soon as the factory-set thrust force is attained.



The settings of load-dependent travel switches must on no account whatsoever be changed!

The stroke-dependent travel switch (S3) switches off the motor as soon as the lift or stroke is attained. If the thrust actuator is supplied on a straight through valve, the stroke-dependent travel switch S3 is set in such a way that the motor of the thrust actuator is switched off as soon as the maximum valve-lift is attained.

If the thrust actuator is supplied on a three-way valve, the trip cam belonging to travel switch S3 is set in the opening direction in the trip slide to such a downward extent that the upper final position of the valve is attained prior to travel switch S3 being reached, thus causing the load-dependent travel switch S2 to switch off the motor.

For this function, all three switches reveal interlock-controlled circuitry on the board. If the standard travel switches are to be integrated directly into the facility control system, the standard board can be replaced by optional boards PA or NA (only 2.2- 5 kN).

24.2.2 Connection boards PA or NA (only 2.2- 5 kN)

On connection boards PA or NA, the standard travel switches S11/S21, S12/S22 and S13/S23 do not reveal interlock-controlled circuitry and can be integrated individually into the facility control system.

The 3 contacts on each of the switches S11/S21, S12/S22 and S13/S23, designed as double-throw contacts, are -in the case of these boards - brought out on terminals 40-48 and can be freely connected.

The switches on the PA optional board (standard-voltage connection board) are designed for switching capacities of up to 10A, 250V AC. The switches on the NA optional board (low-voltage connection board) are designed for switching capacities of up to 0.1 A, 4-30V (gold contacts).

24.2.3 Potentiometers

The potentiometers are used for electrical position acknowledgement on the facility control system or for the options -electronic position controller ES11 or electronic position indicator RI21

If the thrust actuator is supplied with the valve and built-in potentiometer, the potentiometer is assembled and set ready for operation.

24.3 Putting the actuator into operation



Actuator components which rotate or move during operation are coloured red. Crushing or injury hazard!

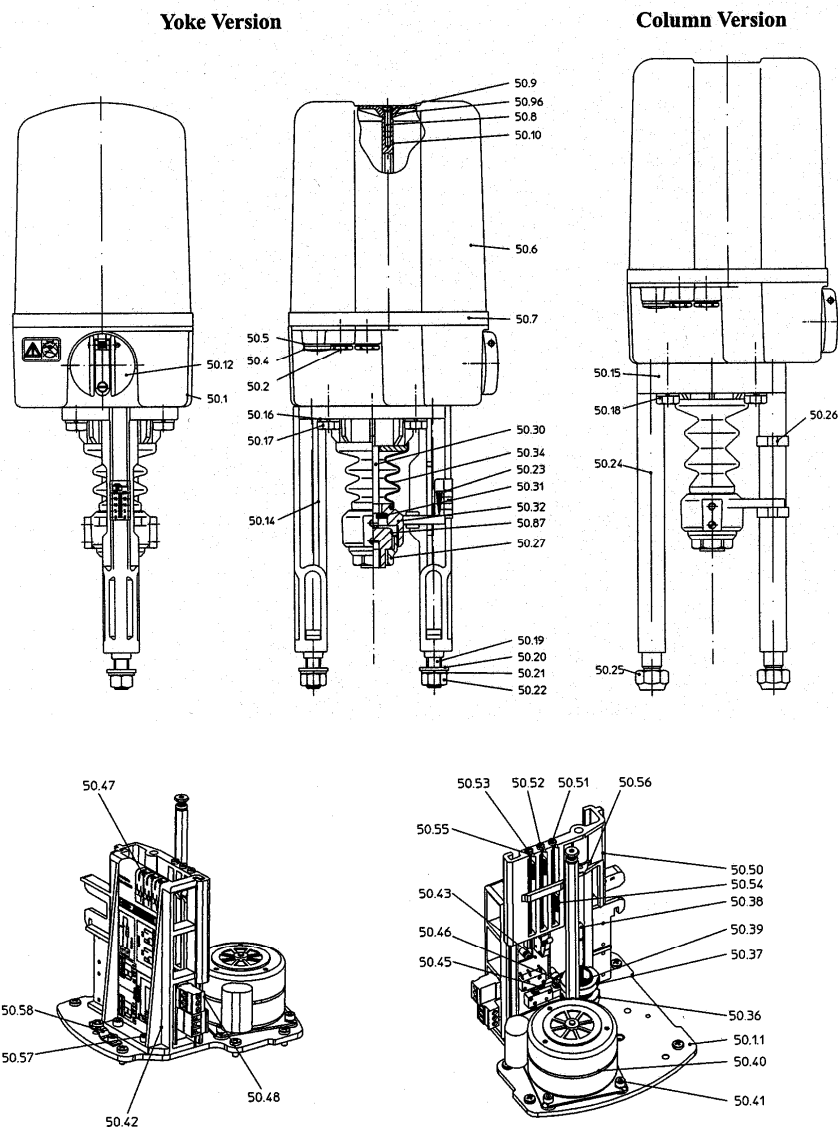
Make sure that -all works has been completed and hood of thrust actuator assembled.

When placing into service proceed as follows:

- Using the handwheel, run the thrust actuator to approximately mid lift position.
- Apply brief pulses to the thrust actuator for each direction of movement and check whether the directions of movement correspond to those desired. If this is not the case, the pulse lines governing the opening and closing action must be exchanged on the thrust actuator.

- Run thrust actuator to the final position in each direction of movement and check whether it switches off automatically and whether all externally moving parts are able to move freely.
- If failing to function properly, check all installation and setting work previously carried out, correcting if necessary, and afterwards place into service once again.

24.4 Diagram



24.5 Maintenance

The thrust actuator requires very little maintenance. Accordingly maintenance in specified intervals is not necessary. Depending on the conditions governing use, the maintenance and maintenance-intervals have to be defined by the operator (see TRB 700).

The thrust actuator must not be cleaned with high-pressure equipment or aggressive solvents or detergents injurious to health or highly inflammable. During and after cleaning, an inspection should be carried out of the sealing points on the thrust actuator. If there is any sign of lubricant escaping or dirt having accumulated, the sealing elements must be repaired.

24.6 Dismantlement of thrust actuator



The supply line for connecting up the thrust actuator must be in the dead state i.e. disconnected while dismantlement work is being carried out. After being disconnected, the mains power must be prevented from being switched back on again accidentally.

The system must be run down (depressurised state) as the valve cone is not held without the thrust actuator and would thus be conducted by the system pressure.

Valve plug approximately in mid lift position -on no account supported inside a seat!

To dismantle the thrust actuator proceed as follows:

- Loosen counter-sunk screw in hood, carefully remove hood.
- Disconnect all cables led into thrust actuator from outside and remove from thrust actuator.
- Place hood on carefully from above and fix in place with counter-sunk screw and rubber gasket.
- Loosen grub screw inside torsion safety feature; screw coupling out of torsion safety feature .
- Loosen clamping bolts connecting the thrust actuator to the fitting.
- Remove thrust actuator from valve.

24.7 Troubleshooting

In the event of malfunctions or disturbances in operation, compare the data referring to operating voltage, actuating signal and temperature to the data specified on the layout drawing of the control system. Also check whether the given operating conditions correspond to those specified in the data sheet or to the technical data specified on the type identification plate.

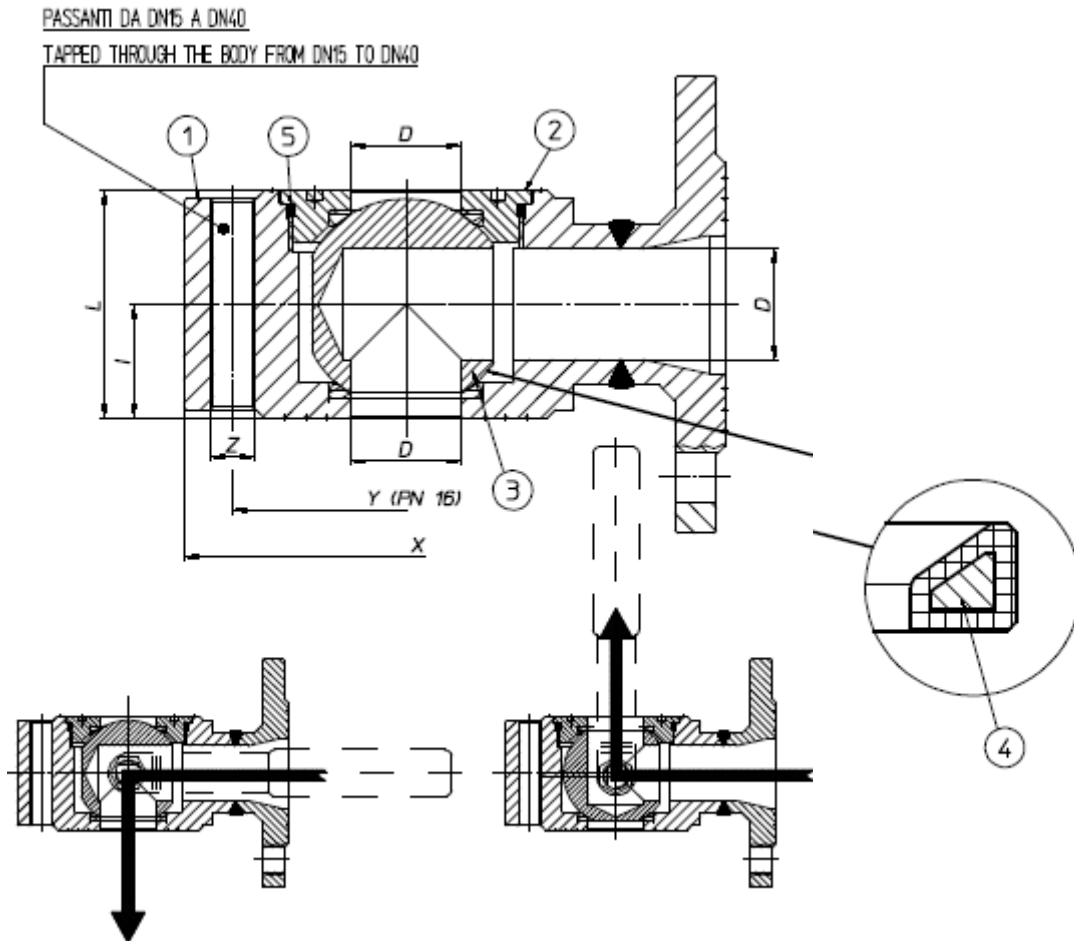
All relevant safety regulations must be observed when carrying out the troubleshooting procedure, especially TRB 700.

Contact the supplier/manufacturer if faults cannot be rectified on the basis of the following "troubleshooting table".

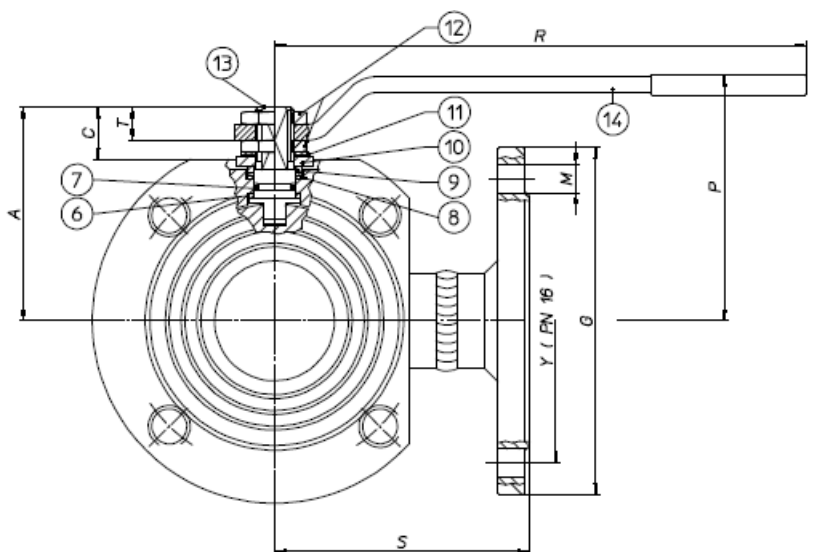
24.7.1 Troubleshooting table

Fault	Possible Causes	Remedy
Thrust actuator fails to move	Power failure	Ascertain and eliminate cause
	Fuse has blown	Replace fuse
	Thrust actuator not properly connected	Rectify connection on thrust actuator in accordance with circuit diagram
	Short circuit due to: -moisture -wrong connection -motor has burned out	Ascertain exact cause, -Dry the thrust actuator and eliminate leakage -Rectify connection on thrust actuator in accordance with circuit diagram -Check whether the mains voltage agrees with the voltage specified on the rating plate. Have motor changed.
	Connector contacts not plugged in/not properly plugged into jack strip	Insert connector firmly in jack strip thus affected
	(Only for 12- 15 kN) Handwheel is still engaged and does not disengage when the motor starts up	Unscrew the motor mounting screw closest to the cable feed through. (Manual release of the handwheel disengagement mechanism.)
Thrust actuator alternates between clockwise and counter-clockwise rotation	Motor operating capacitor defective	Have motor operating capacitor replaced
Thrust actuator fails to run to final positions and also produces chatter	Load-dependent limit switches out of adjustment / defective	Remove thrust actuator and send to factory for repair
	Voltage drop due to excessively long connecting cables or inadequate conductor cross-section	Lay connecting cables in accordance with requisite output
	Mains fluctuations beyond permissible tolerance limits	Arrange for "clean" mains system within requisite tolerances
	System pressure too high	Reduce system pressure
Periodic failure on thrust actuator	Loose connection on feedline	Tighten connections on terminal strips
Thrust actuator is switched off in opening direction prior to load-dependent switch (threeway valve)	Travel switch S3 not set corresponding to use	Set travel switch S3 in accordance with operating instructions

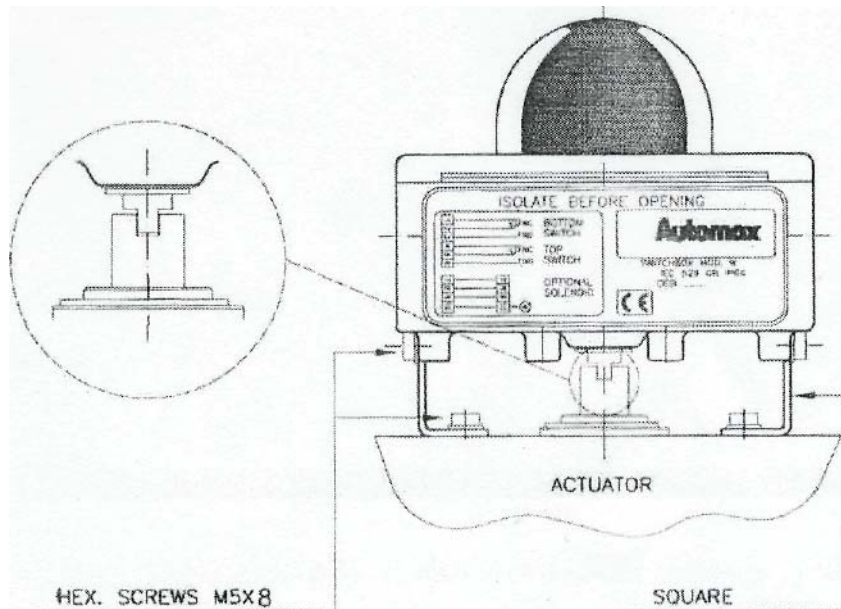
25 VALVE, SERIES 776000



- 1 Body
- 2 End connection
- 3 Ball
- 4 Ball seats
- 5 Rings
- 6 Thrust washer
- 7 Ring
- 8 Stem seat
- 9 Packing gland
- 10 End stop
- 11 Spring washer
- 12 Nut
- 13 Stem
- 14 Handle



26 SWITCHBOX, SERIES W AUTOMAX



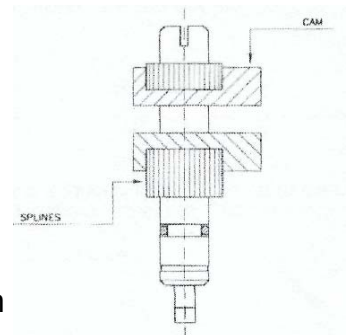
26.1 Adjusting limit switches

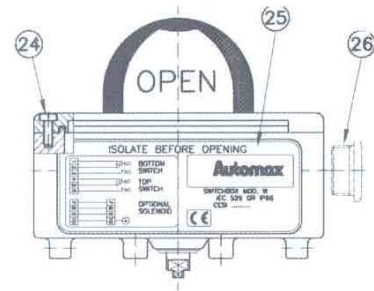
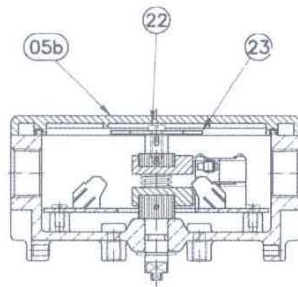
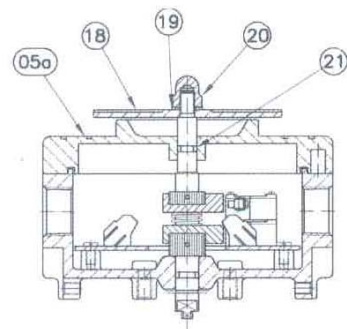
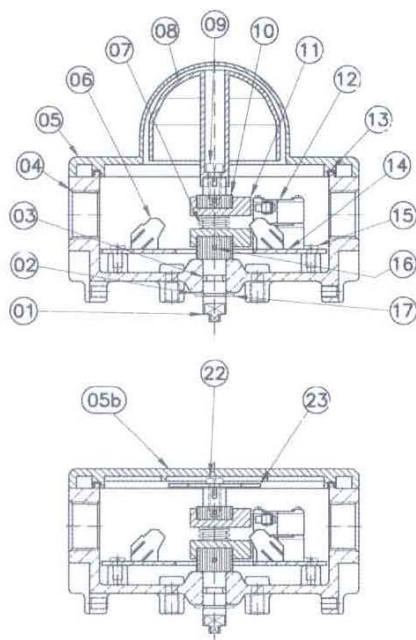


Disconnect power before removing the cover!

Make the actuator/valve system rotate CW, then adjust as follows:

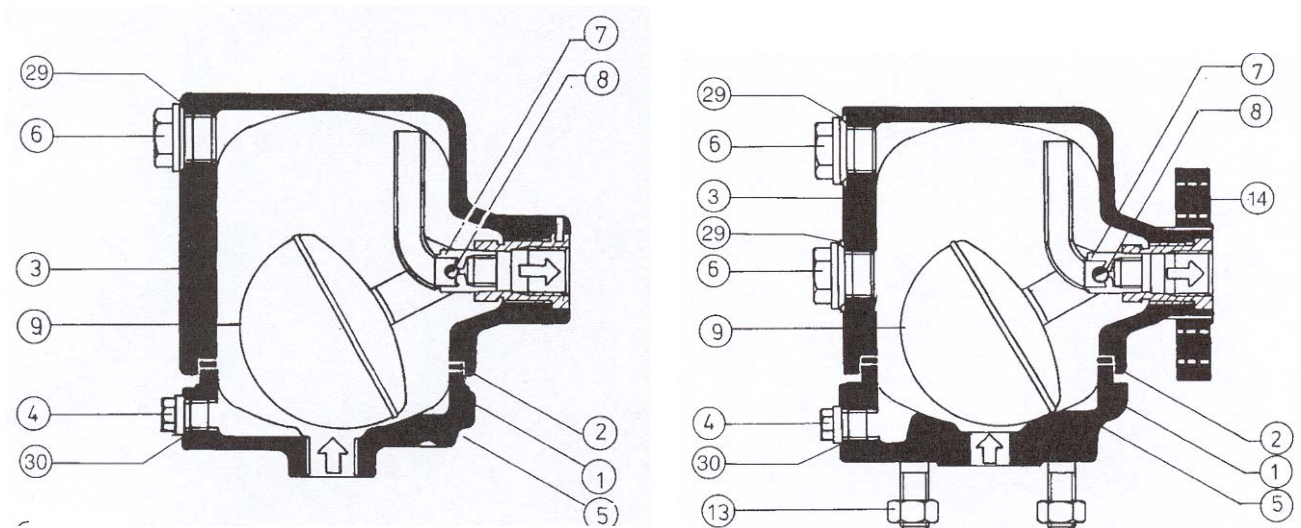
- Pull the BOTTOM cam to disengage it from splines, then rotate it CW just until switch trips. Reengage the cam with splines.
- Make the actuator/valve system rotate CCW.
- Push the TOP cam to disengage it from splines, then rotate it CCW just until switch trips. Reengage the cam with splines.





- 1 cam shaft
- 2 washer
- 3 lower shaft O-ring
- 4 body
- 5 pharos cover
- 5a metal cover
- 5b flat cover
- 6 terminal strip
- 7 cam springs
- 8 pharos rotor
- 9 pharos rotor screw
- 10 shaft retainers
- 11 cams
- 12 limit switch
- 13 cover O-ring
- 14 printed circuit board
- 15 PCB screw
- 16 elastic pins
- 17 shaft snap ring
- 18 metal position indicator
- 19 washer
- 20 blind nut
- 21 upper shft O-ring
- 22 position indicator screw
- 23 position indicator
- 24 enclosure screw
- 25 identification nameplate
- 26 plug PG 13.5

27 AUTOMATIC VENT VALVE, G8070, F8071



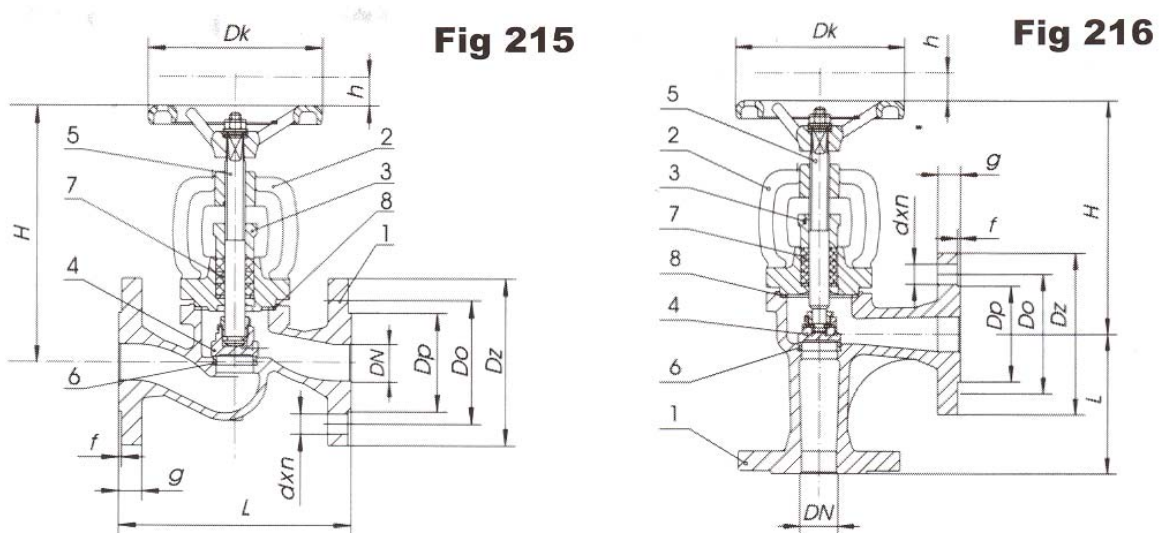
Type G

Type F

- 1 Housing cover: GG-25 or GGG-40.3
 - 2 Housing seal: soft material (asbestosfree)
 - 3 Lower part of housing: GG-251 GGG-40.3
complete with mount for control: SS 1.4104 and soft iron seal* (SS 1.4571) °
 - 4 Control screw: SS 1.4104
 - 5 Set of stud DIN 939 with nuts: DIN 934 and washer DIN 125 (not visible)
 - 6 Plug: 9S20K
 - 7 Float control complete: SS 1.4057/1.4112/1.4301/1.4541 (SS 1.4571)"
 - 8 Supporting structure with rotary-slide-valve and cotter pin*:
SS 1.4057/1.4301/1.4112/1.4541 (SS 1.4571)"
 - 9 Float with fork: SS 1.4301 (SS 1.4571)
 - 13 Set of studs: DIN 9391 with nuts DIN 934 ,
 - 14 Flange: St 37-2
 - 29 Seal: soft iron .
 - 30 Seal: soft iron
- * Individual parts cannot be delivered for reasons of tightness.

The float control assembly discharges air and gases from all liquid carrying systems without time lag, independent of pressure and temperature variations. With the float in the lower position the outlet cross-section is open. Air and gases escape through the upturned immersion tube. Rising of the liquid level lifts the float and causes to close the outlet.

28 STOP VALVE, TYPES FIG 215 AND FIG-216



- 1 Body
- 2 Bonnet
- 3 Flange
- 4 Disc
- 5 Stem
- 6 Seat ring
- 7 Gland packing
- 8 Seal

These valves need no maintenance.

29 FILTER, MODEL F08

Disconnect electrical supply (when necessary) before installation, servicing, or conversion.

Disconnect air supply and depressurize all air lines connected to this product before installation, servicing, or conversion.

Operate within the manufacturer's specified pressure, temperature, and other conditions listed in these instructions.

Medium must be moisture-free if ambient temperature is below freezing.

Service according to procedures listed in these instructions.

Installation, service, and conversion of these products must be performed by knowledgeable personnel who understand how pneumatic products are to be applied.

After installation, servicing, or conversion, air and electrical supplies (when necessary) should be connected and the product tested for proper function and leakage. If audible leakage is present, or the product does not operate properly, do not put into use.

Warnings and specifications on the product should not be covered by paint, etc.

Polycarbonate bowls should not be located in areas where they could be subjected to direct sunlight, an impact blow, nor temperatures outside of the rated range. As with most plastics, some chemicals can cause damage.

Polycarbonate bowls should not be exposed to chlorinated hydrocarbons, ketones, esters and certain alcohols. They should not be used in air systems where compressors are lubricated with fire-resistant fluids such as phosphate ester and di-ester types. Metal bowls are recommended where ambient and/or media conditions are not compatible with polycarbonate bowls. Metal bowls resist the action of most such solvents, but should not be used where strong acids or bases are present or in salt laden atmospheres.

TO CLEAN POLYCARBONATE BOWLS USE MILD SOAP AND WATER ONLY! DO NOT use cleansing agents such as acetone, benzene, carbon tetrachloride, gasoline, toluene, etc., which are damaging to this plastic.

29.1 Maintenance



Maximum pressure rating is 150 psig (10.3 bar) for transparent plastic bowls, and 250 psig (17.2 bar) for metal bowls. Temperature range is 32°F to 125°F (0°C to 52°C) for transparent plastic bowls, and 32°F to 175°F (0°C to 79.4°C) for metal bowls.

29.1.1 To clean or replace bowl assembly

- a. Depressurize unit.
- b. Remove bowl and bowl guard assembly by turning counter-clockwise.
- c. Inspect bowl daily for damage or deteriorated seals. Replace with original manufacturer's approved seals and bowls.
- d. If bowl becomes dirty, replace it or clean it by wiping the bowl with a soft dry cloth or mild detergent.
- e. Before returning to service, insure that all seals have been reinstalled or replaced.
- f. Reinstall bowl and bowl guard assembly and rotate bowl guard clockwise to securely lock in place. Align arrow on bowl guard with arrow on filter body.

29.1.2 To replace filter element

- a. Depressurize unit.
- b. Remove bowl and bowl guard assembly by turning counter-clockwise.
- c. Unscrew baffle by turning counterclockwise.
- d. Remove filter element and discard.
- e. Install new filter element and reassemble in reverse order. Torque baffle to 8/10 in./lbs (0.90/1.1 N-m).
- f. Before returning to service, insure that all seals have been reinstalled or replaced.
- g. Reinstall bowl and bowl guard assembly and rotate bowl guard clockwise to securely lock in place. Align arrow on bowl guard with arrow on filter body.

Filter element should be replaced when pressure drop across the unit exceeds 10 psi differential pressure.

DRAIN BOWL DAILY to remove liquid, water, oil and solid particulates that have accumulated in the bowl reservoir. To do so, rotate the drain knob to the left one or two turns.

NOTE: In the event the drain knob is over-rotated, it may become disengaged from the drain stem. In such a case, pull down on both the knob and the stem while rotating to the right to re-engage.

30 AUTOMATIC FILTER, TYPE 6.62

30.1 General

The fully automatic back-flushing filter is used to filter fuels and lubricating oils. The candle elements are cleaned automatically by compressed air assisted back-flushing without causing interruptions to the filtration process. One clean candle element is always held in reserve.

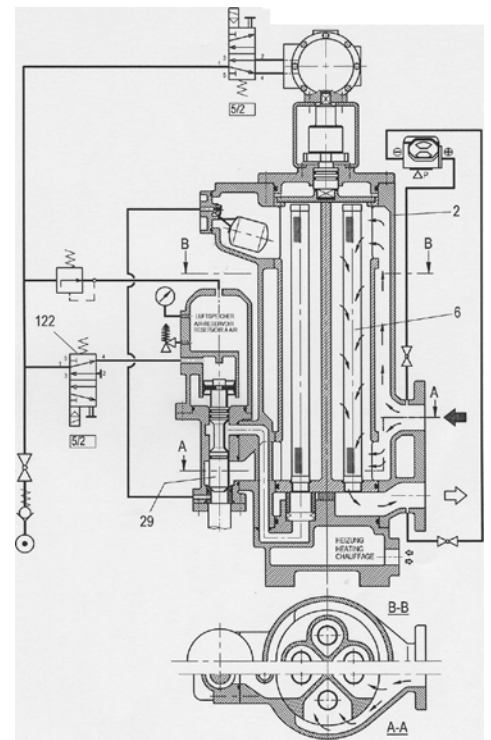
The self-cleaning filter basically consists of housing with inlet and outlet flanges, lower housing with integrated heating chamber (circulation heating), filter element assembly with individual chambers to accommodate the filter candles, pneumatic swivel drive with attached solenoid valve, sludge discharge valve with internal valve tappet and air receiver, air supply with shut-off valve, non-return valve and pressure regulator, flushing valve (solenoid valve) with manual initiation, differential pressure indicator with electrical contact and electric control system in its own switch box separate from the filter.

Filtration Phase

(see drawing Z40130 BL 1)

The medium to be filtered flows through the top inlet flange into the housing (2) and from there through the individual filter chambers to the candle elements (6). The medium flows through the candle elements (6) from the outside to the inside and the contamination in the medium is retained on the filter mesh of the candle elements (6). The cleaned fluid passes to the bottom filter outlet.

In this position the air supply (by means of the solenoid valve [122]) keeps the sludge discharge valve (valve tappet [29]) closed and compressed air is maintained in the air receiver ready for the next back-flushing cycle.



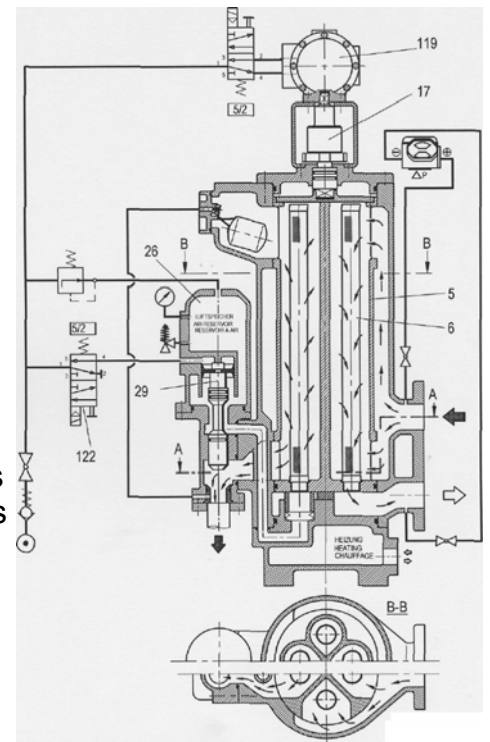
Drawing Z40130 BL 1

Back-Flushing Position

(see drawing Z40130 BL 2)

The contamination retained on the candle elements produces an increasing pressure differential between the filter inlet and outlet. This difference in pressure is indicated optically on the differential pressure indicator when a set value is reached and an electrical contact initiates a back-flushing operation by means of the electric control.

When the back-flushing cycle is initiated, the pneumatic swivel drive is switched over by means of the attached solenoid valve. Several activations of the pneumatic swivel drive (119) cause, by means of a free-wheel, the filter element assembly (5) to turn from the clean candle element (6) held in reserve to the candle element to be cleaned.



Drawing Z40130 BL 2

The activation of the clean candle element results in an immediate reduction in the differential pressure. When the candle element (6) to be cleaned reaches the back-flushing position, the rotary motion is interrupted by the electric control.

The solenoid valve (122) is now switched over electrically; the upper side of the valve tappet (29) is vented. The valve tappet (29) opens the sludge discharge and the shut-off candle element is pressure-relieved.

While the valve tappet (29) is opening, the compressed air passes from the air receiver (26) (only after the pressure has been relieved in the candle element), accelerates the clean fluid in the candle element (6) and presses it in countercurrent through the candle element (6). The pressure drop thus generated flushes the contamination deposited on the candle element (6) out of the filter housing through the open sludge discharge valve.

After a brief blow-out period (flushing time) the solenoid valve (122) is electrically activated, closing the valve tappet (29). At the same time the supply of stored back-flushing air is stopped. The previously back-flushed candle element (6) is now filled by means of the refill bore until the operating pressure has been reached. Only then is the delay of the electric control cancelled for the next back-flushing operation.

30.2 Commissioning

The following requirements must be met for the commissioning of the filter:

1. Clean and dry compressed air for the control system at 4 to 10 bar operating pressure must be available at the open shut-off valve.
2. Switch on the electric control using the "Main Switch" on the switch box. The "Power" lamp and LED operating display light up. (Activation of the main switch initiates a back-flushing cycle).
3. To check the electric control system, a back-flushing cycle should now be performed by activating the "Manual" trip on the switch box.
4. Open the slide valve at the filter outlet. Slowly open the slide valve at the filter inlet (avoiding pipe hammer). Then perform a further back-flushing cycle using the "Manual" trip on the switch box. Once the back-flushing operation is completed, the "Flushing" and the display "SP.1" lamps go off. If these conditions are met, the filter is in the start position and is therefore ready for operation.

After completion of a back-flushing cycle, the next back-flushing operation can only be initiated after a time delay (manually or by means of the differential pressure indicator). This time delay corresponds to the time preset on the time relay or the preselected time "PA.5" in the electronic control. It must be guaranteed that the cleaned filter chamber is filled!

Note Possible time interval calculation for time-dependent back-flushing.
Let the filter run for 24 hours using the differential pressure and establish the number of back-flushing operations (flushing cycle counter or display). Calculate the average flushing interval. Set the flushing interval (shortened by 30%) on the time relay or PA.2.

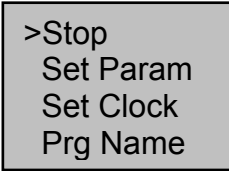
30.3 Control of automatic filter, type 6.62

Selecting parameter assignment mode of A14A1 (LOGO!) controller:

Note in parameter assignment mode, the LOGO! continues execution of the circuit program.

1. Press ▼ as many times as required to get date into the display
2. Press ESC to change from RUN to parameter assignment mode.

LOGO! changes to parameter assignment mode and opens the parameter assignment menu:



>Stop
Set Param
Set Clock
Prg Name

Moving from stop to Prg Name by pressing ▼ or ▲ buttons. Selection by pressing OK. Back by pressing ESC

Description of the four menu items of the parameter assignment menu:

1 Stop is selected to stop the circuit program.

After the program is stopped it can started from the opening menu. From where also the clock and the summer / winter time can be set by selecting Clock.

2 Set Param is selected to change the filter parameters.

Selection by pressing ▼ (cursor moves from Stop to Set Param) and then OK.

Moving from parameter to another by pressing ▼ and ▲ buttons.

Parameters are changed by pressing OK when the parameter to be changed is in display.

Back by pressing ESC.

3 Flush counter reset (example)

```
F CTR
On= 0
Off= 0
Cnt= 21
```

Flush counter value is in parameter Cnt

Press ► (or◀) as many times as required to move the cursor on 2.
Press ▼ 2 times to change 2 to 0. Press ► once to move the cursor
on 1. Press ▼ once to change 1 to 0. Press OK.

4 Sludge pump run time change (sludge pump is an option which may
not be installed).

```
SP RUN T
TH =02:00m
TL =00:00s
Ta =00:00
```

Sludge pump run time value is in parameter TH. 02 means minutes, 00
means seconds.

Press ► (or◀) as many times as required to move the cursor on 02:00.
Press ▼ or ▲ on numbers to change the run time. When the run time is
changed press OK.

30.3.1 Chamber fill up time change.

```
FILL UP
T =06:00m
Ta =06:00m
```

Chamber fill up time is in parameter T 06 means minutes, 00 means
seconds.

Press ► (or◀) as many times as required to move the cursor on 02:00.
Press ▼ or ▲ on numbers to change the fill up time. When the fill up
time is changed press OK.

30.3.2 Flush period change

F PERIOD
T =02:00h

Ta =00:00h

Flush period time value is in parameter T. 02 means hours, 00 means minutes.

Press ► (or◀) as many times as required to move the cursor on 02:00. Press ▼ or ▲ on numbers to change the flush period time. When the flush period is changed press OK.

30.3.3 Flush time change

F TIME
TH =10:00s
TL =10:00s
Ta =00:00

Flush time value is in parameter TH. 10 means seconds, 00 means fractional parts of seconds

Press ► (or◀) as many times as required to move the cursor on 05:00. Press ▼ or ▲ on numbers to change the flush time. When the flush time is changed press OK.

30.3.4 Parameter settings

Parameter	Factory setting	Setting limits which are not to go under or exceed
Sludge pump run time	2 minutes	from 2,0 to 5,0 minutes
Chamber fill up time	6 minutes	from 5,0 to 7,0 minutes
Flush period	2 hours	from 0,5 to 5 hours
Flush time	10 seconds	from 10,0 to 20,0 seconds

30.3.5 Set clock is selected to set time and date.

```
Set Clock
Su 00:00
YYYY-MM-DD
2003-01-01
```

Press ► (or ◀) as many times as required to move the cursor on parameter to be changed. Press ▼ or ▲ to change the parameter (e.g. day). After all parameters are correct, press OK.

Prg Name is not used.

30.4 Maintenance

Even automatic filters require inspection and servicing at regular intervals.

It is to be noted in particular that despite regular back-flushing the filter mesh can become clogged over the course of time, depending on the quality of the medium and the by-pass cleaning available. Contamination on the mesh can be removed by cleaning the candle elements manually using an appropriate solvent. An increase in the clogging on the mesh can be inferred from progressively shorter intervals between back-flushing cycles.

The number of back-flushing cycles can be seen on the "Flushing Cycle Counter" or on the display on the switch box.

To maintain trouble-free operation, the following points are to be noted:

- a) All connections are to be regularly checked for leaks.
- b) Candle elements are to be dismantled and inspected initially after 500 flushing cycles, then after 5,000 and later every 10,000 flushing cycles. If, however, a sharp reduction in the intervals between back-flushing cycles should occur, inspection and cleaning should be carried out sooner. If the intervals between the back-flushing cycles suddenly become longer, all the candle elements must be inspected for damage without fail.
- c) Check the sludge discharge for leaks every 10,000 flushing cycles! No medium should run from the end of the sludge discharge line during the filtration phase (except during the flushing cycle).



Before the filter element assembly (5) with the candle elements (6) is dismantled, the automatic filter must be drained by automatic back-flushing. "Manual" activation on the switch box.

Note: The candles are subjected to wear through reciprocal loading. It is therefore recommended that a complete set of candle elements be kept in stock.

It is expedient to renew all seals when overhauling the filter.

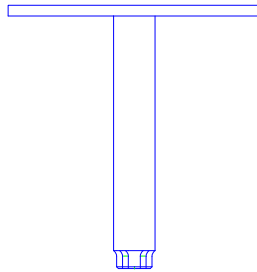
30.4.1 Servicing Tools

The following special tools are supplied for servicing the filter:

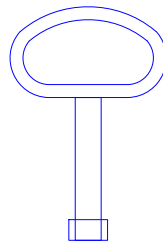
Special key with SW 10 or 14 for dismantling the filter chamber.



Special key for unscrewing the candle elements from the candle holder.



Key for opening the switch box and hand crank for operation during a power failure.



30.4.2 Candle Element Cleaning Agent "BOLL CLEAN 2000"

The choice of cleaning medium depends on the type of the contamination. With fuels precipitation of paraffin and asphalt or with lubricating oils mixing of different types of oil can form solid encrustations on the mesh. Effective cleaning of fine meshes is achieved by soaking in "BOLL CLEAN 2000" followed by blasting with compressed air using a cleaning gun.

Product description

BOLL CLEAN 2000 is a fluid cleaning and degreasing agent with a wide range of application. It can be used for practically all cleaning and degreasing purposes. BOLL CLEAN 2000 cleans rapidly, thoroughly and extremely economically. Use of BOLL CLEAN 2000 renders safety precautions superfluous. BOLL CLEAN 2000 has these outstanding characteristics without exhibiting the disadvantages of solvent cleaners.

- BOLL CLEAN 2000 is non-flammable
- does not require special marking
- does not have an irritating odour
- is not caustic
- is physiologically unobjectionable
- is biologically degradable
- is registered with the Federal Office
for the Environment, Reg.-No. 04860019

BOLL CLEAN 2000 can be under cooled or overheated during storage but remains fully usable when returned to normal temperature.

30.4.2.1 Mesh contaminated with heavy oil

Elements contaminated with heavy oil must be soaked in a standard commercial solvent. After soaking the elements are cleaned in the BOLL & KIRCH Type 5.04 Cleaning Device using BOLL CLEAN 2000 and high pressure pump.

30.4.2.2 Instruction for use

Use of BOLL CLEAN 2000 is not restricted to a particular method of cleaning. Depending on the operating conditions, BOLL CLEAN 2000 can be used in a dip bath, in a spraying plant, in steam jetting or in manual application using a cloth, brush or sponge. It can be used warm or cold. BOLL CLEAN 2000 is miscible with water - even seawater. Concentration for mesh cleaning: 1 : 2,5. Temperature: up to a maximum of 60 °C. The concentration depends on the type and thickness of the adhesive substance to be removed. When used in concentration below 1:30 rinsing is usually not required. No visible film remains on the surface.

Manual Cleaning of the Candle Elements

Observe drawing Z40357



Before the filter element assembly (5) with the candle elements (6) is dismantled, the automatic filter must be drained by automatic back-flushing. "Manual" activation on the switch box.

The filter elements are to be dismantled as described below:

Remove the cheese head screws (76). Then pull the entire upper assembly - cover (3), limit switch (128), drive attachment (4) with pneumatic swivel drive (119) including solenoid valve (121) - up and out of the housing (2). Now pull the filter element assembly (5) with the candle elements (6) up and out of the housing (2).

Then soak the filter element assembly, with the candle element openings facing down, in a suitable tank filled with solvent. Detached contaminants can then sink downwards out of the candle.

The soaking time and relevant solvents are:

- a) In the cold cleaner BOLL CLEAN 2000, the maximum soaking time is 24 hours.
- b) In Filterclean (Vecom), the maximum soaking time is 12 hours.
- c) In Reiniger B85 (Vecom), the maximum soaking time is 12 hours.
- d) In gas oil, the maximum soaking time is 48 hours.

After soaking, remove the entire filter element assembly from the tank and place it on a suitable stand (e.g. perforated sheet metal) with the candle element openings facing down and allow the solvent to drain.

Now, with the cleaning gun supplied, blow compressed air through the candles from the inside to the outside.

After this procedure the entire filter element assembly must be immersed again in fresh cleaner, with the candle element openings facing down, and rinsed through with an up and down motion.



This washing procedure described in Section "Manual Cleaning of the Candle Elements" may only be carried out in a separate tank using clean solvent. The solvent can then be used again for the next soaking operation.

Allow the filter element assembly to drain again and dry it by blowing compressed air through it from the inside to the outside. The manual cleaning procedure described here has produced adequate results (approx. 60% clean) in similar applications.

Almost 100% manual cleaning is only possible, using the type 5.04 high-pressure cleaning unit with BOLL CLEAN 2000. See the separate description "Filter Cleaning Unit Type 5.04".

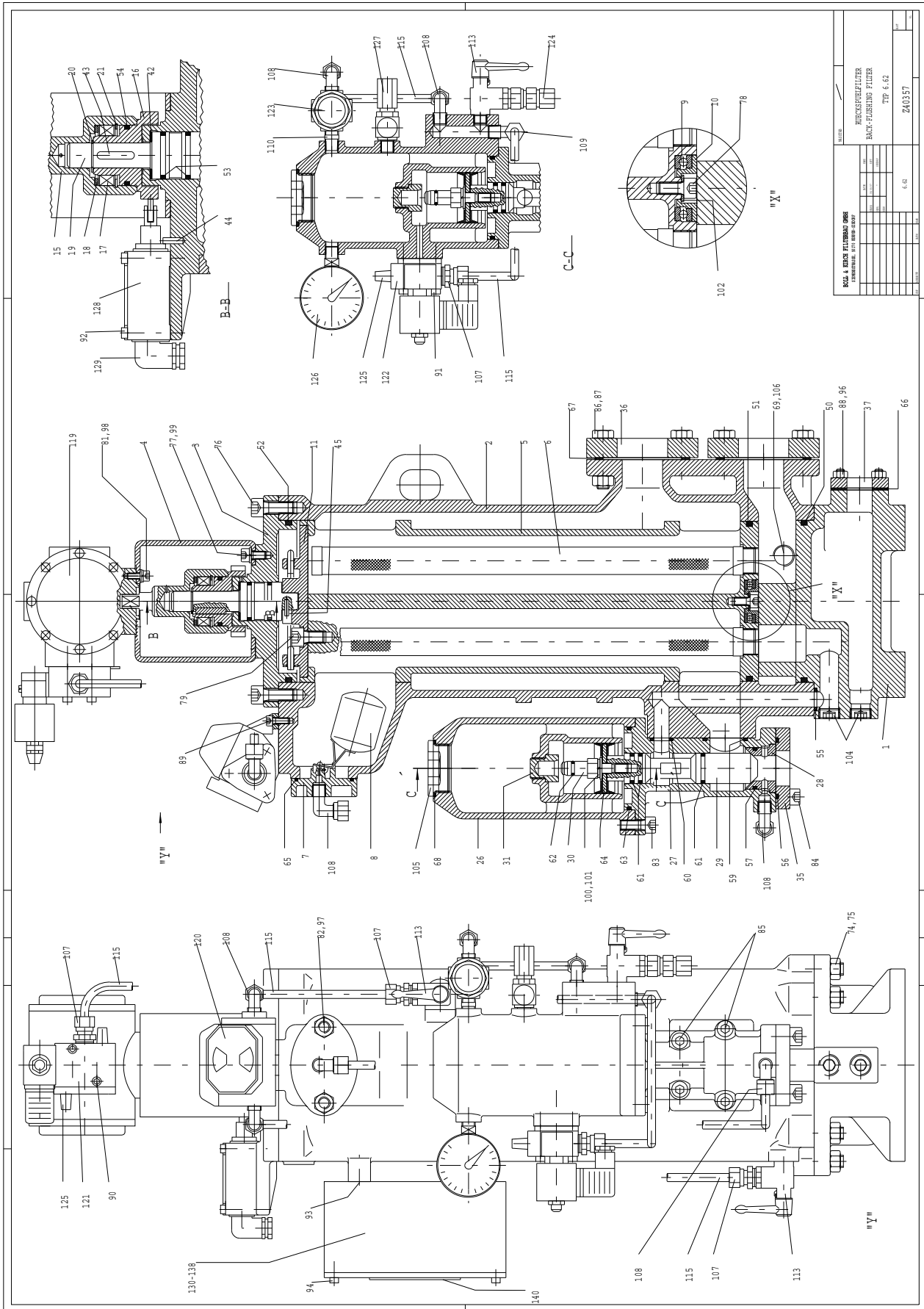
30.4.3 Maintenance instructions (bypass filter)



Take the bypass filter out of operation before carrying out maintenance work on it!

To remove the screen insert, proceed as follows:

1. Slacken venting screw (item 332) of the cover retaining arrangement and in this way check that the filter housing is not pressurised.
2. Unscrew the venting screw until the cover panel (item 335) over the concealed cover screws (item 323) can be swivelled.
3. Remove cover (item 306) after slackening the cover screws and pull screen insert out of the filter housing.
4. Clean screen insert with suitable solvents (see KV349) and then blow through with compressed air from the inside to the outside.
5. Check seals and replace any damaged seals.
6. Assemble filter in reverse order.



30.5 Spare parts

30.5.1 Type 6.62.1

Document id 40112, 16.2.2004

pos	id	part	qty
0001	6139924	housing lower part	1
0002	6139920	housing	1
0003	6130313	cover	1
0004	5700318	distance pice	1
0005	6139930	filter candle support	1
0006		filter element	4
0007	5906594	cover	1
0007	5218298	nozzle pos.	1
0007	6712641	bow	1
0007	2000266	slotted chesse head	2
0008	2610023	float	1
0008	2611123	pin	1
0008	3530032	double nipple	1
0009	2708947	taper rolling bearing	1
0010	5000292	bushing	1
0011	5130371	filter candle cover	1
0011	2300374	bow	1
0011	2300601	quick fixing device	1
0015	6100317	carrier	1
0016	5100316	control disc	1
0017	2706240	free wheel	1
0018	2206988	disc	1
0019	5004718	driveshaft	1
0020	2206959	retaining ring for s	1
0021	2201003	locking ring	1
0026	6130344	air reservoir	1
0027	6139926	housing	1
0028	5001563	valve seat	1
0029	5000353	valve ram	1
0030	5100355	piston screw	1
0031	5100356	bushing	1
0035	5702156	counter flange	1
0036	2800063	square counter flange	2
0037	5004049	flange	1
0042	2202238	disc	1
0043	2401000	keys	1
0044	2300016	spring type straight	1
0045	2300016	spring type straight	1
0046	2310039	spring type straight	1
0050	3030180	gasket	1
0051	3030729	gasket	1
0052	3030180	gasket	1
0053	3090218	gasket	2
0054	3048235	gasket	1
0055	3098361	gasket	1
0056	3030063	gasket	1
0057	3040158	gasket	1
0059	3031077	gasket	1
0060	3098361	gasket	1
0061	3094563	gasket	3

0062	3031047	gasket	1
0063	3038188	o-ring	1
0064	2785451	piston	1
0065	3132369	gasket	1
0066	3384063	gasket	1
0067	3380001	gasket	2
0068	3270008	seal	1
0069	3270004	gasket	1
0074	2100011	hexagon nut	6
0075	2000482	stud bolt	6
0076	2000155	hexagon socket head	6
0077	2000131	hexagon socket head	4
0078	2000122	hexagon socket head	1
0079	2000153	hexagon socket head	4
0081	2000122	hexagon socket head	4
0082	2100006	hexagon nut	2
0083	2000143	slotte chesse head	4
0084	2000144	hexagon socket head	4
0085	2000147	hexagon socket head	4
0087	2100006	hexagon nut	8
0088	2000001	stud	6
0089	2000122	hexagon socket head	2
0090	2002155	hexagon socket	2
0091	2002155	hexagon socket head	2
0092	2000967	hexagon socket head	2
0093	2000122	hexagon socket head	4
0094	2000261	slotted cheese head	2
0096	2100004	hexagon nut	6
0097	2000004	stud bolt	2
0098	2209799	despring ring	4
0099	2200235	spring ring	4
0100	2201574	spring ring	1
0101	2200007	washer	1
0102	2209021	disc	1
0104	2000205	hexagon head screw p	2
0105	2001772	hexagon head screw p	1
0106	2000189	hexagon head pipe pl	1
0107	2500024	screwing	4
0108	2500025	screwing	6
0109	2505496	screwing	1
0110	2564886	spacer block	2
0112	2560356	angle ball cock	1
0113	2560063	angle ball cock	2
0115	0600642	6.62 dn 40, z40642 tube	1
0119	4503501	double piston part t	1
0120	0550001	36.2 p = 0.8 dda 09322 08 pressure different contact indicator	1
0121	2656655	5/2-ventil valve	1
0121	4206553	coil	1
0121	4105912	receptacle	1
0122	2656655	5/2-ventil valve	1
0122	4206553	coil	1
0122	4105912	receptacle	1
0123	2650017	high pressure control	1
0124	2608775	non return valve	1
0125	2614171	sound absorber	2
0126	2600044	manometer	1
0127	2660005	safety valve	1
0128	4200057	limit switch	1
0129	4102567	screwing	1
0130	5950197	connector box	1

0131	8450198	cover	1
0132	3380199	gasket	1
0134	4105616	binder	10
0134	4105617	binder	4
0134	4100015	distance plate	3
0136	2000258	slotted cheese head	2
0137	4105801	assembly rail	1
0138	4100101	cable gland	6
0138	4100103	cable screwing	1
0140	9401690	wn26 name plate	1
0141	9407569	label"out"	1
0141	9400997	label"in"	1
0141	9407396	label " mud dra	1
0141	9402898	label air release	1
0141	9403614	label "compressed air"	1
0145	6705032	key for unscrewing T	1
0150		steuerung n.auftrag/	1
0160	5065912	flushing guide plate	1
0162	5003207	pressure piece	1
0165	2708946	deep groove ball thr	1
0167	3030060	gasket	1
0168	2310110	spring	1
0169	2000123	hexagon socket head	1
0180	3636624	gasket set	1
0300	6235819	housing	1
0301	6329196	cock	1
0303	6406236	cover	1
0304	8650098	reversing handle	1
0305	6436188	by-pass. housing	1
0306	6432960	cover	1
0307	6532077	heating chamber	1
0308	1174632	filter element	1
0310	3031222	gasket	1
0311	3034299	gasket	1
0313	3421241	gasket	1
0314	3031525	gasket	2
0315	3270002	gasket	1
0317	3380001	gasket	4
0318	3380049	gasket	1
0320	2307145	fixing device	1
0322	2000156	hexagon socket head	2
0323	2000143	slotted chesse head	6
0325	2000004	stud bolt	16
0326	2000004	stud bolt	8
0327	2000001	stiftschraube stud	4
0328	2004354	gewindestift set screw	2
0330	2100006	hexagon nut	16
0331	2100004	hexagon nut	4
0332	5204517	bolt	1
0333	2000207	hexagon head screw p	1
0334	5000011	counter flange	1
0335	6706685	locking plate	1
0336	3039056	gasket	1
0337	9401114	label	1
0338	9400220	label "information F"	1
0340	5700232	bottom fastening	1
0341	2000143	slotted chesse head	2
0342	2200007	washer	2
0350	0550001	4.36.2 p = 0.8 dda 09322 08 pressure different. contact indicator 1	
0351	2000121	hexagon socket head	2

0352	2000123	hexagon socket head	2
0353	2100003	hexagon nut	2
0354	5700108	plate	1
0355	2500008	angle	2
0356	2500025	screwing	2
0357	2500083	nipple	2
0358	2560770	ball valve	2
0359	2500024	screwing	2

30.5.2 Type 6.62

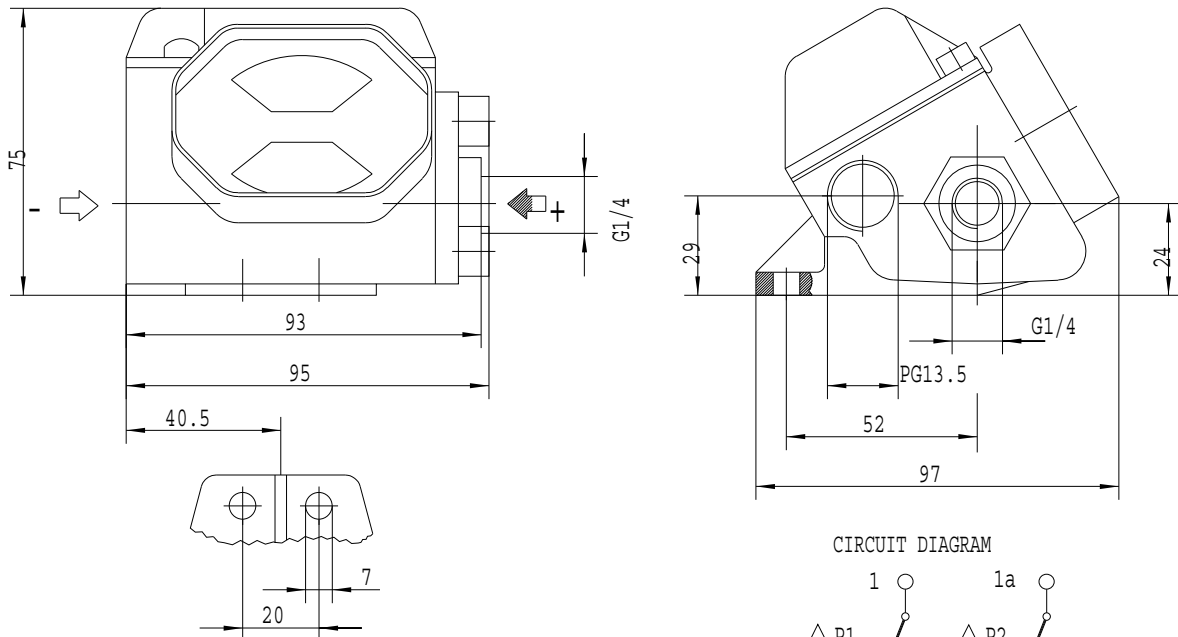
Document 0637865, 3.12.2004

pos	id	part	qty
00001	6139924	housing lower part	1
00002	6139920	housing	1
00003	6130313	cover	1
00004	5700318	distance piece	1
00005	6139930	sieve body	1
00006	1104422	filter candle according to order	4
00007	5906594	cover	1
00007	5218298	nozzle	1
00007	6712641	bow	1
00007	2000266	slotted cheese head screw	2
00008	2610023	float	1
00008	2611123	pin	1
00008	3530032	threaded pipe fitting	1
00009	2708947	deep groove ball bearing	1
00010	5000292	bushing	1
00011	5130371	cover disc	1
00011	2300374	bow	1
00011	2300601	quick fixing device	1
00015	6100317	carrier	1
00016	5100316	control disc	1
00017	2706240	freewheel	1
00018	2206988	supporting disc	1
00019	5004718	drive shaft	1
00020	2206959	locking ring	1
00021	2201003	locking ring	1
00026	6130344	air reservoir	1
00027	6139926	housing mud drain	1
00028	5001563	valve face	1
00029	5000353	valve ram	1
00030	5100355	piston screw	1
00031	5100356	damper bushing	1
00035	5702156	square counter flange	1
00036	2800063	square counter flange	2
00037	5004049	flange heating	1
00043	2401000	feather key	1
00044	2300016	Spring Type Straight Pin	1
00045	2300016	Spring Type Straight Pin	1
00046	2310039	Spring Type Straight Pin	1
00050	3030180	o-ring	1
00051	3030729	o-ring	1
00052	3030180	o-ring	1
00053	3090218	o-ring	2
00054	3048235	o-ring	1
00055	3098361	o-ring	1

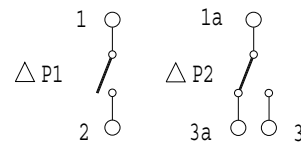
00056	3030063	o-ring	1
00057	3040158	o-ring	1
00059	3031077	o-ring	1
00060	3098361	o-ring	1
00061	3094563	o-ring	3
00062	3031047	o-ring	1
00063	3038188	o-ring	1
00064	2785451	seal piston	1
00065	3132369	o-ring	1
00066	3384063	flat gasket heating	1
00067	3380001	high pressure gasket	2
00068	3270008	gasket	1
00069	3270004	gasket	1
00074	2100011	hexagon nut	6
00075	2000482	stud bolt	6
00076	2000155	hexagon socket head cap screw	6
00077	2000131	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00078	2000122	hexagon socket head cap screw	1
00079	2000153	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00081	2000122	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00082	2100006	hexagon nut	2
00083	2000143	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00084	2000144	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00085	2000147	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00086	2000035	hexagon screw	8
00087	2100006	hexagon nut	8
00088	2000001	stud bolt	6
00089	2000122	hexagon socket head cap screw	2
00090	2002155	hexagon socket head cap screw	2
00091	2002155	hexagon socket head cap screw	2
00092	2000967	hexagon socket head cap screw	2
00093	2000122	hexagon socket head cap screw	4
00094	2000261	slotted cheese head screw	2
00096	2100004	hexagon nut	6
00097	2000004	stud bolt	2
00098	2209799	spring ring	4
00099	2200235	spring ring	4
00100	2201574	spring ring	1
00101	2200007	disc	1
00102	2209021	disc	1
00104	2000205	screwed sealing plug	2
00105	2001772	screwed sealing plug	1
00106	2000189	screwed sealing plug	1
00107	2500024	screwing	4
00108	2500025	screwing	6
00109	2505496	screwing	1
00110	2564886	removable double nibble	2
00112	2560356	angle ball valve	1
00113	2560063	angle ball valve	2
00115	0600642	tubing set	1
00116	2500025	screwing	1
00119	4503501	double piston slewing gear	1
00120	9902572	differential pressure indicator ace. t	1
00121	4105912	connector plug	1
00121	2656655	solenoid valve	1
00121	4206553	coil	1
00122	2656655	solenoid valve	1
00122	4206553	coil	1
00122	4105912	connector plug	1
00123	2650017	high pressure control device	1

00124	2608775	non return valve	1
00125	2614171	sound absorber	2
00126	2600044	pressure gauge	1
00127	2660005	safety valve	1
00128	4200062	limit switch	1
00129	4160351	angle cable screwing	1
00129	4160349	reducing ring	1
00130	5950197	connection box	1
00131	8450198	cover for connection box	1
00132	3380199	flat gasket	1
00134	4105616	clamp	10
00134	4105617	clamp	4
00134	4100015	distance plate	3
00136	2000258	slotted cheese head screw	2
00137	4105801	mounting rail	1
00138	4100085	cable gland	6
00138	4100086	cable gland	1
00140	9401690	type plate	1
00141	9407569	label: "in / out"	1
00141	9400997	label: "on / off"	1
00141	9407396	label: "mud drain"	1
00141	9402898	label	1
00141	9403614	label: "compressed air connection"	1
00145	6705032	key for unscrewing the filter element	1
00150	4300000	control box according to order	1
00160	5065912	flushing bush	1
00162	5003207	thrust piece	1
00165	2708946	deep groove ball bearing	1
00167	3030060	o-ring	1
00168	2310110	shaft spring	1
00169	2000123	hexagon socket head cap screw	1

TYP4.36.2
06.01.98



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATION:
PROTECTION CLASS: IP 65

ELECTR. DATA: SWITCHING VOLTAGE V= MAX.= 250 220[~]
FREQUENCY HZ MAX.= 0-60 0-60
SWITCHING CURRENT A MAX.= 1 0.8
MAKING AND/OR BREAKING CAPACITY
W/VA MAX.= 60/60 40/60

MATERIAL : GD - ALUMINIUM
RATING : MAX. PRESSURE 100 BAR
MAX. TEMPERATURE 150°C

RANGES OF PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL : DELTA P = 0 - 0.5 BAR
0 - 0.8 BAR TO BE SPECIFIED
0 - 1.2 BAR WHEN ORDERING
0 - 2.0 BAR
0 - 3.0 BAR

DESCRIPTION:

THE PURPOSE OF THIS DEVICE IS THE MEASUREMENT, AND VISUAL INDICATION OF THE DIFFERENCE IN PRESSURE BETWEEN TWO POINTS, AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN ELECTRICAL CONTACT WHEN THE PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL ATTAINS A SPECIFIED FIGURE.

METHOD OF OPERATION:

A PLUNGER SEALED BY A DIAPHRAGM SEPARATES THE SPACE UNDER PRESSURE INTO TWO CHAMBERS. A PRE-LOADED SPRING CAUSES THE PLUNGER TO TAKE UP ITS ZERO POSITION WHEN THE PRESSURE DIFFERENCE DELTA P IS ZERO. AS THE PRESSURE DIFFERENCE INCREASES (DELTA P > 0), THE PLUNGER IS FORCED TO MOVE AGAINST THE SPRING. AT THE SAME TIME, AN INDICATOR DISC IS MOVED MAGNETICALLY, AND THEREFORE VIRTUALLY WITHOUT FRICTION, AND THE TWO REED CONTACTS ARE ACTUATED.

THE RED SEGMENT OF THE INDICATOR DISC IS VISIBLE OVER A PRESSURE RANGE EQUAL TO 20-100% DELTA P. THE FIRST REED CONTACT IS ACTUATED AT 75% DELTA P, AND THE SECOND AT 100% DELTA P.

DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE CONTACT INDICATOR

3

B

A

GEKLEBT
CEMENTED
COLLE

11

7

10

BEI BESTELLUNG ANGEBEN
TO BE MENTIONED IN CASE OF ORDER
À MENTIONNER LORS DE LA COMMANDE

AUFTR. NR. :
ORDER NO.
NO DE COMMANDE

TYP 4.36.2

11 ROLLMEMBRAN DIAPHRAGM DIAFRAGME
10 FEDER SPRING RESSORT
7 KOLBEN PISTON PISTON
3 DICHTUNG GASKET JOINT
POS. NR. BEZEICHNUNG DESIGNATION

ERSATZTEILZEICHNUNG ZUM TYP 4.36.2 UND 4.46.2
SPART PARTS DRAWING PLAN DES PIÉCES DE RECHANGE

11.02.94

BOLL & KIRCH FILTERBAU GMBH
SIEMENSSTRASSE, 50170 KERPEN-INDORF

Z21434

31 PRESSURE VESSELS

To ensure faultless operation, check regularly the operation of the pressure relief valve and any other safety devices visually. If a safety device is found damaged it must be replaced. The internal and external condition of the vessel is inspected.

NOTE: The manufacturer of the vessel shall be contacted if it is established that the vessel has been deformed, damaged, corroded, or if its surface coating is torn. Repair measures must be agreed with the manufacturer of the pressure equipment.

NOTE: The decisions of the local pressure equipment authorities in the target country apply for any possible repair and modification work.



1. To avoid damaging the pressure vessel, do not exceed the maximum allowed operating pressure which is shown on the vessel's nameplate. Use the relief valve.
2. Do not exceed the maximum allowed operating temperature which is shown on the pressure vessel's nameplate. As the temperature rises, the pressure rises too. Use the relief valve.
3. Do not touch the surface of the vessel when its internal temperature exceeds 60 °C. The vessel surface is burning hot. Be careful with the hot contents.

A commissioning inspection, i.e. the first periodic service, is performed for pressure vessels which are to be registered. The first periodic inspection is performed by the notified body and the owner or the holder is obliged to apply to the notified body for the performance of the inspection.

32 HOW TO ORDER SPARE PARTS

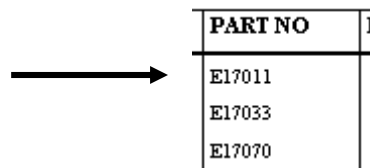
Identification of needed part

When ordering spare parts, please mention the following:

- 1 Serial number of the unit
(welded on the bottom beam of the unit frame)



- 2 Part number from the part list



PART NO	
E17011	
E17033	
E17070	

- 3 Serial number of the part to be replaced
(mentioned in the rating plate of the part)



Ordering address:

Auramarine Ltd., After Sales Dept., P.O. Box 849, FIN-20101 TURKU
Fax +358 204 86 5031
Tel +358 204 86 5030

In case of guarantee part(s), please return the damaged part(s) to the above mentioned address.